

the Bureau, including grants liaison functions; (2) supports training and TA for grant recipients through the AIDS Education and Training Centers (AETCs), TA contracts, and other TA initiatives; (3) streamlines communications, clearance activities, and development of consistent, quality presentations; (4) improves the Bureau's external facing communication efforts; (5) facilitates transparency in sharing the Bureau's data using internal and external resources; (6) coordinates the development and distribution of all Bureau communication activities, materials, and products internally and externally; (7) supports fiscal oversight and TA to grant recipients; (8) serves as the Bureau's primary liaison with the HRSA Office of Federal Assistance Management (OFAM); (9) provides statutory and programmatic coordination, guidance, and expertise on grants and fiscal compliance to funded programs and Bureau staff; (10) identifies and develops resources to sustain statutory, programmatic and fiscal compliance of funded programs; (11) coordinates with OFAM for grants processes; (12) coordinates with OFAM for fiscal oversight and compliance; (13) coordinates grant recipient site visits and site specific consultations; (14) supports grant recipients in meeting project goals and deliverables related to fiscal compliance and grants policy; (15) develops grant recipients training and TA plans related to fiscal compliance and grants policy; (16) leads distance learning opportunities; and (17) is responsible for activities associated with the planning, development, implementation, evaluation, and coordination of the HIV/AIDS Education and Training Center Program.

Section RV.30 Delegation of Authority

All delegations of authority and re-delegations of authority made to officials and employees of affected organizational components will continue in them or their successors pending further redelegation, if allowed, provided they are consistent with this reorganization.

This reorganization is effective upon date of signature.

(Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3101).

Carole Johnson,
Administrator.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Statement of Organization, Functions and Delegations of Authority

AGENCY: Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the establishment of the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response.

DATES: This reorganization was approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services on January 27, 2023, and became effective on February 11, 2023.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Part A, Office of the Secretary, Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is being amended at Chapter AN, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR), as last amended at 79 FR 70.535 (Nov. 26, 2014), 78 FR 25277 (April 30, 2013), 78 FR 7784 (Feb. 4, 2013), 75 FR 35.035 (June 21, 2010) to realign the functions of ASPR to reflect the changes mandated by the 21st Century Cures Act and the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness and Advancing Innovation Act to address ever-increasing manmade and naturally occurring threats which degrade public health, access to healthcare, access to emergency medical services and national security. The changes are as follows.

I. Under AN.10 Organization, delete all the components and replace with the following:

- A. Immediate Office of the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response (SN)
- B. Office of the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Strategic Preparedness and Response (SN)
- C. Office of Administration (SNA)
- D. Office of Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (SNB)
- E. Office of HHS Coordination Operations and Response Element (H-CORE) (SNH)
- F. Office of Industrial Base Management and Supply Chain (SNI)
- G. Office of Preparedness (SNP)
- H. Office of Response (SNR)
- I. Office of Strategic National Stockpile (SNS)

II. Delete AN.20 Functions, in its entirety and replace with the following:

Section AR.20 Functions

A. Immediate Office of the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response

The Immediate Office of the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response (IO/ASPR) is headed by the Assistant Secretary, who provides leadership and executive and strategic direction for the ASPR organization. The Assistant Secretary is the principal advisor to the Secretary on all matters related to Federal public health and medical preparedness and response for public health emergencies. The Assistant Secretary is responsible for carrying out ASPR's mission and implementing the functions of ASPR. The IO/ASPR (1) ensures development and maintenance of liaison relationships with HHS operating and staff divisions and represents HHS at interagency meetings, as required; (2) oversees advanced research, development and procurement of qualified countermeasures, security countermeasures and qualified pandemic or epidemic products; (3) coordinates with relevant federal officials to ensure integration of public health policy and federal preparedness and response activities for public health emergencies; (4) coordinates the strategic and operational activities for public health preparedness response and recovery; and (5) establishes and maintains effective communications and outreach guidance and support for all external communications, including legislative and executive branch questions and inquiries, and serves as the principal advisor to the ASPR on all legislative strategies to fulfill the Office of the ASPR and the HHS mission under section 2811 and other relevant sections of the Public Health Service Act, as amended.

The Immediate Office of the Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response is headed by the Assistant Secretary (SN), and includes the following components:

- Office of External Affairs (SN1)
- Office of Legislative Affairs (SN2)
- Office of Public Affairs (SN3)

B. Office of the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Strategic Preparedness and Response (SN)

The Office of the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary (OPDAS) is responsible for providing a well-integrated infrastructure that supports the Department's capabilities to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from public health and medical threats and emergencies. The PDAS also serves as the Chief Operating Officer for ASPR.

The PDAS provides guidance and support to all elements within the ASPR on behalf of the Assistant Secretary. The PDAS is responsible for the execution of business management operations, including the management of correspondence control for the Assistant Secretary. The PDAS also manages coordination among HHS entities and external federal agencies in support of ASPR missions.

