

Sarmiento had an interest at the time of his conviction.³

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

First, from the date of this Order until November 19, 2030, Rene Sarmiento, with a last known address of Inmate Number: 16139–579, FCI Beaumont Low, Federal Correctional Institution, P.O. Box 26020, Beaumont, TX 77720, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

Second, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, pursuant to section 1760(e) of ECRA and sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Sarmiento by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

Fourth, in accordance with part 756 of the Regulations, Sarmiento may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of part 756 of the Regulations.

Fifth, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Sarmiento and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Sixth, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until November 19, 2030.

John Sonderman,

Director, Office of Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2022–26515 Filed 12–6–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

In the Matter of: Tian Min Wu, Room 10–7–401 Kangjiayuan, Gaobeidian North Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China 100025; Order Denying Export Privileges

On June 9, 2021, in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California, Tian Min Wu (“Wu”) was convicted of violating section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C 2778) (“AECA”). Specifically, Wu was

convicted of knowingly and willfully soliciting the export of, attempting to export and causing others to export from the United States, a Decoder, a defense article as defined in Category XI of the United States Munition List, without first obtaining from the U.S. Department of State a license for such export or written approval. As a result of his conviction, the Court sentenced Wu to 52 months or time served in prison, three years of supervised release and a \$100 assessment.

Pursuant to section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”), the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, section 38 of the AECA, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. *See* 50 U.S.C. 4819(e). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (“BIS”) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Wu’s conviction for violating section 38 of the AECA. BIS provided notice and opportunity for Wu to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”). 15 CFR 766.25.¹ BIS has not received and considered a written submission from Wu.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS’s Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Wu’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Wu’s conviction. The Office of Exporter Services has also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Wu had an interest at the time of his conviction.²

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

First, from the date of this Order until June 9, 2031, Tian Min Wu, with a last known address of Room 10–7–401 Kangjiayuan, Gaobeidian North Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China 100025, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as

¹ The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730 through 774 (2022).

² The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders, pursuant to amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).

³ The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders pursuant to amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).

“item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

Second, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, pursuant to section 1760(e) of ECRA (50 U.S.C. 4819(e)) and sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Wu by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

Fourth, in accordance with part 756 of the Regulations, Wu may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of part 756 of the Regulations.

Fifth, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Wu and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Sixth, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until June 9, 2031.

John Sonderman,

Director, Office of Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2022–26518 Filed 12–6–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DT–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

Order Denying Export Privileges; In the Matter of: Mark Komoroski, 620 Fairchild Street, Nanticoke, PA 18634

On February 14, 2020, in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, Mark Komoroski (“Komoroski”), was convicted of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C 1701, *et seq.*) (“IEEPA”). Specifically, Komoroski was convicted of unlawfully and willfully attempting to export and attempting to cause and to be exported from the United States to Russia one Leupold VX–6, 1–6x24mm CDS Matte FireDot Circle 112319 riflescope, an item designated ECCN 0A987 on the Commerce Control List at the time of export, and which required a license for export to Russia. Komoroski failed to first obtain the required authorization and license for such export from the U.S. Department of Commerce. As a result of his conviction, the Court sentenced Komoroski to seven months incarceration, two years of supervised release, \$100 court assessment, and a \$1,000 fine. Komoroski was also placed on U.S. Department of State’s debarred list.

Pursuant to section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (“ECRA”),¹ the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, IEEPA, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Komoroski’s conviction for violating IEEPA, and has provided notice and opportunity for Komoroski to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations (“EAR” or the “Regulations”). 15 CFR 766.25.² BIS has received and considered a written submission from Komoroski.

Based upon my review of the record, including Komoroski’s submission, and consultations with BIS’s Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Komoroski’s export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Komoroski’s conviction. The Office of Exporter Services has also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Komoroski had an interest at the time of his conviction.³

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

First, from the date of this Order until February 14, 2030, Mark Komoroski, with a last known address of, 620 Fairchild Street, Nanticoke, PA 18634, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying,

¹ ECRA was enacted on August 13, 2018, as part of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 and, as amended, is codified at 50 U.S.C. 4801–4852.

² The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730 through 774 (2022).

³ The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders, pursuant to amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).