coordinates 34–13–35 N. and 118–3–58 W.

With this action, this proceeding is terminated.

**DATES:** This document will become effective 60 days after concurrence of the Mexican government is obtained. The FCC will publish a document announcing when the concurrence has been obtained, and also give that effective date.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Joyce Bernstein, Media Bureau, (202) 418–1600.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a synopsis of the Commission's Report and Order, MB Docket No. 02-223, adopted September 10, 2002, and released September 17, 2002. The full text of this document is available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours in the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II. 445 12th Street, SW., Room CY-A257. Washington, DC. This document may also be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Qualex International, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW., CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, telephone 202-863-2893, facsimile 202-863-2898, or via e-mail qualexint@aol.com.

### **List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 73**

Digital television broadcasting, Television.

Part 73 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

# PART 73—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 47 U.S.C. 154, 303, 334 and 336.

# §73.622 [Amended]

2. Section 73.622(b), the Table of Allotments under California, is amended by adding Avalon, DTV channel 47c.

Federal Communications Commission.

### Barbara A. Kreisman,

Chief, Video Division, Media Bureau. [FR Doc. 02–29381 Filed 11–19–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Parts 600 and 660

[Docket No. 011231309-2090-03; I.D. 111302A]

Fisheries off West Coast States and in the Western Pacific; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Annual Specifications and Management Measures; Trip Limit Adjustments; Correction

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Inseason trip limit adjustments and correction; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces trip limit changes in the Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries for flatfish sub-limits in the exempted trawl fishery for California halibut and trip limit corrections for minor nearshore and widow rockfish in the limited entry trawl fisheries. These actions, which are authorized by the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP), will allow fisheries access to healthy groundfish stocks while protecting overfished and depleted stocks.

DATES: Effective 0001 hours local time November 20, 2002 until the 2003 annual specifications and management measures are effective, unless modified, superseded, or rescinded through a publication in the Federal Register.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments to D. Robert Lohn, Administrator, Northwest Region, NMFS, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Seattle, WA 98115–0070; or Rod McInnis, Acting Administrator, Southwest Region, NMFS, 501 West Ocean Blvd, Suite 4200, Long Beach, CA 90802–4213.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Carrie Nordeen (Northwest Region, NMFS), phone: 206–526–6140; fax: 206–526–6736; and e-mail: carrie.nordeen@noaa.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Electronic Access**

This **Federal Register** document is available on the Government Printing Office's Web site at:http://www.access.gpo.gov/su\_docs/ca/docs/aces/aces140.html. Background information and documents are available at the NMFS Northwest Region Web site at: http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/1sustfsh/gdfsh01.htm and at the Pacific

Fishery Management Council's Web site at: http://www.pcouncil.org.

### **Background**

The Pacific Coast Groundfish FMP and its implementing regulations at 50 CFR part 660, subpart G, regulate fishing for over 80 species of groundfish off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. Annual groundfish specifications and management measures are initially developed by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Pacific Council), and are implemented by NMFS. The specifications and management measures for the current fishing year (January 1-December 31, 2002) were initially published in the Federal Register as an emergency rule for January 1-February 28, 2002 (67 FR 1540, January 11, 2002), as a proposed rule for all of 2002 (67 FR 1555, January 11, 2002), and as a final rule effective March 1, 2002 (67 FR 10490, March 7, 2002). The final rule was subsequently amended at 67 FR 15338, April 1, 2002; at 67 FR 18117, April 15, 2002; at 67 FR 30604, May 7, 2002; at 67 FR 40870, June 14, 2002; at 67 FR 44778, July 5, 2002; at 67 FR 48571, July 25, 2002; at 67 FR 50835, August 6, 2002; at 67 FR 55166, August 28, 2000; at 67 FR 56497, September 4, 2002; at 67 FR 57973, September 13, 2002; at 67 FR 62204, October 4, 2002; at 67 FR 62401. October 7, 2002; and at 67 FR 64826, October 22, 2002.