The Office of the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary is headed by the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary (SN), and includes the following components:

- Office of Strategy, Policy, and Requirements (SN4)
- Executive Secretariat (SN5)

C. Office of Administration (SNA)

The Office of Administration provides the administrative support services necessary to maintain day-to-day operations of ASPR, including functions of human resources, United States Public Health Service (USPHS) liaison, acquisitions management to include policy and operational contracting, grants management, information technology, facilities and all financial planning and analysis. The Office of Administration is headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Head of Contracting Activity (HCA) (SNA1)
- Office of Finance (SNA2)
- Office of Human Capital (SNA3)
- Office of Information Technology (SNA4)

D. Office of Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (SNB)

The Office of Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA), established in April 2007 in response to the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Act of 2006, serves preparedness and response roles to provide medical countermeasures (MCM) in order to mitigate the medical consequences of chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) threats and agents and emerging infectious diseases, including pandemic influenza. BARDA executes this mission by facilitating research, development, innovation, and acquisition of MCM and expanding domestic manufacturing infrastructure and surge capacity of these MCM. BARDA is headed by a Director, who is also referred to as a Deputy Assistant Secretary, and includes the following components:

- Office of Medical Countermeasures Program Support Services (SNB2)

- Office of Medical Countermeasures Program (SNB3)

E. Office of HHS Coordination, Operations and Response Element (SNH)

In 2022, the Secretary of HHS transitioned the DOD–HHS partnership that was formerly called Operation Warp Speed into ASPR as the HHS Coordination and Operations Response Element or H–CORE. Moving H–CORE fully into ASPR gives ASPR sole responsibility for the development, manufacture, and distribution of the nation's COVID–19 vaccines and therapeutics.

H–CORE works in partnership with other entities across ASPR, such as, the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority (BARDA), the Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) and other HHS and Interagency partners, to deliver COVID–19 countermeasures to the American public while solidifying enhanced capability to respond to future public-health threats.

The Office of HHS Coordination, Operations and Response Element is headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Plans (SNH1)
- Office of Analytics (SNH2)
- Office of Security and Assurance (SNH3)
- Office of Supply, Production, and Distribution (SNH4)
- Office of Vaccine Development Coordination (SNH5)
- Office of Therapeutics Development Coordination (SNH6)

F. Office of Industrial Base Management and Supply Chain (SNI)

The Office of Industrial Base Management and Supply Chain seeks to build permanent Industrial Base Expansion (IBx) capabilities, inclusive of global supply chain situational awareness, market capabilities, and rapid acquisition execution, to reinforce ASPR as the authority to coordinate the activities related to medical industrial base expansion and sustainment through the use of Defense Production Act and Emergency Support Function (ESF) 8 authorities. Efforts under Presidential Executive Orders have already galvanized a large part of the interagency to fully implement HHS and national strategies. HHS is expanding the Public Health Industrial Base and developing innovative solutions to address critical deficiencies in the public health supply chain by working across the U.S. Government and with academia and the private sector.

The Office of Industrial Base Management and Supply Chain is

headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Personal Protective Equipment and Durable Medical Equipment (SNI1)
- Office Testing and Diagnostics (SNI2)
- Office of Advanced Manufacturing Technologies (SNI3)
- Office of Supply Chain Optimization (SNI4)
- Office of Defense Production Act and Emergency Response Authorities (SNI5)

G. Office of Preparedness (SNP)

The Office of Preparedness is responsible for policy development, planning, analysis, requirements, and strategic planning. This Office also manages and operates the HHS Secretary's Operation Center (SOC), intelligence, security, information management and analysis, and is also responsible for the HHS Continuity of Operations (COOP) and the development of the ASPR COOP Plan.

The Office of Preparedness is headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Security and Intelligence (SNP1)
- Office of Information Management Data and Analytics (SNP2)
- Office of Critical Infrastructure Protection (SNP3)
- Office of Health Care Readiness (SNP4)
- Office of Medical Reserve Corps (SNP5)
- Office of Planning and Exercises (SNP6)
- Office of Continuity (SNP7)
- Office of Secretary's Operations Center (SNP8)

H. Office of Response (SNR)

The Office of Response oversees activities required to coordinate public health and healthcare response systems and activities with relevant federal, state, tribal, territorial, local, and international communities under the National Response Framework and Emergency Support Annexes #8, #6 and #14. This Office also provides oversight and guidance to the National Disaster Medical System and provides an important liaison function to other agencies engaged in federal response activities.

The Office of Response is headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Regional Response (SNR1)
- Office of Response Logistics (SNR2)
- Office of National Disaster Medical System (SNR3)
- Office of Community Mitigation and Recovery (SNR4)

I. Office of the Strategic National Stockpile (SNS)

The Strategic National Stockpile (SNS) is part of the federal medical response infrastructure and can supplement medical countermeasures needed by states, tribal nations, territories, and the largest metropolitan areas during public health emergencies. The supplies, medicines, and devices for lifesaving care contained in the stockpile can be used as a short-term, stopgap buffer when the immediate supply of these materials may not be available or sufficient. The SNS team works every day to prepare and respond to emergencies, support state and local preparedness activities, and ensure availability of critical medical assets to protect the health of Americans.

