Office of Insurance Programs for New York, co-chair the SNAC.

Role of the National Advisory Council

The National Advisory Council for Healthcare Research and Quality is authorized by Section 941 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 299c. In accordance with its statutory mandate, the Council is to advise the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Director, Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), on matters related to AHRQ's conduct of its mission including providing guidance on (A) Priorities for health care research, (B) the field of health care research including training needs and information dissemination on health care quality and (C) the role of the Agency in light of private sector activity and opportunities for public private partnerships.

The Council is composed of members of the public, appointed by the Secretary, and Federal ex-officio members specified in the authorizing legislation.

### II. Agenda

The final agenda will be available on the AHRQ Web site at http:// www.AHRQ.gov no later than August 1, 2011.

Dated: July 8, 2011.

Carolyn M. Clancy,

Director.

[FR Doc. 2011–18791 Filed 7–26–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-90-M

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

# Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[Docket Number NIOSH-227]

### Determination on Adding Cancer, or a Certain Type of Cancer, to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions

**AGENCY:** National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) announces the availability of the "First Periodic Review of Scientific and Medical Evidence Related to Cancer for the World Trade Center Health Program." The Review can be found at:

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/wtc/prc/prc-1.html.

Background: The James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111–347), Title XXXIII of the Public Health Service Act, 124 Stat. 3623 (codified at 42 U.S.C. 300mm-300mm-61) requires in Section 300mm-22(a)(5)(A) that the Administrator of the World Trade Center (WTC) Health Program "periodically conduct a review of all available scientific and medical evidence, including findings and recommendations of Clinical Centers of Excellence, published in peer-reviewed journals to determine if, based on such evidence, cancer or a certain type of cancer should be added to the applicable list of WTC-related health conditions."

The first periodic Review of Cancer provides a summary of the current scientific and medical findings in the peer-reviewed literature about exposures resulting from the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks in New York City and cancer studies. The review discusses criteria that have been used previously to assist in weighing the scientific evidence to determine if a causal association exists between exposure and cancer. The review summarizes input from the public on three questions regarding conditions relating to cancer for consideration under the WTC Health Program, as requested in the Federal Register on March 8, 2011 (76 FR 12740) and modified on March 29, 2011 (76 FR 17421). See http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ docket/archive/docket227.html.

The review also provides reports from the Mount Sinai School of Medicine, the Bureau of Health Services of the Fire Department of New York City, the WTC Health Registry of the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene and the New York State Department of Health about cancer studies ongoing or planned.

Based on the scientific and medical findings in the peer-reviewed literature reported in the first periodic Review of Cancer for the WTC Health Program, insufficient evidence exists at this time to propose a rule to add cancer, or a certain type of cancer, to the List of WTC-Related Health Conditions found at 42 U.S.C. 300mm–22(a)(3) through (4) and 300mm–32(b).

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jessica Bilics, NIOSH, Patriots Plaza 1, 395 E Street, SW., Suite 9200, Washington, DC 20201, E-mail WTC@cdc.gov.

Dated: July 19, 2011.

#### John Howard,

Administrator, World Trade Center Health Program; and Director, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2011–18754 Filed 7–26–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4163-19-P

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

# Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part F of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority for the Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), (Federal Register, Vol. 75, No. 56, pp. 14176– 14178, dated March 24, 2010; as amended at Vol. 76, No. 17, p. 4703, dated January 26, 2011; as amended at Vol. 76, No. 75, pp. 21908–21909, dated April 19, 2011) is amended to reflect the establishment of the Office of Minority Health.

Part F is described below:

• Section FC. 10 (Organization) reads as follows:

Office of the Administrator (FC)
Office of Equal Opportunity and Civil
Rights (FCA)

Office of Legislation (FCC)
Office of the Actuary (FCE)

Office of Strategic Operations and Regulatory Affairs (FCF)

Office of Clinical Standards and Quality (FCG)

Center for Medicare (FCH)
Center for Medicaid, CHIP and Survey
& Certification (FCI)

Center for Strategic Planning (FCK) Center for Program Integrity (FCL) Chief Operating Officer (FCM) Office of Minority Health (FCN) Center for Medicare and Medicaid

Innovation (FCP)
Federal Coordinated Health Care Office
(FCQ)

Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight (FCR) Office of Public Engagement (FCS) Office of Communications (FCT)

• Section FC. 20 (Functions) reads as follows:

### Office of Minority Health (FCN)

- Serves as the principal advisor and coordinator to the Agency for the special needs of minority and disadvantaged populations.
- Provides leadership, vision and direction to address HHS and CMS