June 20, 1996, as described in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ce.

[FR Doc. 00–4229 Filed 2–24–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 82

[FRL-6542-6]

RIN 2060-A173

Protection of Stratospheric Ozone: Allocation of Essential Use Allowances for Calendar Year 2000: Allocations for Metered-Dose Inhalers and the Space Shuttle and Titan Rockets

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Extension of comment period

for interim final rule.

SUMMARY: The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is extending the comment period for the interim final rule published January 6, 2000 (65 FR 716). This interim final rule allocated essential use allowances for ozone depleting substances for calendar year 2000 and was effective on the date of publication. EPA published the allocation as an interim final rule and provided a 30 day comment period because the allocated quantities were lower than those contained in the proposed rule. However, companies who applied for essential use allowances as a part of the International Pharmaceutical Aerosol Consortium (IPAC) were not informed as to the amount of individual allowances they would receive for calendar year 2000 until January 25, 2000, after FDA provided these confidential numbers to EPA. EPA received comment from one of the IPAC companies stating that the original 30 day comment period would not allow sufficient time to formulate comments in response to the allocation of essential use allowances. Therefore, EPA is extending the deadline for submitting written comment on the allocation of essential-use allowances for calendar year 2000 for ozone depleting substances for use in medical devices and for use in the Space Shuttle Rockets and Titan Rockets until March 27, 2000.

DATES: The comment period for this interim final rule is extended until March 27, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Comments on the interim final rulemaking allocating essential use allowances for metered dose inhalers and the space shuttle and Titan Rockets (65 FR 716) should be submitted in duplicate (two copies) to: Air Docket No. A–92–13, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Room M–1500, Washington, DC, 20460. Those wishing to notify EPA of their intent to submit adverse comments on this action should contact Erin Birgfeld, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Stratospheric Protection Division, Office of Air and Radiation (6205J), Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC, 20460; birgfeld.erin@epa.gov; (202) 564–9079 phone and (202) 565–2095 fax.

Materials relevant to this rulemaking are contained in Docket No. A–92–13. The Docket is located in room M–1500, First Floor, Waterside Mall at the address above. The materials may be inspected from 8 a.m. until 4 p.m. Monday through Friday. A reasonable fee may be charged by EPA for copying docket materials.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Erin Birgfeld, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Stratospheric Protection Division, Office of Air and Radiation (6205J), Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC, 20460; birgfeld.erin@epa.gov; (202) 564–9079 phone and (202) 565–2096 fax.

Dated: February 17, 2000.

Robert Perciasepe,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Air and Radiation.

[FR Doc. 00–4520 Filed 2–24–00; 8:45 am]

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 180

[OPP-300958A; FRL-6489-4]

RIN 2070-AB78

Emamectin Benzoate; Pesticide Tolerance Technical Correction

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule; technical correction.

SUMMARY: EPA issued a final rule in the **Federal Register** of January 12, 2000, establishing tolerances for emamectin benzoate. This document is being issued to correct a tolerance for "milk" at 0.002 ppm, which was inadvertently omitted from the table in paragraph (b).

DATES: This document is effective February 25, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: By mail: Andrea Beard, Registration Division (7505C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection

Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (703) 308–9356; e-mail address: beard.andrea@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Does this Action Apply to Me?

The Agency included in the final rule a list of those who may be potentially affected by this action. If you have questions regarding the applicability of this action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

II. How Can I Get Additional Information, Including Copies of This Document and Other Related Documents?

1. Electronically. You may obtain electronic copies of this document, and certain other related documents that might be available electronically, from the EPA Internet Home Page at http://www.epa.gov/. To access this document, on the Home Page select "Laws and Regulations" and then look up the entry for this document under the "Federal Register—Environmental Documents." You can also go directly to the Federal Register listings at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/.

2. In person. The Agency has established an official record for this action under docket control number OPP-300958A. The official record consists of the documents specifically referenced in this action, any public comments received during an applicable comment period, and other information related to this action, including any information claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI). This official record includes the documents that are physically located in the docket, as well as the documents that are referenced in those documents. The public version of the official record does not include any information claimed as CBI. The public version of the official record, which includes printed, paper versions of any electronic comments submitted during an applicable comment period, is available for inspection in the Public Information and Records Integrity Branch (PIRIB), Rm. 119, Crystal Mall #2, 1921 Jefferson Davis Hwy., Arlington, VA, from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The PIRIB telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

III. What Does This Technical Correction Do?

A final rule to establish time-limited tolerances for emamectin benzoate on various commodities was published in the **Federal Register** on January 12,

2000 (65 FR 1796) (FRL-6398-5). This correction is being published to establish a tolerance for "milk" at 0.002 ppm, which was inadvertently omitted from the table in § 180.505(b).

