a National Universal Product Code (NUPC) database to be used by all Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) State agencies as they implement Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) statewide, which is a requirement of the law. As a result of this legislation, the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) has adopted a plan to expand the number of data elements contained in the existing NUPC database while simultaneously reducing the burden of manual data entry currently borne by WIC State agency employees tasked with populating the database.

Need and Use of the Information: The NUPC database will provide all State agencies with access to a central repository containing comprehensive information about authorized WIC foods. State agencies are expected to use the NUPC database to create an initial list of authorized foods eligible for redemption by WIC Program participants. State agencies may use the NUPC database to maintain their list of authorized foods and to create an Authorized Product List for distribution to Authorized Vendors operating in the EBT environment.

Description of Respondents: State, Local, or Tribal Government; Business or other for-profit.

Number of Respondents: 182. Frequency of Responses: Reporting: On occasion.

Total Burden Hours: 565.

#### Ruth Brown,

Departmental Information Collection Clearance Officer.

[FR Doc. 2012–7328 Filed 3–26–12; 8:45 am]

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### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### **Rural Utilities Service**

# Information Collection Activity; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Rural Utilities Service, USDA. **ACTION:** Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35, as amended), the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) invites comments on the following information collections for which the Agency intends to request approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

**DATES:** Comments on this notice must be received by May 29, 2012.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Michele Brooks, Director, Program

Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, 1400 Independence Ave. SW., STOP 1522, Room 5162, South Building, Washington, DC 20250–1522. Telephone: (202) 690–1078. Fax: (202) 720-8435.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) regulation (5 CFR part 1320) implementing provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13) requires that interested members of the public and affected agencies have an opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping activities [see 5 CFR 1320.8(d)]. This notice identifies information collections that USDA Rural Development is submitting to OMB for extension.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Comments may be sent to Michele Brooks, Director, Program Development and Regulatory Analysis, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 1522, 1400 Independence Ave. SW., Washington, DC 20250-1522. Fax: (202) 720-8435.

Title: Borrower Investments— Telecommunications Loan Program, 7 CFR 1744, Subpart E.

OMB Control Number: 0572–0098. Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Abstract: The Rural Economic
Development Act of 1990, Title XXIII of
the Farm Bill, Public Law 101–624,
authorized qualified Rural Utilities
Service borrowers to make investments
in rural development projects without
the prior approval of the Agency's
Administrator provided, however, that
such investments do not cause the
borrower to exceed its allowable
qualified investment level as
determined in accordance with the
procedures set forth in 7 CFR part 1744,
subpart E. When a borrower exceeds
these limits, the security for the

Government's loans could be in jeopardy. However, in the interest of encouraging rural development, RUS will consider approving such investments that exceed a borrower's qualified investment level. This information collection covers those items that a borrower would need to submit to RUS for consideration of the borrower's request to make such an investment.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response.

*Respondents:* Not for profit institutions; business or other for-profit entities.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 2. Estimated Number of Responses per Respondent: 1.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 1 hour.

Dated: March 20, 2012.

Jonathan Adelstein,

 $Administrator, Rural\ Utilities\ Service.$  [FR Doc. 2012–7264 Filed 3–26–12; 8:45 am]

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The Department of Commerce will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. chapter 35).

Agency: U.S. Census Bureau. Title: The American Community Survey.

OMB Control Number: 0607–0810.
Form Number(s): Various.
Type of Request: Revision of a
currently approved collection.
Burden Hours: 2,455,868.
Number of Respondents: 3,760,000.
Average Hours per Response: The
ACS Household questionnaire takes 40
minutes on average to complete.

Needs and Uses: The U.S. Census
Bureau requests authorization from the
Office of Management and Budget
(OMB) for revisions to the American
Community Survey (ACS). The Census
Bureau has developed a methodology to
collect and update every year
demographic, social, economic, and
housing data that are essentially the
same as the "long-form" data that the
Census Bureau traditionally has
collected once a decade as part of the
decennial census. Federal and state
government agencies use such data to