

the United States after importation of certain components for injection molding machines, and products containing the same by reason of the infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent Nos. 9,713,891; 11,794,375; 10,093,053; 8,834,149 and 7,645,132 (the “Asserted Patents”). *Id.* at 102953. The Commission’s notice of investigation (“NOI”) named AOSIMI of Yuyao, Zhejiang, China as the sole respondent. *Id.* at 102954. The Office of Unfair Import Investigations was not named as a party.

On January 24, 2025, the Chief Administrative Law Judge issued an order directing AOSIMI to show cause, no later than February 7, 2025, why it should not be found in default for failing to respond to the complaint and NOI. *See* Order No. 5 (January 24, 2025), at 3. AOSIMI did not respond to the order to show cause.

On February 28, 2025, the Commission issued a notice determining AOSIMI to be in default. *See* Order No. 7 (February 14, 2025), *unreviewed by* Comm’n Notice, 90 FR 11437–38 (Feb. 28, 2025) (the “Remedy Notice”). In the same notice, the Commission asked parties to the investigation, interested government agencies, and any other interested parties to file written submissions on the issues of remedy, the public interest, and bonding. *Id.* On March 14, 2025, Complainants filed a written submission, requesting the Commission to issue a limited exclusion order (“LEO”) and a cease and desist order against AOSIMI. The Commission received no other written submissions in response to the Remedy Notice.

When the conditions in section 337(g)(1)(A)–(E) (19 U.S.C. 1337(g)(1)(A)–(E)) have been satisfied, section 337(g)(1) and Commission Rule 210.16(c) (19 CFR 210.16(c)) direct the Commission, upon request, to issue a limited exclusion order or a cease and desist order or both against a respondent found in default, based on the allegations regarding a violation of section 337 in the Complaint, which are presumed to be true, unless after consideration of the public interest factors in section 337(g)(1), it finds that such relief should not issue.

Having examined the record of this investigation, including the Complainants’ submission in response to the Remedy Notice, the Commission has determined, pursuant to section 337(g)(1) (19 U.S.C. 1337(g)(1)), that the appropriate remedy in this investigation is an LEO prohibiting the unlicensed entry of certain components for injection molding machines, and products containing the same by reason

of the infringement of certain claims of the Asserted Patents. The Commission has determined that the public interest factors enumerated in subsection 337(g)(1) do not preclude the issuance of the requested LEO. Although Complainants requested the Commission to issue a cease and desist order (“CDO”) directed to AOSIMI, the Commission has determined not to issue the requested CDO because of the lack of evidence or allegations that AOSIMI maintains commercially significant inventories and/or engages in significant commercial operations in the United States.

Chair Karpel agrees that section 337(g)(1) is the appropriate authority for issuance of relief in this investigation but disagrees with the determination not to issue the CDO requested by Complainants. Specifically, Chair Karpel supports issuance of both the requested LEO and the requested CDO against AOSIMI because the criteria for issuance of such relief under section 337(g)(1)(A)–(E) are met as to AOSIMI. (19 U.S.C. 1337(g)(1)(A)–(E); *see* Order No. 7 (February 14, 2025), *unreviewed by* Comm’n Notice, 90 FR 11437–38 (Feb. 28, 2025). Here, in addition to an exclusion order, Complainants have requested a CDO as to AOSIMI in their remedy submission before the Commission. Given that sections 337(g)(1)(A)–(E) are satisfied, in Chair Karpel’s view, the statute directs the Commission to issue the requested CDO, subject to consideration of the public interest. Chair Karpel further finds that the public interest factors enumerated in section 337(g)(1) do not preclude the issuance of the CDO directed to AOSIMI. Accordingly, Chair Karpel supports issuance of the CDO, in addition to the issuance of the LEO discussed above, under section 337(g)(1).

The Commission has further determined that the bond during the period of Presidential review pursuant to section 337(j) (19 U.S.C. 1337(j)) shall be in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the entered value of the imported articles that are subject to the LEO.

The investigation is terminated.

The Commission’s vote for this determination took place on April 15, 2025.

The authority for the Commission’s determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in part 210 of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission.

