3758; faxogram (801) 524–3858; *rpeterson@uc.usbr.gov.*

Dated: January 31, 2001.

Larry L. Todd,

Director, Operations, (Exercising the Commissioner's authority).

[FR Doc. 01-2975 Filed 2-2-01; 8:45 am]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-671-673 (Review)]

Silicomanganese From Brazil, China, and Ukraine

Determinations

On the basis of the record ¹ developed in the subject five-year reviews, the United States International Trade Commission determines, ² pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)) (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on silicomanganese from Brazil and China and termination of the suspended investigation on silicomanganese from Ukraine would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.

Background

The Commission instituted these reviews on November 2, 1999 (64 FR 59209), and determined on February 3, 2000, that it would conduct full reviews (64 FR 7891, February 16, 2000). Notice of the scheduling of the Commission's reviews and of a public hearing to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register on August 14, 2000 (64 F.R. 49595). The hearing was held in Washington, DC, on November 14, 2000, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission transmitted its determinations in these reviews to the Secretary of Commerce on January 25, 2001. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3386 (January 2001), entitled Silicomanganese from Brazil, China,

and Ukraine: Investigations Nos. 731-TA-671-673 (Review).

Issued: January 31, 2001. By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–2966 Filed 2–2–01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-470-472 (Review)]

Silicon Metal From Argentina, Brazil, and China

Determinations

On the basis of the record ¹ developed in the subject five-year reviews, the United States International Trade Commission determines, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1675(c)) (the Act), that revocation of the antidumping duty order on silicon metal from Argentina would not be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.² The Commission further determines that revocation of the antidumping duty orders on silicon metal from Brazil and China would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.3

Background

The Commission instituted these reviews on November 2, 1999 (64 FR 59209) and determined on February 3, 2000 that it would conduct full reviews (65 FR 7891, February 16, 2000). Notice of the scheduling of the Commission's reviews and of a public hearing to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register on August 14, 2000 (65 FR 49595). The hearing was held in Washington, DC, on November 14, 2000, and all persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to appear in person or by counsel.

The Commission transmitted its determinations in these reviews to the Secretary of Commerce on January 25, 2001. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 3385 (January 2001), entitled *Silicon Metal from Argentina, Brazil, and China: Investigations Nos. 731–TA–470–472 (Review).*

Issued: January 31, 2001. By order of the Commission.

Donna R. Koehnke.

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 01–2967 Filed 2–2–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigations Nos. 731-TA-865-867 (Final)]

Certain Stainless Steel Butt-Weld Pipe Fittings From Italy, Malaysia, and the Philippines

Determinations

On the basis of the record 1 developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission determines,² pursuant to section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act), that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of certain stainless steel butt-weld pipe fittings from Italy, Malaysia, and the Philippines, provided for in subheading 7307.23.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that have been found by the Department of Commerce to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The Commission further determines that critical circumstances do not exist with regard to those imports of the subject merchandise from Italy and the Philippines that were subject to affirmative critical circumstances determinations by the Department of Commerce.3

Background

The Commission instituted these investigations effective December 29, 1999, following receipt of a petition filed with the Commission and the Department of Commerce by Alloy Piping Products, Inc., Shreveport, LA;

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² Neither former Commissioner Thelma J. Askey nor Commissioner Dennis M. Devaney participated.

 $^{^1}$ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR \S 207.2(f))

² Vice Chairman Okun, former Commissioner Askey, and Commissioner Devaney not participating. Commissioner Bragg dissenting.

³ Vice Chairman Okun, former Commissioner Askey, and Commissioner Devaney not participating.

¹ The record is defined in sec. 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² Commissioner Dennis M. Devaney not participating.

³ Commissioner Lynn M. Bragg found that critical circumstances exist with regard to those imports of the subject merchandise from Italy and the Philippines that were subject to affirmative critical circumstances determinations by the Department of Commerce.