The following changes to current groundfish management measures were recommended by the Pacific Council, in consultation with Pacific Coast Treaty Tribes and the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, at its October 29—November 1, 2002, meeting in Foster City, CA. Pacific Coast groundfish landings will be monitored throughout the year, and further adjustments will be made as necessary to allow achievement of or to avoid exceeding the 2002 optimum yields (OYs) and allocations.

Limited Entry Trawl Small Footrope Limits for Nearshore Rockfish and Widow Rockfish North of 40°10' N. lat.

On September 10, 2002, NMFS implemented an emergency rule to establish new depth-based management measures in the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery north of 40°10′ N. lat. for September-December 2002 (67 FR 57973, September 13, 2002). This emergency rule created the Darkblotched Rockfish Conservation Area (DBCA) to protect darkblotched rockfish, an overfished species, and reopened areas outside the DBCA to limited entry trawl harvest of healthy groundfish stocks that otherwise would have been foregone to protect

darkblotched rockfish. Fishing with limited entry trawl large footrope gear has been permitted seaward of the DBCA September-December and fishing with limited entry small footrope gear has been permitted shoreward of the DBCA during October-December.

When setting rockfish incidental catch allowance recommendations for the area shoreward of the DBCA in October's inseason action (67 FR 62401. October 7, 2002), the Pacific Council overlooked allowances for nearshore rockfish and widow rockfish. After discussing this issue at its October/ November meeting, instead of prohibiting retention of nearshore and widow rockfish, the Pacific Council recommended limited entry trawl small footrope limits of 300 lb (136 kg) per month for nearshore rockfish and 500 lb (227 kg) per month for widow rockfish for the November-December cumulative period north of 40°10' N. lat. These incidental catch allowances will decrease the discard of rockfish incidentally taken with nearshore flatfish species, but are not expected to cause the 2002 OYs for any rockfish species or species group to be exceeded.

Exempted California Trawl Sub-limit for Flatfish South of 40°10' N. lat.

Another incidental catch allowance issue brought to the Pacific Council's attention at their October/November meeting was that of groundfish retention in the exempted trawl fishery for California halibut. Since July 1, 2002 (67 FR 44778), all groundfish retention with exempted trawl gear south of 40°10' N. lat. has been prohibited to protect bocaccio. In addition to slowing the catch of bocaccio, prohibiting the retention of all groundfish species taken with exempted trawl gear has resulted in the discard of small amounts of valuable flatfish species in the trawl fishery for California halibut. Because flatfish species are taken incidentally with California halibut at depths shallower than where bocaccio are typically found (less than 40 fm (73 m)), an incidental catch allowance for nearshore flatfish is not expected to result in additional catch of bocaccio rockfish. Therefore, the Pacific Council recommended a California halibut exempted trawl flatfish sub-limit of up to 100 lb (45 kg) per day, provided that flatfish are landed with at least one California halibut, and an exempted trawl flatfish limit of between 100 lb (45

kg) and 300 lb (136 kg) per day, not to exceed 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) per month, provided the amount of flatfish landed does not exceed the amount of California halibut landed. Because of the small size of this incidental catch allowance and the variability of California halibut catch rates, the Pacific Council recommended suspension of the previous requirement that groundfish poundage not exceed nongroundfish poundage for flatfish landings of less than 100 lb (45 kg). These low incidental catch allowances are not expected to result in an effort shift whereby vessels would be targeting flatfish.

# **NMFS Actions**

For the reasons stated herein, NMFS concurred with the Pacific Council's recommendations and hereby announces the following changes to the 2002 specifications and management measures:

1. On page 10517 in the March 7, 2002, issue of the **Federal Register**, in section IV., under B. Limited Entry Fishery, at the end of paragraph (1), Table 3 is revised to read as follows:

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S

# **IV. NMFS Actions**

B. Limited Entry Fishery

(1) \* \* \*

Table 3. Trip Limits  $^{\prime\prime}$  and Gear Requirements  $^{2\prime}$  for Limited Entry Trawl Gear

line	Other Limits and Requirements Species/groups	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC			
							VLING IS PROHIBITED SHOREWARD			
OF	THE DBCA DURING SEPTEMB	ER. SMALL FOO		IS REQUIRED SHOREWARD SEAWARD OF THE DBCA SE		OCT-DEC, AND LARG	E FOOTROPE GEAR IS PERMITTED			
	Minor slope rockfish	T		SENVINO OF THE BECASE	P-DLO.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
2	North	<del></del>		800 lb/2 months			<b></b>			
3 ~	South	<u> </u>				600 lb / 2 months	1,800 lb / 2 months			
4	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	50,000 lb/	2 months	5,000 lb/ 2 mont	hs					
5	South of 36° N. lat.		50	000 lb/ 2 months		25,000 lb/ 2 months	40,000 lb/ 2 months			
7	Splitnose - South <sup>er</sup> 40°10' - 36° N. lat.	25 000 lb	2 months	5,000 lb/ 2 months		ı	1,800 lb / 2 months			
, Я	South of 36° N. lat.	23,000 101		000 lb/ 2 months		25,000 lb/ 2 months	40,000 lb/ 2 months			
٠.	Pacific ocean perch - North <sup>6</sup>	2 000 1	of month	4,000 lb/ month	1 400	) lb/ 2 months	2,000 lb / month			
_	Chilipepper - South	2,000 1	w monun	4,000 13 11101111	1,00					
11	mid-water trawl		25,000 16/	2 months	I					
12	small footrope trawl	7,500 lb/ 2 months		4,000 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED <sup>7/</sup>					
13	large footrope trawl		to exceed smal mits at any time	footrope cumulative 2-month		OLC.				
14	DTS complex - North		inits at any time	doing the year.	<u> </u>					
′	D10 complex - Hora				T 2 000 15/2	In times and areas	Γ			
15	Sablefish	6,000 lb/	2 months	3,500 lb/ 2 months	3,000 lb/ 2 months	where open - 3,500 lb/ 2 months	2,600 lb/ 2 months			
16	Longspine thornyhead	10,000 lb/	2 months	6,000 lb/ 2 months	1,500 lb/ 2 months	In times and areas where open - 10,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months			
17	Shortspine thornyhead	2,600 lb/	2 months	2,000 lb/ 2 months	1,500 lb/ 2 months	In times and areas where open - 2,600 lb/ 2 months	2,200 lb/ 2 months			
18	Dover sole	30,000 lb/ 28,000 lb/ 2 months 2 months		14,000 lb/ 2 months		In times and areas where open - 20,000 lb/ 2 months	22,000 lb/ 2 months providing that only large footrope or midwater trawl gear is used to land any groundfish species during entire limit period. If small footrope bottom trawl is used at any time in any area (North or South) dunn the entire limit period, then 12,000 lb/ 2 months.			
19	DTS complex - South	+		<u> </u>		L	I			
20	Sablefish <sup>97</sup>				1,500 lb/ 2 mont					
21	Longspine thornyhead Shortspine thornyhead				10,000 lb/2 months 2,600 lb/2 months 22,000 lb/2 months					