Issued: April 15, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–06719 Filed 4–17–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020–02–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–755–756 and 731–TA–1734–1736 (Preliminary)]

Chassis and Subassemblies From Mexico, Thailand, and Vietnam

Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of chassis and subassemblies from Mexico, Thailand, and Vietnam, provided for in subheadings 8716.39.00 and 8716.90.50 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”) and subsidized by the governments of Mexico and Thailand.²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission’s rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the **Federal Register** as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission’s rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under §§ 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations under §§ 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Any other party may file an entry of appearance for the final phase of the investigations after publication of the final phase notice of scheduling. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 90 FR 13452 and 90 FR 13457 (March 24, 2025).

at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations. As provided in section 207.20 of the Commission's rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigations to parties to the investigations, placing copies on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, <https://edis.usitc.gov>), for comment.

Background

On February 26, 2025, the U.S. Chassis Manufacturers Coalition, whose members are Cheetah Chassis Corporation, Berwick, Pennsylvania and Stoughton Trailers LLC, Stoughton, Wisconsin, filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of subsidized imports of chassis and subassemblies from Mexico and Thailand and LTFV imports of chassis and subassemblies from Mexico, Thailand, and Vietnam. Accordingly, effective February 26, 2025, the Commission instituted countervailing duty investigation Nos. 701-TA-755-756 and antidumping duty investigation Nos. 731-TA-1734-1736 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** of March 4, 2025 (90 FR 11180). The Commission conducted its conference on March 19, 2025. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to §§ 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on April 14, 2025. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5612 (April 2025), entitled *Chassis and Subassemblies from Mexico, Thailand, and Vietnam: Investigation Nos. 701-TA-755-756 and 731-TA-1734-1736 (Preliminary)*.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: April 14, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025-06672 Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA-1527]

Importer of Controlled Substances Application: Scottsdale Research Institute

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: Scottsdale Research Institute has applied to be registered as an importer of basic class(es) of controlled substance(s). Refer to Supplementary Information listed below for further drug information.

DATES: Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants, therefore, may submit electronic comments on or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before May 19, 2025. Such persons may also file a written request for a hearing on the application on or before May 19, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The Drug Enforcement Administration requires that all comments be submitted electronically through the Federal eRulemaking Portal, which provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field on the web page or attach a file for lengthier comments. Please go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the online instructions at that site for submitted comments. Upon submission of your comment, you will receive a Comment Tracking Number. Please be aware that submitted comments are not instantaneously available for public view on <https://www.regulations.gov>. If you have received a Comment Tracking Number, your comment has been successfully submitted and there is no need to resubmit the same comment. All requests for a hearing must be sent to: (1) Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: Hearing Clerk/OALJ, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152, and (2) Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: DEA Federal Register Representative/DPW, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152. All requests for a hearing should also be sent to: Drug Enforcement Administration, Attn: Administrator, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with 21 CFR 1301.34(a), this is notice that on January 13, 2025, Scottsdale Research Institute, 12815 North Cave Creek Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85022, applied to be registered as an importer of the following basic class(es) of controlled substance(s):

Controlled substance	Drug code	Schedule
Marihuana	7360	I

The company plans to import Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients for clinical research by Schedule I registrants. The company aim to meet the needs of Schedule I researchers with these novel compounds. In reference to drug codes 7360 (Marihuana), the company plans to import a synthetic cannabidiol. No other activity for this drug code is authorized for this registration.

Approval of permit applications will occur only when the registrant's business activity is consistent with what is authorized under 21 U.S.C. 952(a)(2).

Authorization will not extend to the import of Food and Drug Administration approved or non-approved finished dosage forms for commercial sale.

Matthew Strait,

Deputy Assistant Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2025-06705 Filed 4-17-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA-1529]

Bulk Manufacturer of Controlled Substances Application: Patheon API Services Inc.

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice.

ACTION: Notice of application.

SUMMARY: Patheon API Services Inc. has applied to be registered as a bulk manufacturer of basic class(es) of controlled substance(s). Refer to Supplementary Information listed below for further drug information.

DATES: Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants, therefore, may submit electronic comments on or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before June 17, 2025. Such persons may also file a written request for a hearing on the application on or before June 17, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The Drug Enforcement Administration requires that all