The Office of the Strategic National Stockpile is headed by a Deputy Assistant Secretary and includes the following components:

- Office of Management and Business Operations (SNS1)
- Office of Logistics (SNS2)
- Office of State Tribal Local and Territories Preparedness (SNS3)
- Office of National Readiness and Response (SNS4)
- Office of Supply Chain Alliance and Development (SNS5)
- Office of Science (SNS6)

III. *Delegations of Authority:* All delegations and redelegations of authority made to officials and employees of affected organizational components will continue in them or their successors pending further redelegation, provided they are consistent with this reorganization.

Xavier Becerra,

Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Indian Health Service

Zero Suicide Initiative Coordinating Center

Announcement Type: New.

Funding Announcement Number: HHS-2023-IHS-ZSICC-0001.

Assistance Listing (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance or CFDA) Number: 93.654.

Key Dates

Application Deadline Date: April 17, 2023.

Earliest Anticipated Start Date: May 17, 2023.

I. Funding Opportunity Description

Statutory Authority

The Indian Health Service (IHS) is accepting applications for cooperative agreement for the IHS Zero Suicide Initiative Coordinating Center (ZSICC). This program is authorized under the Snyder Act, 25 U.S.C. 13; the Transfer Act, 42 U.S.C. 2001(a); the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, 25 U.S.C. 1665a; the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022, Public Law 117-103, 136 Stat. 49, 398 (2022), and subsequent appropriation acts. This program is described in the Assistance Listings located at <https://sam.gov/content/home> (formerly known as the CFDA) under 93.654.

Background

Since 1999, suicide rates within the United States (U.S.) have been steadily increasing.¹ On March 2, 2018, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Morbidity and Mortality Weekly report released a data report, "Suicides Among American Indian/Alaska Natives National Violent Death Reporting System, 18 States, 2003 to 2014," which highlights American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) people having the highest rates of suicide of any racial/ethnic group in the U.S. Suicide rates for AI/AN adolescents and young adult ages 15 to 34 (19.1/100,000) were 1.3 times that of the national average for that age group (14/100,000).² In June 2019, the National Center for Health Statistics, Health E-Stat reported in "Suicide Rates for Females and Males by Race and Ethnicity: United States, 1999 and 2017," that suicide rates increased for all race and ethnicity groups but the largest increase occurred for AI/AN females (139 percent from 4.6 to 11.0 per 100,000). Suicide is the eighth leading cause of death among all AI/AN people across all ages and may be underestimated.

The Zero Suicide Initiative (ZSI) is a key concept of the National Strategy for Suicide Prevention and is a priority of the National Action Alliance for Suicide Prevention (<https://theactionalliance.org/>). In fiscal year (FY) 2022, the IHS awarded eight grants to Tribes, Tribal organizations, and Urban Indian organizations to combat the suicide public health crisis in Indian

Country. This program aims to improve the system of care for those at risk for suicide by implementing a comprehensive, culturally informed, multi-setting approach to suicide prevention in Indian health systems. Applicants are encouraged to view the list of funded sites https://www.ihs.gov/sites/zerosuicide/themes/responsive2017/display_objects/documents/ZSI Awards20222027.pdf and are encouraged to visit <https://www.hhs.gov/surgeongeneral/reports-and-publications/suicide-prevention/index.html> to access a copy of the 2012 National Strategy.

In FY 2023, the IHS intends to fund ten health care facilities and systems sites operated by the IHS that will solely focus on the implementation of only one out of the seven Zero Suicide model elements. The element entitled "Improve" focuses on applying a data-driven, quality improvement approach to inform system changes that will lead to improved patient outcomes and better care for those at risk. Health care facilities and systems, operated by the IHS, that provide direct care services to AI/AN patients to raise awareness of suicide, establish an integrated system of care, and improve outcomes for such individuals in FY 2023 to FY 2028.

Purpose

The purpose of this cooperative agreement is to build capacity of ZSI projects to improve the system of care for those at risk for suicide by implementing a comprehensive, culturally informed, multi-setting approach to suicide prevention in Indian health systems. The ZSICC will provide technical assistance in the areas of data collection, reporting, training, resources, and implementation of the Zero Suicide approach in Indian Country. The ZSICC technical assistance will be framed to promote the core Seven Elements of the Zero Suicide model that was developed by the Suicide Prevention Resource Center (SPRC) at <https://zerosuicide.edc.org/toolkit/zero-suicide-toolkit>.

1. **Lead**—Create and sustain a leadership-driven, safety-oriented culture committed to dramatically reducing suicide among people under care. Include survivors of suicide attempts and suicide loss in leadership and planning roles.

2. **Train**—Develop a competent, confident, and caring workforce.

3. **Identify**—Systematically identify and assess suicide risk among people receiving care.

4. **Engage**—Ensure every individual has a pathway to care that is both timely and adequate to meet his or her needs.

¹ Curtin SC, Hedegaard H. Suicide rates for females and males by race and ethnicity: United States, 1999 and 2017. NCHS Health E-Stat. 2019.

² Leavitt RA, Ertle AE, Sheats K, Petrosky E, Ivey-Stephenson A, Fowler KA (2018) Suicides Among American Indian/Alaska Natives—National Violent Death Reporting System, 18 States, 2003 to 2014. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2018;67: 37-240.