IV. Why Is This Technical Correction Issued as a Final Rule?

EPA is publishing this action as a final rule without prior notice and opportunity to comment because the Agency believes that providing notice and an opportunity to comment is unnecessary and would be contrary to the public interest. As explained above, the correction contained in this action will simply correct § 180.505(b) by adding a commodity that was inadvertently omitted. EPA therefore finds that there is "good cause" under section 553(b)(3)(B) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553) to make this amendment without prior notice and comment. For the same reasons, EPA also finds that there is "good cause" under FFDCA section 408(b)(2) to make this minor modification to the establishment of a tolerance without notice and comment.

V. Do Any of the Regulatory Assessment Requirements Apply to This Action?

No. This final rule implements a technical correction to the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), and does not impose any new requirements.

Under Executive Order 12866, entitled Regulatory Planning and Review (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has determined that a technical correction is not a "significant regulatory action" subject to review by OMR

Because this action is not economically significant as defined by section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, this action is not subject to Executive Order 13045, entitled *Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks* (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997).

This action will not result in environmental justice related issues and does not, therefore, require special consideration under Executive Order 12898, entitled Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

Since the Agency has made a "good cause" finding that this action is not subject to notice-and-comment requirements under the APA or any other statute (see Unit IV.), this action is not subject to the regulatory flexibility provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility

Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), or to sections 202 and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) (Public Law 104-4). In addition, this action does not significantly or uniquely affect small governments or impose a significant intergovernmental mandate, as described in sections 203 and 204 of UMRA. Nor does this action significantly or uniquely affect the communities of tribal governments as specified by Executive Order 13084, entitled Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments (63 FR 27655, May 10, 1998). This rule will not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132, entitled Federalism (64 FR 43255, August 10,

This action does not involve any technical standards that require the Agency's consideration of voluntary consensus standards pursuant to section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (NTTAA), Public Law 104–113, section 12(d) (15 U.S.C. 272 note).

This rule does not contain any information collection requirements that require review and approval by OMB pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA) (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

In issuing this rule, EPA has taken the necessary steps to eliminate drafting errors and ambiguity, minimize potential litigation, and provide a clear legal standard for affected conduct, as required by section 3 of Executive Order 12988, entitled *Civil Justice Reform* (61 FR 4729, February 7, 1996).

EPA has complied with Executive Order 12630, entitled Governmental Actions and Interference with Constitutionally Protected Property Rights (53 FR 8859, March 15, 1988), by examining the takings implications of this rule in accordance with the "Attorney General's Supplemental Guidelines for the Evaluation of Risk and Avoidance of Unanticipated Takings" issued under the Executive Order.

EPA's compliance with these statutes and Executive Orders for the underlying rule is discussed in Unit VIII. of the final rule (65 FR 1796, January 12, 2000).

VI. Will EPA Submit This Final Rule to Congress and the Comptroller General?

Yes. The Congressional Review Act (CRA) (5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*), as added by the Small Business Regulatory

Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. Section 808 allows the issuing agency to make a rule effective sooner than otherwise provided by the CRA if the agency makes a good cause finding that notice and public procedure is impracticable, unnecessary or contrary to the public interest. This determination must be supported by a brief statement. 5 U.S.C. 808(2). As stated previously, EPA has made such a good cause finding, including the reasons therefore, and established an effective date of February 25, 2000. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Agricultural commodities, Pesticides and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 3, 2000.

James Jones,

*

Director, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

Therefore, 40 CFR part 180 is corrected as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 180 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371. 2. In § 180.505, by alphabetically adding "milk" to the table in paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§180.505 Emamectin Benzoate; tolerances for residues.

(b) Section 18 emergency exemptions.

