- (5) Spectator zone. All vessels that will be viewing the event must remain anchored within a designated area during all ongoing high-speed runs. The sponsor is responsible for marking the spectator zone with 4 buoys on the outer corners.
- (b) Regulations. (1) In accordance with the general regulations in § 165.23 of this part, persons and vessels are prohibited from entering the safety zone unless authorized by the the on-water Safety Officer or a designated representative. A designated representative is a commissioned, warrant, or petty officer of the U.S. Coast Guard assigned to units under the operational control of USCG Sector Houston-Galveston.
- (2) Persons or vessels desiring to enter into or pass through the zone must request permission from the on-water Safety Officer or a designated representative. They may be contacted on VHF radio Channel 16.
- (3) If permission is granted, all persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the on-water Safety Officer or designated representative while navigating in the regulated area.
- (c) Enforcement period: This safety zone will be enforced from from 7 a.m. to 2 p.m. on June 25, 2021.

J.E. Smith,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Houston-Galveston.

[FR Doc. 2021–13229 Filed 6–23–21; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 165

[Docket No. USCG-2021-0368]

Special Local Regulations; City of North Charleston Fireworks; Charleston, SC

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS. **ACTION:** Notice of enforcement of regulation.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard will enforce a special local regulation for the City of North Charleston's Fireworks Display on July 4, 2021 from 8 p.m. until 10 p.m., to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during the event. The Coast Guard will enforce a temporary safety zone during the City of North Charleston's Fireworks Display occurring at Waterfront Park on the Cooper River, in Charleston, South Carolina. The temporary safety zone is

necessary to protect vessels, spectators, and the general public during the event. During the enforcement period, no person or vessel may enter, transit through, anchor in, or remain within the designated area unless authorized by the Captain of the Port Charleston (COTP) or a designated representative.

DATES: The regulation in 33 CFR 100.704, Table 1 to § 100.704, Item No. (5), will be enforced from 8 p.m. until 10 p.m. on July 4, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this proposed rulemaking, call or email Lieutenant Commander Chad Ray, Sector Charleston Office of Waterways Management, Coast Guard; telephone (843) 740–3184, email Chad.L.Ray@uscg.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Coast Guard will enforce the special local regulation in 33 CFR 100.704, Table 1 to § 100.704, Item No. (5), for the City of North Charleston's Fireworks Display on July 4, 2021 from 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. This action is being taken to provide for the safety of life on navigable waterways during this event. The regulation in § 100.704, Table 1 to § 100.704, Item No. (5), specifies the location of the regulated area for the City of North Charleston's Fireworks Display, which encompasses a portion of the Cooper River at River Front Park in Charleston, South Carolina. During the enforcement periods, as reflected in § 100.704(c)(1), if you are the operator of a vessel in the regulated area you must comply with directions of the COTP Charleston or from his designated representative, including the Patrol Commander or any Official Patrol displaying a Coast Guard ensign.

In addition to this notice of enforcement in the **Federal Register**, the Coast Guard plans to provide notification of this enforcement period via the Local Notice to Mariners, Broadcast Notice to Mariners, and onscene designated representatives.

Dated: June 17, 2021.

J.D. Cole,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Charleston.

[FR Doc. 2021-13255 Filed 6-23-21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-04-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

42 CFR Parts 510

[CMS-5529-CN]

RIN 0938-AU01

Medicare Program: Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Model Three Year Extension and Changes to Episode Definition and Pricing; Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Policy and Regulatory Revisions in Response to the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency; Additional Policy and Regulatory Revisions in Response to the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency; Correction

AGENCY: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

summary: This document corrects technical errors that appeared in the final rule published in the May 3, 2021, Federal Register, titled "Medicare Program: Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement Model Three Year Extension and Changes to Episode Definition and Pricing; Medicare and Medicaid Programs; Policy and Regulatory Revisions in Response to the COVID–19 Public Health Emergency; Additional Policy and Regulatory Revisions in Response to the COVID–19 Public Health Emergency."

DATES: This correction is effective on July 2, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Heather Holsey, (410) 786–0028. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

In FR Doc. 2021–09097 of May 3, 2021 (86 FR 23496), there were technical errors in the preamble that are identified and corrected in this correcting document. The provisions in this correction document apply as if they had been included in the document published May 3, 2021.

II. Summary of Errors

On page 23553, we stated that all Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement (CJR) model procedures, as of CY 2021, could be performed in ambulatory surgical centers (ASCs), erroneously indicating that they would all be paid for by Medicare. We failed to note the exception to the ASC covered procedure list policy that excludes procedures that had been on

the inpatient only (IPO) list as of December 31, 2020, which is codified at 42 CFR 416.166(b)(2)(ii)(A). Therefore, we erroneously suggested that total ankle replacement (TAR) is on the list of ASC covered surgical procedures and can be paid for by Medicare when performed in the ASC, whereas TAR is actually subject to the exception at § 416.166(b)(2)(ii)(A) and is not paid for by Medicare when performed in the ASC. We are revising that paragraph in the preamble to state that total knee arthroplasty (TKA) and total hip arthroplasty (THA) are both on the ASC covered surgical procedures list, and we are deleting the reference to TAR.

