sheet metal component parts, which it supplied to a manufacturer of cable television amplifiers. Evidence revealed that this customer, to whom the subject firm supplied sheet metal component parts, shifted production to Mexico while reducing purchases from the subject firm. The subject firm's employment declined, in part, because of the loss of this customer.

Based on this evidence, I determine that workers of Quality Fabricating, Inc., North Huntington, Pennsylvania, qualify as secondarily affected pursuant to the Statement of Administrative Action accompanying the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act.

For further information on assistance under Title I of the Workforce Investment Act (WIA), which may be available to workers included under this determination, contact:

Ms. Diane Bosak, Chief Operating Officer, Team Pennsylvania Workforce Investment Board, 901 North Seventh Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120, Telephone: (717) 772–4966, FAX: (717) 783–4660.

Signed in Washington, DC this 9th day of May, 2002.

Linda G. Poole,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 03–22994 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-51,009]

Robert Bosch Tool Corporation (Formerly the Vermont American Corporation) Engineering Center, Louisville, KY; Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration

By a letter postmarked July 17, 2003, petitioners requested administrative reconsideration of the Department's negative determination regarding eligibility for workers and former workers of the subject firm to apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA). The denial notice was signed on May 28, 2003 and published in the **Federal Register** on June 19, 2003 (68 FR 36845).

Pursuant to 29 CFR 90.18(c) reconsideration may be granted under the following circumstances:

(1) If it appears on the basis of facts not previously considered that the determination complained of was erroneous; (2) if it appears that the determination complained of was based on a mistake in the determination of facts not previously considered; or

(3) if in the opinion of the Certifying Officer, a mis-interpretation of facts or of the law justified reconsideration of the decision.

The TAA petition, filed on behalf of workers at Robert Bosch Tool Corporation, Engineering Center, Louisville, Kentucky, engaged in the production of one-of-a-kind machinery utilized at other affiliated company facilities, was denied because the "contributed importantly" or shift in production group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Trade Act of 1974 were not met. Increased imports did not contribute importantly to worker separations at the subject plant and the company did not shift production to a foreign source.

The petitioners produced machinery which is used to manufacture power tools. They allege that they should be certified eligible for TAA because manufacturing divisions of Robert Bosch have shifted production of power tools and/or power tool components to foreign countries.

Despite their indication that they are "secondary workers", it is not clear from the wording of the reconsideration request whether the petitioners are appealing on the basis of primary or secondary impact.

Given that the initial investigation revealed that there was no import impact or shift of production of the subject firm product (machines for producing power tools) to a foreign source, the petitioning worker group would have to supply a TAA certified affiliated facility in order to be eligible for certification under primary impact. The initial investigation revealed that, although there are three Robert Bosch Corporation facilities that are under active TAA certification, none of these facilities were supplied by the subject facility.

In order to be eligible for TAA certification under secondary impact, the petitioning worker group must either supply a component part of a product that is the basis of a TAA certification for a customer firm (upstream supplier), or assemble or finish a product that is the basis of TAA certification for a customer firm (downstream producer). As the petitioners produce a machine that produces power tool components, they are neither an upstream supplier nor a downstream producer of power tool components.

Conclusion

After review of the application and investigative findings, I conclude that there has been no error or misinterpretation of the law or of the facts which would justify reconsideration of the Department of Labor's prior decisions. Accordingly, the application is denied.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 12th day of August, 2003.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 03–22997 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-50,402 and TA-W-50,402A]

Tillotson Healthcare Corporation Now Known as North Country Manufacturing, Dixville Notch, New Hampshire; Tillotson Healthcare Corporation, Rochester, New Hampshire; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on January 10, 2003, applicable to workers of Tillotson Healthcare Corporation, Dixville Notch, New Hampshire. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on February 6, 2003 (68 FR 6211).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers are engaged in the production of medical examination gloves.

