

eliminate the threat to national security posed by such imports. That Proclamation provided that for automobiles that qualify for preferential tariff treatment under the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA), importers of such automobiles may submit documentation to the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) identifying the amount of U.S. content in each model imported into the United States. With the publication of the notice, ITA is requesting an emergency revision of an existing OMB control number 0625–0143, Domestic and International Client Export Services and Customized Forms Renewal, to meet the requirements of Proclamation 10908. With this notice, ITA is establishing a process for importers of automobiles that qualify for USMCA duty preference to submit documentation supporting a claim that certain parts of the automobile are U.S. content. In the notice, ITA estimated the burden to the public for this notification will average 800 hours (20 respondents * 20 hours per response * 2 expected responses per year), including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The estimated total annual cost to the Federal Government is \$37,000. The public may access this ITA request, including all supporting materials, at www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain and inserting the OMB control number or the name of the collection. Please send written comments to Emily Davis, Director for Public Affairs, 202–482–3809, Emily.Davis@trade.gov. A comment to OMB is best assured of having its full effect if OMB receives it within 60 days of publication of this notice. All written comments submitted in response to this notice will be included in the record and will be made available to the public. Please be advised that the substance of the comments and the identity of the individuals or entities submitting the comments will be subject to public disclosure. Written comments will be publicly available on the internet via <https://www.regulations.gov>.

We are soliciting comments from the public (as well as affected agencies) concerning our information collection and recordkeeping requirements. These comments will help us:

(1) Evaluate whether the information collection is necessary for the proper performance of our agency's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility.

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of our estimate of the burden of the information collection, including the

validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the information collection on those who are to respond (such as through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses).

Estimate of burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 20 hours per response.

Respondents: Private Sector.

Estimated annual number of respondents: 20.

Estimated annual number of responses per respondent: 2.

Estimated annual number of responses: 40.

Estimated total annual burden on respondents: 800.

(Due to averaging, the total annual burden hours may not equal the product of the annual number of responses multiplied by the reporting burden per response.)

Copies of this information collection can be obtained from Emily Davis, Director for Public Affairs, 202–482–3809, Emily.Davis@trade.gov.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor is subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information, subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) (PRA), unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Trevor Kellogg,

Chief of Staff and Senior Advisor, Office of the Under Secretary, International Trade Administration, Commerce Department, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Under Secretary for International Trade.

[FR Doc. 2025–08917 Filed 5–19–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–207, A–570–209, C–570–208, C–570–210]

Less-Than-Fair Value and Countervailing Duty Investigations of Fiberglass Door Panels and Polypropylene Corrugated Boxes From the People's Republic of China; Correction

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; correction.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the notice of initiation for the less-than-fair value (LTFV) and countervailing duty (CVD) investigations of polypropylene corrugated boxes from the People's Republic of China (China) in the **Federal Register** of April 14, 2025, and for the LTFV and CVD investigations of fiberglass door panels from China in the **Federal Register** of April 15, 2025. In those initiation notices, Commerce inadvertently assigned case numbers that are already in use and is thus now assigning new case numbers.

DATES: Applicable May 20, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: T.J. Worthington, AD/CVD Operations, Office III, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4567.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On April 14, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the notice of initiation for the LFTV investigation of polypropylene corrugated boxes from China and the notice of initiation for the CVD investigation of polypropylene corrugated boxes from China.¹ On April 15, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the notice of initiation for the LFTV investigation of fiberglass door panels from China and the notice of initiation for the CVD investigation of fiberglass door panels from China.² In

¹ See *Polypropylene Corrugated Boxes from the People's Republic of China and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations*, 90 FR 15544 (April 14, 2025); see also *Polypropylene Corrugated Boxes from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 90 FR 15555 (April 14, 2025).

² See *Fiberglass Door Panels from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-*

the aforementioned initiation notices, Commerce inadvertently assigned case numbers that are already in use. Below, Commerce is establishing new case numbers for these investigations, all interested parties must use these new case numbers for filings related to the above-mentioned investigations.

Correction 1

In the **Federal Register** of April 14, 2025, in FR Doc 2025–06285, on page 15544, in the first column, correct the case number from “A–570–203” to “A–570–207”.

