with a few commenters suggesting additional enhancements to the proposal.

Of the commenters that express support for the proposal, one urges a similar rule change to parts 23, 121, and 135 of title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Of the commenters who feel additional technology is warranted, one recommends a review and application to existing aircraft, another recommends an annual calibration check of the system, and another offers some design considerations. Several commenters find the cost estimation to be underestimated in the NPRM.

Two commenters support the proposal and state that the phrase "30 minutes at normal cruising conditions" needs clarification. Another two commenters object to the same phrase, but oppose the proposal, because it only applies to one configuration and one altitude. Both of these commenters assert that the proposal should only apply to air carriers whose aircraft weigh over 75,000 pounds.

The FAA acknowledges these contributions to the rulemaking process, and affirms its commitment to aviation safety by continuing to clarify, update, and harmonize its regulations. We will address any remaining concerns in future regulatory actions as we pursue global harmonization of aviation regulations.

ICAO and Harmonization

The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) established the International Standards and Recommended Practices to promote international cooperation towards the highest possible degree of uniformity in regulations and standards. Thirty-two States and authorities joined in the goal of standardization.

The FAA and the Joint Aviation Authorities (JAA) of Europe came together to standardize their respective codes of regulation and identified a number of significant regulatory differences. Both consider harmonization of the two codes a high priority. In 1999, the FAA and JAA agreed on a Fast Track Harmonization Program to expedite the standardization process. ICAO Resolution A29-3, Global Rule Harmonization, urges States to take positive action to promote global harmonization of national rules for application of ICAO standards. The FAA actively supports ICAO initiatives and programs to achieve a safe and efficient aviation system worldwide.

Reason for Withdrawal

The FAA is involved in eliminating unnecessary differences and

harmonizing, where practical, similar requirements with Europe and Transport Canada. We find that including the issues of Notice No. 87-3 within harmonization efforts assigned to ARAC will contribute to a more complete and current analysis of the issues that will better serve the public interest. In addition, future regulatory action will allow the public to benefit from the inclusion of technological advances relevant to the issues. To achieve harmonization goals and address technological issues, we will propose future changes to the Code of Federal Regulations through an NPRM with opportunity for public comment. Therefore, the FAA withdraws Notice No. 87-3 (52 FR 17890), published May 12, 1987.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 16, 2002.

Ronald T. Wojnar,

Deputy Director, Aircraft Certification Service (AIR-1).

[FR Doc. 02–21471 Filed 8–21–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 99-SW-80-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Bell Helicopter Textron Canada Model 206L, L-1, L-3 and L-4 Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking; reopening of comment period.

SUMMARY: This document revises an earlier proposed superseding airworthiness directive (AD) for the specified Bell Helicopter Textron Canada (BHTC) helicopters. That proposal would have required inspecting the tailboom skins for a crack, replacing a cracked tailboom with a modified tailboom before further flight, and implementing a recurring inspection of the modified tailboom. That proposal was prompted by several reports of cracks found during mandatory inspections. This supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking (SNPRM) renews and revises the proposal by providing a terminating action, incorporating a more recent revision to the alert service bulletin (ASB), and increasing the compliance time for performing the

inspections. The actions specified by this proposal are intended to detect a crack in the tailboom and to prevent separation of the tailboom from the helicopter and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before September 23, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, Attention: Rules Docket No. 99–SW–80–AD, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas 76137. You may also send comments electronically to the Rules Docket at the following address: 9-asw-adcomments@faa.gov. Comments may be inspected at the Office of the Regional Counsel between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sharon Miles, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, Rotorcraft Directorate, Regulations Group, Fort Worth, Texas 76193–0111, telephone (817) 222–5122, fax (817) 222–5961.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this document may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their mailed comments submitted in response to this proposal must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 99–SW–80–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Discussion

A proposal to amend 14 CFR part 39 to add an AD for certain BHTC helicopters was published as a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal Register on April 19, 2000 (65 FR 20927). That NPRM proposed inspecting the tailboom skins for a crack; replacing any cracked tailboom with an airworthy modified tailboom; modifying the tailboom within the next 300 hours time-in-service (TIS); and inspecting the modified tailboom for a crack at intervals not to exceed 1200 hours TIS. That NPRM was prompted by several reports of cracked tailbooms found during mandatory inspections. That condition, if not corrected, could result in separation of the tailboom from the helicopter and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

Since issuing that NPRM, the FAA has received comments from two commenters, the manufacturer and an operator, requesting changes to the proposed actions. We have considered all these comments.