23	Dover sole	<del> </del>								
24	Flatfish - North									
25	All other flatfish <sup>3/</sup>	LARGE FOOTROPE: 1,000 lb/trip, not to exceed small footrope cumulative monthly limits, includes arrowtooth flounder.  SMALL FOOTROPE: 15,000 lb/   35,000 lb/		LARGE FOOTROPE: 1,000 lb/trip, not to exceed small footrope curvulative monthly limits. Retention of petrale and rex sole prohibited if large footrope gear is onboard.  SMALL FOOTROPE:	SMALL FOOTROPE REQUIRED: 40,000 lb/ month, no more than 15,000 of	In times and areas where open - 25,000 Ib/ month, no more than 10,000 of which may be petrale sole.	50,000 lb/ month, no more than 20,00 lb / month of which may be petrale			
		month	month	30,000 lb/ month, no more	which may be petrale sole					
	Petrale sole	Not limited, I	arge footrope	than 10,000 of which may be petrale sole	petrale sole					
27	Rex sole		wed		I					
28	Arrowtooth flounder	Atooth flounder LARGE FOOTROPE: include in "all other flatfish" limit.  SMALL FOOTROPE: 30,000 lb/ trp		SMALL FOOTROPE REQUIRED: 7,500 lb/ trip, no more than 30,000 lb/ month; large footrope prohibited		In times and areas where open - 3,500 lb/ trip, no more than 15,000 lb/ month.	30,000 lb/ trip			
29 F	Tatfish - South	1 30,000	לוח וחו	<u> </u>		L	<u> </u>			
30	All other flatfish <sup>3</sup>	LARGE FOOTROPE: 1,000 Ib/trip, not to exceed small footrope cumulative monthly limits, includes arrowtooth flounder.  SMALL FOOTROPE: 70,000 lb/ month, no more than 40,000 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs.  Not limited, large footrope allowed		LARGE FOOTROPE: 1,000 lb/trip, not to exceed small footrope cumulative monthly limits. Retention of petrale and rex sole prohibited if large footrope gear is onboard.		·LOSED"	CLOSED <sup>77</sup> With the following exceptions: Petral sole 30 000 lb/2 months: Pey sole			
24	Debrie sala			SMALL FOOTROPE: 70,000 lb/month, no more than 40,000 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. Of the species other than Pacific sanddabs,	With the exception of 1,000 lb/ trip of rex sole, petrale sole, English sole, and arrowtooth flounder combined when landed with DTS complex. The amount of per trip flaffish landings must not exceed the amount of DTS		English sole and arrowtooth flounder combined when landed with DTS			
31	Petrale sole Rex sole			no more than 15,000 lb may be petrale sole.	landed. Landi	ngs may be made with rge footrope gear.	must not exceed the amount of DTS and Petrale sole landed. Landings ma be made with small or large footrope			
33	Arrowtooth flounder	LARGE FOOTR in "all other fl SMALL FO	atfish" limit.	SMALL FOOTROPE REQUIRED: 7,500 lb/ trip, no more than 30,000 lb/ month; large footrope prohibited			gear.			
		30,000	lb/ trip							
a	Vhiting∜	20,000	TC 7 L	Primary Seasor			CLOSED"			