III. Waiver of Proposed Rulemaking and Delay in Effective Date

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), the agency is required to publish a notice of the proposed rule in the **Federal Register** before the provisions of a rule take effect. Specifically, 5 U.S.C. 553 requires the agency to publish a notice of the proposed rule in the Federal Register that includes a reference to the legal authority under which the rule is proposed, and the terms and substance of the proposed rule or a description of the subjects and issues involved. Further, 5 U.S.C. 553 requires the agency to give interested parties the opportunity to participate in the rulemaking through public comment before the provisions of the rule take effect. Similarly, section 1871(b)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act) requires the Secretary to provide for notice of the proposed rule in the Federal Register and provide a period of not less than 60 days for public comment for rulemaking to carry out the administration of the Medicare program under title XVIII of the Act. In addition, section 553(d) of the APA, and section 1871(e)(1)(B)(i) of the Act mandate a 30day delay in effective date after issuance or publication of a rule. Sections 553(b)(B) and 553(d)(3) of the APA provide for exceptions from the notice and comment and delay in effective date APA requirements. In cases in which these exceptions apply, sections 1871(b)(2)(C) and 1871(e)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act, also provide exceptions from the notice and 60-day comment period and delay in effective date requirements of the Act. Section 553(b)(B) of the APA and section 1871(b)(2)(C) of the Act authorize an agency to dispense with normal rulemaking requirements for good cause if the agency makes a finding that the notice and comment process are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest. In addition, both section 553(d)(3) of the

APA and section 1871(e)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act allow the agency to avoid the 30-day delay in effective date where such delay is contrary to the public interest and an agency includes a statement of support.

We believe that this correcting document does not constitute a rule that would be subject to the notice and comment or delayed effective date requirements of the APA or section 1871 of the Act. This correcting document corrects technical errors in the preamble of the final rule but does not make substantive changes to the policies that were adopted in the final rule. As a result, this correcting document is intended to ensure that the information in the final rule accurately reflects the policies adopted in that final rule.

In addition, even if this were a rule to which the notice and comment procedures and delayed effective date requirements applied, we find that there is good cause to waive such requirements. Undertaking further notice and comment procedures to incorporate the corrections in this document into the final rule or delaying the effective date would be contrary to the public interest because it is in the public's interest to ensure that the final rule accurately reflects our policies. Furthermore, such procedures would be unnecessary, as we are not altering payment eligibility or benefit methodologies or policies, but rather, simply correcting the preamble description of policies that we previously proposed, received comment on, and subsequently finalized. This correcting document is intended solely to ensure that the final rule accurately reflects these policies. Therefore, we believe we have good cause to waive the requirements for notice and comment and delay of effective date.

IV. Correction of Errors

In FR Doc. 2021–09097 of May 3, 2021 (86 FR 23496), make the following corrections:

1. On page 23553, second column, first partial paragraph,

a. Lines 6 through 11, the phrase "remove TAR and certain other orthopedic procedures from the IPO list and allow all procedures not on the IPO list to be paid when furnished in both the outpatient hospital and ASC settings" is corrected to read "add THAs to the ASC covered procedures list".

b. Lines 11 through 13, the phrase "all procedures included in the CJR model can, as of CY 2021, be performed in the ASC setting" is corrected to read "both TKA and THA may, as of CY 2021, be paid for by Medicare when furnished in the ASC setting".

c. Line 15, the phrase "hospital setting is corrected to read "hospital settings."

Karuna Seshasai,

Executive Secretary to the Department, Department of Health and Human Services. [FR Doc. 2021–13324 Filed 6–23–21; 8:45 am]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 51

[WC Docket No. 18-156; FCC 20-143; FRS #33399]

8YY Charge Reform

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Final rule; announcement of effective date.

SUMMARY: In this document, the Commission announces that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has approved, for a period of three years, the information collection associated with the Commission's 8YY Charge Reform Report and Order (Order)'s toll free or 8YY intercarrier compensation rules. This document is consistent with the Order, which stated that the Commission would publish a document in the Federal Register announcing the effective date of those rules.

DATES: The amendments to §§ 51.907(i) through (k) (instruction 4), 51.909(l) through (o) (instruction 5), and 51.911(e) (instruction 6.b), published at 85 FR 75894, November 27, 2020, are effective June 24, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Ahuva Battams, Pricing Policy Division, Wireline Competition Bureau, at (202) 418–1565, or email: ahuva.battams@fcc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document announces that, on May 13, 2021, OMB approved, for a period of three years, the information collection requirements relating to the 8YY intercarrier compensation rules contained in the Commission's Order. FCC 20-143, published at 85 FR 75894. The OMB Control Number is 3060-0298. The Commission publishes this document as an announcement of the effective date of the rules. If you have any comments on the burden estimates listed below, or how the Commission can improve the collections and reduce any burdens caused thereby, please contact Nicole Ongele, Federal Communications Commission, 45 L St. NE, Washington, DC 20554. Please