Correction 2

In the **Federal Register** of April 14, 2025, in FR Doc 2025–06284, on page 15555, in the third column, correct the case number from “C–570–204” to “C–570–208”.

Correction 3

In the **Federal Register** of April 15, 2025, in FR Doc 2025–06383, on page 15684, in the second column, correct the case number from “A–570–201” to “A–570–209”.

Correction 4

In the **Federal Register** of April 15, 2025, in FR Doc 2025–06384, on page 15692, in the third column, correct the case number from “C–570–202” to “C–570–210”.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 702(c)(2) and 732(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: May 15, 2025.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2025–08975 Filed 5–19–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–351–860, A–834–812, A–557–828]

Ferrosilicon From Malaysia: Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value; Ferrosilicon From Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia: Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

Value Investigation, 90 FR 15684 (April 15, 2025); see also *Fiberglass Door Panels from the People’s Republic of China: Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigation*, 90 FR 15692 (April 15, 2025).

SUMMARY: Based on affirmative final determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), Commerce is issuing antidumping duty (AD) orders on ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia. In addition, Commerce is amending its final determination of sales at less than fair value (LTFV) with respect to ferrosilicon from Malaysia to correct ministerial errors.

DATES: Applicable May 20, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jaron Moore or Noah Wetzel (Brazil), Mira Warriar (Kazakhstan), and Jacob Waddell or Carolyn Adie (Malaysia), AD/CVD Operations, Offices VIII, II, and VI, respectively, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3640, (202) 482–7466, (202) 482–8031, (202) 482–1369, or (202) 482–6250, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), on March 28, 2025, Commerce published its affirmative final determinations of sales at LTFV of ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia.¹ In the LTFV investigation of ferrosilicon from Malaysia, the petitioners and a respondent timely alleged that Commerce made certain ministerial errors. See “Amendment to the Malaysia Final Determination of Sales at Less than Fair Value” section below for further discussion.

On May 12, 2025, pursuant to section 735(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its final affirmative determinations that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of dumped imports of ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia, within the meaning of section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act.²

¹ See *Ferrosilicon from Brazil: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 90 FR 14112 (March 28, 2025); see also *Ferrosilicon from Kazakhstan: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less-Than-Fair-Value and Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances*, 90 FR 14077 (March 28, 2025); and *Ferrosilicon from Malaysia: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Final Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances*, 90 FR 14105 (March 28, 2025) (*Malaysia Final LTFV Determination*).

² See ITC’s Letter, “Notice of Final Determinations (Investigation Nos. 701–TA–712–714 and 731–TA–1679–1681),” dated May 12, 2025 (ITC Notification Letter).

Scope of the Orders

The product covered by these orders is ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia. For a complete description of the scope of the orders, see the appendix to this notice.

Amendment to the Final Determination of Sales at LTFV for Malaysia

We determine that we made certain ministerial errors in the sales at LTFV final determination of ferrosilicon from Malaysia. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(e), and as explained further in the Malaysia Ministerial Error Memorandum, Commerce is amending the *Malaysia Final LTFV Determination* to reflect the correction of certain ministerial errors.³ Correction of these errors changes the final AD cash deposit rate for OM Materials (Sarawak) Sdn. Bhd. and Pertama Ferroalloys Sdn. Bhd., as well as the cash deposit rate for all other producers and exporters not individually investigated. The revised rates are listed in the “Estimated Weighted-Average Dumping Margins” section, below.

AD Orders

On May 12, 2025, in accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured within the meaning of section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act by reason of imports of ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia that are sold in the United States at less than fair value.⁴ Therefore, in accordance with sections 735(c)(2) and 736 of the Act, Commerce is issuing these AD orders. Because the ITC determined that imports of ferrosilicon from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia are materially injuring a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from Brazil, Kazakhstan, and Malaysia, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price (or constructed export price) of the merchandise on all relevant entries of ferrosilicon from

³ See Memorandum, “Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Ferrosilicon from Malaysia: Analysis of Ministerial Error Allegations,” dated April 22, 2025 (Malaysia Ministerial Error Memorandum).

⁴ See ITC Notification Letter.