CLOSED7/, except grenadier retention permitted.

Table 3 (CONTINUED) Trip Limits 11 and Gear Requirements 21 for Limited Entry Trawl Gear

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read Sections IV. A. and B. NMFS Actions before using this table line Species/groups JAN-FEB MAR-APR MAY-JUN JUL-AUG NOV-DEC ",NOTE FOR NORTH OF 40°10" N. LAT.: ALL TRAWLING WITH GROUNDFISH GEAR IS PROHIBITED WITHIN THE DBCA". ALL TRAWLING IS PROHIBITED SHOREWARD OF THE DBCA DURING SEPTEMBER. SMALL FOOTROPE GEARS IS REQUIRED SHOREWARD OF THE DBCA OCT-DEC, AND LARGE FOOTROPE GEAR IS PERMITTED SEAWARD OF THE DBCA SEP-DEC. 35 Minor sper rocktish 1,000 lb/ month, no more than 300 lb of 36 North CLOSED<sup>7</sup> 300 lb / month 300 lb/ month which may be yelloweye rockfish 1,000 lb/ month, no more South 500 lb/ month than 300 lb of which may be CLOSED7 yelloweye rockfish 38 Canary rockfish 600 lb/ 2 200 lb / month 39 North11 200 lb/ 2 months 600 lb/ 2months months CLOSED3 South CLOSED7 CLOSED7 41 Widow rockfish 42 North During primary whiting season, in trips of at least 10,000 lb of whiting: combined widow and yellowtail limit of 500 lb/ trip, cumulative 13,000 lb/ 2 months; no more than 2 CLOSED" mid-water trawl12 CLOSED" trips per vessel per 2 month period widow limit of 1,500 lb/ month 500 lb / month small footrope trawl 1,000 lb/ month CLOSED" South During primary whiting season, in trips of at least 10,000 lb of whiting: CLOSED7 CLOSED7 mid-water trawl combined widow and yellowtail limit of 500 lb/ trip cumulative widow limit of 1,500 lb/ month small footrope traw 1,000 lb/ month CLOSED7 48 Yellowtail - North® During primary whiting season, in trips of at least 10,000 lb of whiting: combined widow 20,000 lb/ 2 months; no more than 2 CLOSED" mid-water trawl12 CLOSED7 and yellowtail limit of 500 lb/ trip, cumulative trips per vessel per 2 month period yellowtail limit of 2,000 lb/ month In landings without flatfish, 1,000 lb/ month. As flatfish bycatch, per trip limit is As flatfish bycatch, per trip limit is the sum of 33% the sum of 33% (by weight) of all flatfish except arrowtooth flounder, plus 10% (by weight) of all flatfish except arrowtooth 50 small footrope trawl CLOSED7 (by weight) of arrowtooth flounder. Combined with and without flatfish, not to flounder, plus 10% (by weight) of arrowtooth exceed 30,000 lb/ 2 months. flounder not to exceed 4.500 lb/ month. 51 Bocaccio - South 600 lb/ 2 months 1,000 lb/ 2 months CLOSED' 52 Cowcod 53 Minor nearshore rockfish North 300 lb / month 300 lb/ month CLOSED7 South 300 lb/ month 56 Lingcod 57 North 1 000 lb/ 2 months 500 lb / month South 800 lb/2 months 58 1.000 lb/ 2 months CLOSED7 59 Other Fish<sup>10</sup> Not limited, except spiny dogfish prohibited with 60 North Grenadier retention large footrope gear. Not limited permitted

- 1/ Trip limits apply coastwide unless otherwise specified. "North" means 40°10' N. lat. to the U.S.-Canada border. "South" means 40°10' N. lat. to the U.S.-Mexico border. 40°10' N. lat. is about 20 nm south of Cape Mendocino, CA
- 2/ Gear requirements and prohibitions are explained above. See IV.A.(14).

61 South

- 3/ "Other" flatfish means all flatfish at 50 CFR 660.302 except those in this Table 3 with species specific management measures, including trip limits.
- 4/ The whiting "per trip" limit in the Eureka area shoreward 100 fm is 10,000 lb/ trip from January 1 August 31, 2002. From September 1 December 31, 2002, the whiting fishery is closed.
- 5/ Small footrope trawl means a bottom trawl net with a footrope no larger than 8 inches (20 cm) in diameter. In areas where trawl gear is restricted, only one type of trawl gear is allowed on board at any one time. See above.
- 6/ Yellowtail rockfish in the south and bocaccio and chilipepper rockfishes in the north are included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish
- in the appropriate area. POP in the south and splitnose rockfish in the north are included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish in the appropriate area.
- 7/ Closed means that it is prohibited to take and retain, possess, or land the designated species in the time or area indicated. See IV.A.(7).
- 8/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
- 9/ The minimum size requirement for sablefish is 20 inches (51 cm) total length and no more than 500 lb of undersized sablefish may be landed per trip.
- 10/ Other fish are defined at 50 CFR 660.302, as those groundfish species or species groups for which there is no trip limit, size limit, quota, or harvest guideline.
- 11/ All trawling is prohibited within the DBCA (between approximately 100 and 250 fathoms north of 40°10' N. lat.); gear must be covered and stowed whe transiting through the area. See IV.A.(22).
- 12/ The states of Washington and Oregon require a declaration of intent prior to fishing with midwater trawl gear in the DBCA (between approximately 100 and 250 fathoms north of 40°10' N. lat.). Contact the appropriate state enforcement officials for details. Fishing for widow and yellowtail rockfish with midw trawl gear is permitted in the DBCA during Nov-Dec as noted in the Table 3.
- To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

2. On page 10520 in the same issue, in section IV., under C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery, at the end of paragraph (1), Table 5 is revised to read as follows:

# **IV. NMFS Actions**

# C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery

(1) \* \* \*

Table 5. Trip Limits" for Open Access Gears
Other Limits and Requirements Apply - Read Sections IV. A. and C. NMFS Actions before using this table Exceptions for exempted gears at Section IV.C.