Both commenters state that the proposed compliance time for modifying the tailboom within 300 hours TIS should be increased to 600 hours TIS or no later than December 31, 2000, whichever occurs first, to coincide with the compliance times in the applicable ASB. The commenters state that changing the compliance time would give the manufacturer time to deliver the required secondary parts to modify the tailboom and eliminate considerable replanning by operators of their maintenance programs. Also, the commenters state that the repetitive inspections required before modifying the tailboom will ensure safety until the modification is done.

The FAA agrees with the comments, however, the December 31, 2000, date has passed. Further, since publication of the NPRM, the manufacturer has revised their ASB and changed the compliance time to March 31, 2002. That date has also passed. Because of these delays, we have reevaluated the need for modifying the tailboom within 300 hours time-inservice (TIS). We now believe that a compliance time of 600 hours TIS is sufficient to meet our safety objectives.

One commenter states that the compliance time should change because a redesigned tailboom, part number (P/N) 206–033–004–181, is now manufactured with the required skin doubler hot-bonded in place. The FAA agrees and will add a statement in the proposal that installing an airworthy, redesigned tailboom, P/N 206–033–004–181, is terminating action for the requirements of the AD.

Another commenter states that the AD should inform operators that modifying the tailboom in accordance with earlier versions of the referenced ASB is acceptable (the proposal referenced Revision D of BHTC ASB 206L–99–115). The FAA agrees because changes to the original ASB are minor and do not change or compromise the previous engineering approval. Therefore, the proposal will include a note stating that modifying the tailboom in accordance with earlier versions of the referenced ASB is acceptable.

Finally, a commenter advised us that the phone and fax numbers listed for obtaining service information is incorrect; we have corrected those numbers in this proposal.

Since these changes expand the scope of the originally proposed rule and the previous NPRM has been published for more than 2 years, the FAA has determined that it is necessary to reopen the comment period to provide additional opportunity for public comment.

The FAA estimates that this proposed AD would affect 1546 helicopters of U.S. registry. The FAA also estimates that this proposed AD would require 52 work hours to accomplish the proposed actions, an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour, and \$22,954 for parts. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$40,310,404, assuming all the tailbooms are replaced.

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive to read as follows:

Bell Helicopter Textron Canada: Docket No. 99–SW–80–AD. Supersedes AD 99–13–12, Amendment 39–11207, Docket No. 99–SW–23–AD.

Applicability: Model 206L helicopters, serial numbers (S/N) 45004 through 45049, 45051 through 45153, and 46601 through 46617; Model 206L–1 helicopters, S/N 45154 through 45790; Model 206L–3 helicopters, S/N 51001 through 51612; and Model 206L–4 helicopters, S/N 52001 through 52163, 52165 through 52212, and 52214 through 52216, with tailboom, part number (P/N) 206–033–004–all dash numbers, except P/N 206–033–004–181, installed, certificated in any category.

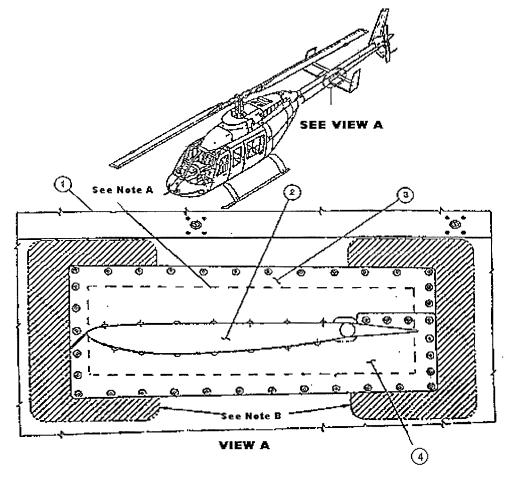
Note 1: This AD applies to each helicopter identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For helicopters that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (i) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To detect a crack in the tailboom skin and to prevent separation of the tailboom from the helicopter and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter, accomplish the following:

(a) Before further flight and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 10 hours time-inservice (TIS) until accomplishing a one-time fluorescent-penetrant inspection (FPI) required by paragraph (c)(2) of this AD, visually inspect for a crack in the tailboom using a 10-power or higher magnifying glass in the shaded areas as depicted in Figure 1 of this AD:

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LEGEND

- 1. Tailboom assembly
- 2. Horizontal stabilizer
- 3. Upper support
- 4. Lower support

NOTES

- A. Inspect entire edge of stabilizer opening on both sides of the tailboom.
- B. Inspect for a crack in these two areas on both sides of the tailboom

