

long-term employment and sustained public health capacity of state and local health departments and other non-federal public health agencies and organizations.

The annual burden table has been updated to reflect the number of respondents from nonfederal public health agencies or organizations that submit assignment proposals to host

fellows. There is no cost to respondents other than their time.

#### ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS\*

Type of respondents	Number of respondents	Frequency of response	Average annualized burden per response (in hours)	Average total response burden in hours
Public Health Agency or Organization .....	226	1	1.42	320
Fellowship applicants .....	1122	1	40/60	748
Fellowship alumni* .....	454	1	15/60	114
Total .....	1802			1182

\* Some alumni are deceased or cannot be located. Response burden assumes response from an individual responding alumnus, on average, every 3 years (which is likely an overestimate of frequency).

Dated: August 31, 2011.

**Daniel Holcomb,**

*Reports Clearance Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-11-0314]

#### Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on 404-639-5960 or send comments to Daniel Holcomb, CDC Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D74, Atlanta, GA 30333 or send an e-mail to [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov).

*Comments are invited on:* (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the

burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

The National Survey of Family Growth (NSFG)—(0920-0314)—Extension—Expiration 5/31/2012—National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

#### Background and Brief Description

Section 306 of the Public Health Service (PHS) Act (42 U.S.C. 242k), as amended, authorizes that the Secretary of Health and Human Services (DHHS), acting through NCHS, shall collect statistics on “family formation, growth, and dissolution,” as well as “determinants of health” and “utilization of health care” in the United States. This three-year clearance request includes the data collection in 2012–2014 for the continuous NSFG.

The National Survey of Family Growth (NSFG) was conducted periodically between 1973 and 2002, continuously in 2006–2010, and continuously starting in Fall 2011, by the National Center for Health Statistics, CDC. Each year, about 14,000 households are screened, with about 5,000 participants interviewed annually. Participation in the NSFG is completely voluntary and confidential. Interviews average 60 minutes for males and 80 minutes for females. The response rate since 2006 is about 77 percent for both males and females.

The NSFG program produces descriptive statistics which measure factors associated with birth and

pregnancy rates, including contraception, infertility, marriage, divorce, and sexual activity, in the US population 15–44 years; and behaviors that affect the risk of sexually transmitted diseases (STD), including HIV, and the medical care associated with contraception, infertility, and pregnancy and childbirth.

NSFG data users include the DHHS programs that fund it, including CDC/NCHS and ten others (The Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute for Child Health and Human Development (NIH/NICHD); the Office of Population Affairs (DHHS/OPA); the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (DHHS/OASPE); the Children's Bureau (DHHS/ACF/CB); the ACF's Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation; the CDC's Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention (CDC/DHAP); the CDC's Division of STD Prevention (CDC/DSTD); the CDC's Division of Reproductive Health (CDC/DRH); the CDC's Division of Cancer Prevention and Control (CDC/DCPC); and the CDC's Division of Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (DBDDD). The NSFG is also used by state and local governments; private research and action organizations focused on men's and women's health, child well-being, marriage and the family; academic researchers in the social and public health sciences; journalists, and many others.

This submission requests approval for three years. No questionnaire changes are requested in the first 18 months of this clearance; some limited changes may be requested after that, to be responsive to emerging public policy issues.

There is no cost to respondents other than their time.

## ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden hours
1. Screener Respondents .....	14,000	1	3/60	700
2. Interview Females .....	2,750	1	1.5	4,125
3. Interview Males .....	2,250	1	1.0	2,250
4. Verification Questions .....	1,400	1	5/60	117
5. Testing questions .....	250	1	1	250
Total .....	.....	.....	.....	7,442

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**Daniel Holcomb,**

*Reports Clearance Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30-Day-11-11AO]

#### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639-5960 or send an e-mail to [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov). Send written comments to CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395-5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

#### Proposed Project

Children's Health After the Storms (CHATS)—New—National Center for Environmental Health (NCEH) and Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

#### Background and Brief Description

This project involves research to assess the potential adverse health effects among children who resided in Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)-provided temporary housing units deployed in the Gulf Coast region

following hurricanes Katrina and Rita. The title of this study has changed since publication of the initial 60-day **Federal Register** Notice (FRN) (previous title “The Gulf Coast Children’s Health Study”); however, the goals remain the same.

The Children’s Health Study After the Storms (CHATS) addresses an important public health need to assess the potential short-term and long-term health effects among children who lived in FEMA-provided temporary housing units following hurricanes Katrina and Rita, and who were potentially exposed to higher levels of indoor air pollutants such as formaldehyde and other volatile organic compounds compared to other types of housing. These health effects may include adverse acute and chronic health conditions, primarily respiratory and dermal, that may be associated with their exposures. Plans involve a two-year Feasibility Study to investigate the association between exposure to temporary housing units and health conditions and to assess the practicality of conducting a larger longitudinal study. If certain feasibility objectives are met, such as identifying a sufficient number of eligible participants, a 6-year Full Study will be conducted following the same study design as the Feasibility Study.

The Feasibility Study will be conducted in the states of Louisiana and Mississippi. The study will assess the potential health impacts from exposures to various indoor pollutants (e.g., formaldehyde and other volatile organic compounds and plasticizers, including phthalates) commonly found in higher concentrations in the temporary housing units compared with other types of housing.

In the study, a 1:1 ratio of exposed and unexposed children age 3–15 years will be recruited. Children who resided in temporary housing units will be

categorized into the “exposed” group and children who did not reside in temporary housing units will be categorized into the “unexposed” group. A screening questionnaire will be used to assess eligibility and exposure to temporary housing units. The screening questionnaire will be conducted with one adult resident of each selected household. Based on responses to the screening questions, one eligible child will be selected for the study from each participating household. To obtain the desired sample size, we plan to screen 2,236 households in order to identify 625 eligible children. Of these, it is expected that 80%, or 500 children, will agree to participate in the study.

The Feasibility Study will involve a baseline and a 6-month follow-up assessment for each participant, and each assessment is divided into two sessions. The baseline assessment will include a health questionnaire, clinical assessment including biological sample collection, and environmental exposure measurement. The environmental exposure assessment will be collecting biomarkers of exposure and measuring exposures to environmental pollutants using personal and indoor sampling devices over a 7-day period. In the 6-month follow-up assessment, a shorter version of the health questionnaire and the same clinical and environmental exposure assessments will be conducted.

Accounting for a 10% loss to follow-up, the sample size for the 6-month follow-up assessment is projected to be 450 children. If a determination is made to conduct the Full Study, these 450 children will be part of the Full Study and continue to participate in the rest of follow-up assessments.

There is no cost to the participants except their time. The total estimated annual burden hours are 1,310.