	Species/groups	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP	-OCT	NOV-DEC		
	Minor slope rocktish		······································							
2	North		Per tri	p, no more than 25%	of weight of the sablet	ish landed				
3	South	i								
4	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	10,000 lb/ 2 months 5,000 lb/ 2 months 1,800 lb/ 2 months								
5 -	South of 36° N. lat.	10,000 lb/ 2 months								
6	Splitnose - South	200 lb/ month								
	Pacific ocean perch - North	100 lb/ month								
	Sablefish	TOO IN THORU								
-	Oabieriori									
9	North of 36° N. lat. <sup>77</sup>	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 800 lb, not to exceed 2,400 lb/ 2 months week of up to 900 lb, exceed 2,700 lb/ 2 m								
10	South of 36° N. lat.	350 lb/ day, or 1 land to 1,0	ting per week of up 50 lb	3	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb					
11	Thornyheads									
12 -	North of 34° 27' N. lat.	CLOSED <sup>3/</sup>								
13 -	South of 34° 27' N. lat.	50 lb/ day, no more than 2,000 lb/ 2 months								
47	Dover sole	North of 40°10': 3,000 lb/ month, no more than 300 l								
	Arrowtooth flounder	North of 40*10": 3,000 lb/ month, no more than may be species other than Pacific sar								
		3,000 lb/ month, no m	nore than 300 lb of v	which may be species						
	Petrale sole		r than Pacific sando		South of 40°10': Sh	oreward o	f 20 ftm, 3,00	U lb/ month, no m		
	Rex sole				than 300 lb of which			nam Pacific sando		
8 7	All other flatfish <sup>2/</sup>	1				otherwis	e CLOSED <sup>3</sup>			
	Whiting		300 lb	CLOSED						
	Shelf rockfish, including minor shelf r	ockfish, widow and v				-				
1	North	1			b/ month					
2-	South	l		200						
_	OCCUPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	ļı		Shoreward of 20 ftm						
3	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	200 lb/ month	CLOSED	depth, 200 lb/ month, otherwise CLOSED <sup>3</sup>		CLOSED <sup>w</sup>				
24 -	South of 34°27' N. lat.	CLOSED	500 lb	month						
5 7	Canary rockfish									
	Yelloweye rockfish	ļ			OSED <sup>3/</sup>					
	Cowcod			CL	OSED <sup>30</sup>					
87	Bocaccio - South*									
9 -	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	200 lb/ month CLOSED <sup>9</sup>								
30 -	South of 34°27' N. lat.			/ month		CL	OSED			
	Chilipepper - South*	CLOSED	200 10		L					
		COO 167	· ·	OFFIN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
32	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	500 lb/ month		SED <sup>3/</sup>				OSED <sup>30</sup>		
33 -	South of 34°27' N. lat.	CLOSED <sup>30</sup> 2,500		b/ month						
34 ]	Minor nearshore rockfish									
35	North	3,000 lb/ 2 months, if the of which may be black or blue	species other than	6,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 3,000 lb of w may be species other than black or blue rockfi						
36	South			·			L			
37	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	1,200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED <sup>3</sup>	Shoreward of 20 ftm depth, 1,200 lb/ 2 months, otherwise CLOSED <sup>3</sup>	Shoreward of 20 ftm depth, 1,200 lb/ 2 months, otherwise CLOSED <sup>3/</sup>		CLOS	SED <sup>3)</sup>		
38	South of 34°27' N. lat.	CLOSED <sup>y</sup>	1,200 lb/	2 months						
	Lingcod	1 2 1								
0	North	CLOSED <sup>3</sup> 300 lb/month CLOS								
1 -	South	CCOSED.   300 (0) HIGHER								
2	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	CLOS	ED <sup>w</sup>	Shoreward of 20 ftm depth, 300 lb/ month, otherwise CLOSED <sup>3</sup>	Shoreward of 20 ftm depth,		CLOSED			
13 -	South of 34°27' N. lat.	1		300 lb/ month			l			
		1		1			L			
4 (	Other Fish <sup>8/</sup>	]								
5	North						Not limited, except spin dogfish prohibited.			
16	South		Not limited		Grenadier retention	nadier retention permitted		, except grenaction permitted.		
7 7	CALIFORNIA HALIBUT EXEMPTED TR	AWI GEAR					<b></b>			
_										
8	North	CLOSED <sup>3</sup> (groundfish retention prohibited)								
 19	South	For November - December: Vessels using groundfish gear to target California halibut south of 38°57'30" N. lat, are allowed to land up to 100 lb of flatfish per day, provided that flatfish are landed with at least one California halibut, and (2) land between 1 lb and 300 lb of flatfish per day, not to exceed 3,000 lb per month, provided the amount of flatfish landed does not exceed the amount of California halibut landed.								