Commodity		Parts per million		Expiration/ Revocation Date
* Milk	*	* 0.0	* 102	* 12/31/01
*	*	*	*	*
•	*	_	*	Î

[FR Doc. 00–3494 Filed 2–24–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–F

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

41 CFR Chapter 102 and Part 102-2 RIN 3090-AG83

Federal Management Regulation (FMR)

AGENCY: Office of Governmentwide

Policy, GSA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The General Services
Administration is establishing the
Federal Management Regulation (FMR)
as the successor regulation to the
Federal Property Management
Regulations (FPMR). The FMR will
provide Federal managers with the
regulatory materials they need to
efficiently manage real and personal
property and administrative services.
The FMR is written in plain language to
provide agencies with updated
regulatory material that is easy to read
and understand.

DATES: The effective date of the interim rule was July 21, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Rodney P. Lantier, Director, Regulatory Secretariat, 202–208–7312.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

A. Background

An interim rule was published in the **Federal Register** on July 21, 1999 (64 FR 39083). Two comments were received and considered in adopting the interim rule as a final rule without change.

B. Executive Order 12866

GSA has determined that this final rule is not a significant regulatory action for the purposes of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993.

C. Regulatory Flexibility Act

This final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601–612 because it applies solely to matters concerning agency management and personnel.

D. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because this final rule does not impose recordkeeping or information collection requirements, or the collection of information from offerors, contractors, or members of the public which require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

E. Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act

This final rule is exempt from Congressional review prescribed under 5 U.S.C. 801 since it relates solely to agency management and personnel.

List of Subjects in 41 CFR Chapter 102

Government property management.

Interim Rule Adopted as Final Without Change

For the reasons set forth in the preamble and under the authority of 40 U.S.C. 486(c), the interim rule amending Title 41 of the Code of Federal Regulations which was published at 64 FR 39083 on July 21, 1999, is adopted as a final rule without change.

Dated: February 14, 2000.

David J. Barram,

Administrator of General Services. [FR Doc. 00–4435 Filed 2–24–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–34–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Children and Families

45 CFR Part 1000

RIN 0970-ACO2

Individual Development Accounts

AGENCY: Office of Community Services, ACF, HHS.

ACTION: Interim final rule with comment.

SUMMARY: This regulation implements a statutory requirement of the Assets for Independence Act establishing the Assets for Independence Demonstration Program, under title IV of the Community Opportunities, Accountability, and Training and Educational Services Act of 1998. The Act provides competitive demonstration grants for projects to establish, support, and evaluate individual development accounts for low income individuals and families. The statute requires the Secretary of Health and Human Services to prescribe regulations that grantees must follow in accounting for amounts grantees deposit in the reserve fund. This rule implements that provision of the legislation. Other factors in the legislation have been, or will be, addressed administratively, through the grant announcement and award process.

DATES: These regulations are effective February 25, 2000. Consideration will be given to written comments received by April 25, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be submitted in writing to the Office of Community Services, Administration for Children and Families, 370 L'Enfant Promenade, SW, 5th Floor, Washington, DC 20447, Attention: Director of Office of Community Services, Mail Stop: OCS/OD. Comments will be available for public inspection Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the 5th floor of the Department's offices at the above address. Comments may also be submitted by sending electronic mail (email) to RSaul@acf.dhhs.gov, or by telefaxing to 202-401-4687 or 202 (401)-5718. This is not a toll-free number. Comments sent electronically must be in ASCII format.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Sheldon Shalit, Office of Community Services, (202) 401–4807, or Richard Saul, Office of Community Services, (202) 401–9341. Hearing impaired individuals may call the Federal Dual Party Relay Service at 800–877–8339 between 8 a.m. and 7 p.m. eastern time.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

I. Statutory and Regulatory Authority

These rules implement section 407(b)(2) of the Community Opportunities, Accountability, and Training and Educational Services Act of 1998 (Pub. L. 105-285). Under this provision, the Secretary of Health and Human Services is to prescribe by regulation the rules grantees must follow in accounting for monies in reserve funds, established under the Act, which are used for depositing grant funds, the non-Federal matching funds required for establishing individual development accounts, and the proceeds from any investment of such funds.

II. Background

The Assets for Independence Act, or title IV of Pub. L. 105–285, provides for the establishment of Individual Development Account (IDA) demonstration projects to determine how effective IDAs and "asset-building" strategies are in helping low-income people save, acquire productive assets, and achieve economic self-sufficiency. The Act authorizes the Department of Health and Human Services to conduct a five-year Individual Development Account demonstration, through which grants are made to non-profit organizations on a competitive basis.

The statute provides specific and detailed requirements for establishing