Figure 1

- (b) At intervals not to exceed 5 hours TIS, visually check for a crack in the tailboom in the shaded areas as depicted in Figure 1 of this AD. The visual check may be performed by an owner/operator (pilot) holding at least a private pilot certificate and must be entered into the helicopter records showing compliance with this paragraph in accordance with 14 CFR 43.11 and 91.417(a)(2)(v).
 - (c) Within 50 hours TIS:
- (1) Remove all four horizontal stabilizer supports, P/N 206–023–100-all dash numbers, from the tailboom and the horizontal stabilizer.
- (2) Perform a one-time FPI of the edges of the tailboom skins for any crack around the left and right horizontal stabilizer openings as shown in Figure 1 of this AD. Remove paint and primer to inspect the edges and exterior skin surface in the skin area at least 34 inch around the edges of the horizontal stabilizer openings as shown in Figure 1 of this AD.
- (d) At intervals not to exceed 100 hours TIS after completing the FPI:
- (1) Remove all four horizontal stabilizer supports, P/N 206–023–100-all dash numbers, from the tailboom and the horizontal stabilizer.
- (2) Visually inspect the entire edge of the horizontal stabilizer opening on both sides of the tailboom for any crack using a 10-power or higher magnifying glass.
- (e) Within 600 hours TIS, inspect and modify the tailboom in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Parts I, II, and III of Bell Helicopter Textron Canada (BHTC) Alert Service Bulletin 206L–99–115, Revision F, dated April 14, 2001 (ASB).
- (f) After modifying a tailboom in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD or installing a tailboom modified in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD, at intervals not to exceed 1200 hours TIS, inspect the modified tailboom in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions, Part IV, of the ASR
- (g) If a crack is found during any check or inspection required by this AD, before further flight, replace the cracked tailboom with an airworthy tailboom modified according to the requirements of paragraph (e) of this AD or with an airworthy tailboom, P/N 206–033–004–181.

Note 2: Modifying the tailboom in accordance with revisions before Revision F of BHTC ASB 206L–99–115 is acceptable for the modifications required by paragraph (e) of this AD.

- (h) Inspecting and modifying the tailboom in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD is terminating action for the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (d) of this AD. Installing an airworthy tailboom, P/N 206–033–004–181, constitutes terminating action for the requirements of this AD.
- (i) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Regulations Group, Rotorcraft Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, Regulations Group.

Note 3: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Regulations Group.

(j) Special flight permits may be issued for a one-time flight, not to exceed 5 hours TIS and a maximum of one landing in accordance with 14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199, to operate the helicopter to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished. The visual preflight check required by paragraph (b) of this AD must be accomplished before making a one-time flight.

Note 4: The subject of this AD is addressed in Transport Canada (Canada) AD CF–98–42R3, dated February 17, 2000.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on August 13, 2002.

Eric Bries.

Acting Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02–21357 Filed 8–21–02; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-CE-21-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pilatus Britten-Norman Limited BN-2, BN-2A, BN-2B, BN-2T, and BN2A MK. III Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes to adopt a new airworthiness directive (AD) that would apply to all Pilatus Britten-Norman Limited (Pilatus Britten-Norman) BN-2, BN-2A, BN-2B, BN-2T, BN2A MK. III series airplanes. This proposed AD would require you to repetitively inspect the bottom corner of the engine mount bracket for cracks and replace any cracked bracket with a new one. This proposed AD is the result of mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) issued by the airworthiness authority for the United Kingdom. The actions specified by this proposed AD are intended to detect and correct cracks in the engine mount bracket. Such a condition could cause the engine mount assembly to fail. which could result in the engine separating from the airplane and lead to loss of control of the airplane.

DATES: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) must receive any

comments on this proposed rule on or before September 27, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to FAA. Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-CE-21-AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. You may view any comments at this location between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. You may also send comments electronically to the following address: 9-ACE-7-Docket@faa.gov. Comments sent electronically must contain "Docket No. 2002-CE-21-AD" in the subject line. If you send comments electronically as attached electronic files, the files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

You may get service information that applies to this proposed AD from B–N Group Limited, Bembridge, Isle of Wight, United Kingdom PO35 5PR; telephone: +44 (0) 1983 872511; facsimile: +44 (0) 1983 873246. You may also view this information at the Rules Docket at the address above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Doug Rudolph, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329–4059; facsimile: (816) 329–4090.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

How Do I Comment on This Proposed AD?

The FAA invites comments on this proposed rule. You may submit whatever written data, views, or arguments you choose. You need to include the rule's docket number and submit your comments to the address specified under the caption ADDRESSES. We will consider all comments received on or before the closing date. We may amend this proposed rule in light of comments received. Factual information that supports your ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of this proposed AD action and determining whether we need to take additional rulemaking action.

Are There Any Specific Portions of This Proposed AD I Should Pay Attention To?

The FAA specifically invites comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of this proposed rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. You may view all comments we receive before and after the closing date of the rule in the Rules Docket. We will file a report in the Rules Docket that