<sup>1/17</sup>rip limits apply coashwide unless otherwise specified. "North" means 40"10" N. lat. To the U.S.-Canada border. "South" means 40"10" N. lat. To the U.S.-Canada border. "South" means 40"10" N. lat. To the U.S.-Canada border. "South" means 40"10" N. lat. To the U.S.-Wexico border. 40"10" N. lat. is about 20 nm south of Cape Mendocino, CA.

2 "Other flatfish" means as flatfish at 50 CPR 660-302 except hose in this Table 5 with species specific management measures, including trip limits. 32 Closed means that it is prohibited to take and retain, possess, or land the designated species in the time or area indicated. See IV.A.(7).

4/ Yelewall rockfish in the south and bocacio and chilipeoper rockfishes in the north are included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish in the sport price in the sport price area. Pop in the south and spitinose rockfish in the north are included in the trip limits for minor shelp rockfish the appropriate area.

5/ For black rockfish north of Cape Alarva (48"0"3" N.lat.), and between Destruction Island (47"40"0" N.lat.) and Leadbetter Point (46"38"10" N.lat.), there is an additional limit of 100 libs or 30 percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip.

6/ The size limit for lippod is 2.4 inches 61 cm) total length.

7/ The minimum size requirement for sabletish is 20 inches (51 cm) total length between 40"10" N. lat. and 36" N.lat. size limit, suptain limit, size limit

<sup>8/</sup>Other fish are defined at 50 CFR 660.302, as those groundfish species or species groups for which there is no trip limit, size limit, quota, or harvest guideline. To convert pounds to killograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one killogram.

\* \* \* \* \*

3. On page 10521, in column 1, section IV., under C. Trip Limits in the Open Access Fishery, paragraph (2)(a) is revised to read as follows:

(a) Trip limits. (i) North of 40°10' N. lat. The trip limit is 300 lb (136 kg) of groundfish per fishing trip. Limits in Table 5 also apply and are counted toward the 300 lb (136 kg) groundfish limit. In any landing by a vessel engaged in fishing for spot prawns with exempted trawl gear, the amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of the target species landed. The daily trip limits for sablefish may not be multiplied by the number of days of the

fishing trip.

(ii) South of 40°10' N. lat. "It is prohibited to take and retain, possess, or land any groundfish species with exempted trawl gear with the following exceptions: vessels participating in the California halibut fishery south of 38°57'30" N. lat. are allowed to land up to 100 lb (45 kg) of flatfish per day, provided that flatfish are landed with at least one California halibut, and vessels participating in the California halibut fishery south of 38°57'30" N. lat. are allowed to land between 100 lb (45 kg) and 300 lb (136 kg) of flatfish per day, not to exceed 3,000 lb (1,361 kg) per month provided that the amount of flatfish landed does not exceed the amount of California halibut landed."

# Classification

These actions are authorized by the Pacific Coast groundfish FMP and its implementing regulations, and are based on the most recent data available. The aggregate data upon which these actions are based are available for public inspection at the Office of the Administrator, Northwest Region, NMFS, (see ADDRESSES) during business hours.