New information shows that Dynarex Corporation purchased Tillotson Healthcare Corporation on January 30, 2003. The subject firms' Dixville Notch, New Hampshire location is now known as North Country Manufacturing. Workers separated from employment at the Dixville Notch, New Hampshire location had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account for North Country Manufacturing.

Information also shows that worker separation occurred at the Rochester, New Hampshire location of Tillotson Healthcare Corporation. The workers provide distribution and warehousing services for the Dixville Notch, New Hampshire production facility of the subject firm.

Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to properly reflect these matters.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Tillotson Healthcare Corporation who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–50,402 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Tillotson Healthcare Corporation, now known as North Country Manufacturing, Dixville Notch, New Hampshire (TA–W–50,402) and Tillotson Healthcare Corporation, Rochester, New Hampshire (TA–W–50,402A), who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 21, 2001, through January 10, 2005, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC this 12th day of August 2003.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 03–23002 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-50,459]

Tingley Rubber Corporation, South Plainfield, NJ; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on August 5, 2003 in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at Tingley Rubber Corporation, South Plainfield, New Jersey.

An active certification covering the petitioning group of workers is already in effect (TA–W–39,814, as amended). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, DC this 15th day of August 2003.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 03–22995 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-06385]

Ameriphone, Inc., A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Plantronics, Inc., Garden Grove, CA; Notice of Revised Determination On Remand

The United States Court of International Trade (USCIT) granted the Secretary of Labor's motion for a voluntary remand for further investigation in *Former Employees of Ameriphone, Inc.* v. U.S. Secretary of Labor (Court No. 03–00243).

The Department's initial denial of NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance (NAFTA–6385) for the workers of Ameriphone, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Plantronics, Inc., Garden Grove, California (hereafter "Ameriphone"), was issued on September 11, 2002 and published in the **Federal Register** on September 27, 2002 (67 FR 61160). The denial was based on the finding that the workers at the subject facility did not produce an article as required by section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

On March 10, 2003, the Department issued a Notice of Negative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration for NAFTA–6385 and published in the **Federal Register** on March 18, 2003 (68 FR 12938).

In the request for reconsideration, the petitioner alleged that the workers were engaged in the final phase of production (inspecting, testing and modifying products) as well as prototype design and production. In the reconsideration investigation, the Department found that the articulated functions constituted a negligible portion of the work performed at the subject facility and that the workers were, in fact, service providers.

On voluntary remand, the Department contacted the company and requested detailed information regarding the workers' functions at the subject facility. The newly obtained information revealed that workers at the subject facility were engaged in production. The new information also revealed that a significant portion of the production performed at the subject facility was shifted to Mexico impacting workers at the subject plant.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on remand, I conclude that a shift of production to Mexico of products like or directly competitive with those produced at the subject firm contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of Ameriphone, Inc., Garden Grove, California. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

"All workers of Ameriphone, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Plantronics, Inc., Garden Grove, California, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 24, 2001 through two years of this certification, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC this 18th day of August 2003.

Elliott S. Kushner,

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance. [FR Doc. 03–23003 Filed 9–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

National Advisory Committee on Ergonomics, Notice of Meeting

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Labor. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The National Advisory Committee on Ergonomics (NACE) is part of the Secretary's comprehensive approach for reducing ergonomicsrelated injuries and illnesses in the workplace. The committee was convened for the first time on January 22, 2003. This notice schedules the third NACE meeting. The public is encouraged to attend.

DATES: The Committee will meet on Wednesday, September 24, 2003, from 8:30 a.m. until approximately 4 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The Committee will meet at the Quality Hotel & Suites Courthouse Plaza, 1200 N. Courthouse Road, Arlington, Virginia 22201; Telephone (703) 524–4000. Submit comments, views, or statements in response to this notice to MaryAnn Garrahan, Director, Office of Technical Programs and Coordination Activities, OSHA, U.S. Department of Labor, Room N–3655, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210. Phone: (202) 693–2144; Fax: (202) 693–1644.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: OSHA, Office of Communications, Room N–3647, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210; Telephone: (202) 693–1999.