The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries (AA), NMFS, finds good cause to waive the requirement to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment on this action pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), because providing prior notice and opportunity for comment would be impracticable. It would be impracticable because the trip limit adjustments are for the November-December cumulative trip limit period and affording prior notice and opportunity for public comment would not allow fishers to take advantage of this harvest opportunity. This would impede the agency's function of managing fisheries to approach without exceeding the OY for federally managed species. The AA is also waiving the 30day delay in effectiveness requirement

under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1) because this rule relieves a restriction. Delaying implementation of these trip limit adjustments may cause unnecessary hardship among the West Coast groundfish fleets. In 2002, the West coast groundfish fleet has suffered severe cutbacks in season lengths, areas, and species available to be fished in an effort by the Pacific Council to primarily protect darkblotched and bocaccio rockfish, both overfished species. Both of the trip limit adjustments in this document are increases from the status quo. Increases to trip limits for healthy stocks must be implemented in a timely manner to alleviate some of the economic and social burden fishermen and fishing communities have to bear to protect overfished and depleted groundfish species. Delaying implementation of these trip limit adjustments would restrict fishermen to the reduced trip limits put in place by the July and October inseason actions.

These actions are taken under the authority of 50 CFR 660.323(b)(1) and are exempt from review under Executive Order 12866.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et. seq.

Dated: November 14, 2002.

### Richard W. Surdi,

Acting Director, Office of Sustainable Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 02–29510 Filed 11–19–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–8

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

## 50 CFR Part 635

[Docket No. 011029263-2255-02; I.D. 010201A]

RIN 0648-AO93

# Atlantic Highly Migratory Species; Quotas and Fishing Areas; Trade Monitoring

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** NMFS issues this final rule to amend the regulations governing the Atlantic swordfish fishery to implement recommendations adopted at the 2000 meeting of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT). To facilitate a future 400 metric ton (mt), one-time quota transfer to Japan and to amend the procedures by which any reserve quota

will be appropriated to other fishing categories, NMFS establishes a reserve quota for North Atlantic swordfish. This final rule also maintains the status quo South Atlantic swordfish, North Atlantic albacore, and South Atlantic albacore quotas for 2001; and prohibits imports of Atlantic bigeye tuna harvested by certain countries. NMFS also reinstates regulations inadvertently removed during regulatory consolidation that would prohibit persons and vessels subject to the jurisdiction of the United States from possessing fish taken in violation of ICCAT recommendations or from violating another country's fisheries regulations pertaining to species managed by ICCAT. Finally, NMFS corrects existing trade restrictions to facilitate the enforcement of the swordfish dead discard allowance and to better monitor the importation of swordfish from designated countries. The intent of these actions is to improve the conservation of Atlantic highly migratory species (HMS) and to improve management of the fisheries targeting these species, while allowing harvest and trade consistent with recommendations of ICCAT.

**DATES:** All provisions of this final rule are effective December 20, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the Environmental Assessment/Regulatory Impact Review supporting this action may be obtained from Tyson Kade, Highly Migratory Species Management Division, F/SF1, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910 or on the Web site at <a href="https://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/hmspg.html">www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/hmspg.html</a>.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Tyson Kade, by phone: 301–713–2347; by fax: 301–713–1917.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The U.S. Atlantic swordfish fishery and the tuna fisheries are managed under the Fishery Management Plan for Atlantic Tunas, Swordfish, and Sharks (HMS FMP) and regulations at 50 CFR part 635 under the authority of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act), 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq. and the Atlantic Tunas Convention Act (ATCA), 16 U.S.C. 971 et seq. Regulations issued under the authority of ATCA carry out the recommendations of ICCAT. The November 15, 2001, proposed rule (66 FR 57409) contains the background information for these promulgated measures and that information is not repeated here.

The 2000 ICCAT recommendation relating to the Atlantic bigeye tuna import prohibitions for Belize, Cambodia, Equatorial Guinea, and St.