PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 46 U.S.C. 70034, 70051, 70124; 33 CFR 1.05–1, 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 00170.1, Revision No. 01.3.

■ 2. Add § 165.T05–0895 to read as follows:

§ 165.T05–0895 Safety Zone; Potomac River, Between Charles County, MD and King George County, VA.

(a) *Location.* The following areas are a safety zone: These coordinates are based on datum NAD 83.

(1) Area 1. All navigable waters of the Potomac River, encompassed by a line connecting the following points beginning at 38°21'48.14" N, 076°59'40.45" W, thence south to 38°21'37.90" N, 076°59'38.25" W, thence west to 38°21'35.18" N, 076°59'59.06" W, thence north to 38°21'45.57" N, 077°00'01.84" W, and east back to the beginning point, located between Charles County, MD, and King George County, VA.

(2) *Àrea 2.* All navigable waters of the Potomac River within 1,500 feet of the explosives barge located in approximate position 38°21′21.47″ N, 076°59′45.40″ W.

(b) *Definitions*. As used in this section—

Captain of the Port (COTP) means the Commander, U.S. Coast Guard Sector Maryland-National Capital Region.

Designated representative means any Coast Guard commissioned, warrant, or petty officer, including a Coast Guard coxswain, petty officer, or other officer operating a Coast Guard vessel and a Federal, State, and local officer designated by or assisting the Captain of the Port Maryland-National Capital Region (COTP) in the enforcement of the safety zone. The term also includes an employee or contractor of Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture for the sole purposes of designating and establishing safe transit corridors, to permit passage into or through the safety zone, or to notify vessels and individuals that they have entered the safety zone and are required to leave.

Marine equipment means any vessel, barge or other equipment operated by Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture, or its subcontractors.

(c) *Regulations.* (1) Under the general safety zone regulations in subpart C of this part, except for marine equipment, you may not enter the safety zone described in paragraph (a) of this section unless authorized by the COTP, Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture,

or the COTP's designated representative. If a vessel or person is notified by the COTP, Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture, or the COTP's designated representative that they have entered the safety zone without permission, they are required to immediately leave in a safe manner following the directions given.

(2) Mariners requesting to transit any of these safety zone areas must first contact the Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture designated representative, the on-site project manager by telephone number 785-953-1465 or on Marine Band Radio VHF-FM channels 13 and 16 from the pusher tug Miss Stacy. If permission is granted, mariners must proceed at their own risk and strictly observe any and all instructions provided by the COTP, Skanska-Corman-McLean, Joint Venture, or designated representative to the mariner regarding the conditions of entry to and exit from any area of the safety zone. The COTP or the COTP's representative can be contacted by telephone number 410–576–2693 or on Marine Band Radio VHF-FM channel 16 (156.8 MHz).

(3) The Coast Guard will publish a notice in the Fifth Coast Guard District Local Notice to Mariners and issue marine information broadcasts on VHF– FM marine band radio announcing specific enforcement dates and times.

(d) *Enforcement officials.* The U.S. Coast Guard may be assisted in the patrol and enforcement of the safety zone by Federal, State, and local agencies.

(e) *Enforcement period*. This section will be enforced from 12:01 a.m. on March 1, 2023, to 11:59 p.m. on March 17, 2023.

Dated: December 27, 2022.

David E. O'Connell,

Captain, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port Maryland-National Capital Region. [FR Doc. 2022–28497 Filed 12–30–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–04–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 180

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0053; FRL-9410-08-OCSPP]

Receipt of a Pesticide Petition Filed for Residues of Pesticide Chemicals in or on Various Commodities November 2022

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of filing of petition and request for comment.

SUMMARY: This document announces the Agency's receipt of an initial filing of a pesticide petition requesting the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various commodities.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before February 2, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2020-0053, through the *Federal eRulemaking Portal* at *https://www.regulations.gov.* Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at *https://www.epa.gov/dockets.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Charles Smith, Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (BPPD) (7511M), main telephone number: (202) 566-1400, email address: BPPDFRNotices@epa.gov; or Dan Rosenblatt, Registration Division (RD) (7505T), main telephone number: (202) 566–2875, email address: RDFRNotices@epa.gov. The mailing address for each contact person is Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460-0001. As part of the mailing address, include the contact person's name, division, and mail code. The division to contact is listed at the end of each application summary.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

• Crop production (NAICS code 111).

• Animal production (NAICS code 112).

• Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).

• Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

B. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?

1. Submitting CBI. Do not submit this information to EPA through *regulations.gov* or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD–ROM that you mail to EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD-ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD-ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

2. Tips for preparing your comments. When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at https://www.epa.gov/dockets/ comments.html.

3. Environmental justice. EPA seeks to achieve environmental justice, the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of any group, including minority and/or low-income populations, in the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies. To help address potential environmental justice issues, the Agency seeks information on any groups or segments of the population who, as a result of their location, cultural practices, or other factors, may have atypical or disproportionately high and adverse human health impacts or environmental effects from exposure to the pesticides discussed in this document, compared to the general population.

II. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is announcing receipt of a pesticide petition filed under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a, requesting the establishment or modification of regulations in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various food commodities. The Agency is taking public comment on the request before responding to the petitioner. EPA is not proposing any particular action at this time. EPA has determined that the pesticide petition described in this document contains data or information prescribed in FFDCA section 408(d)(2), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(2); however, EPA has not fully evaluated the sufficiency of the submitted data at this time or whether the data supports granting of the

pesticide petition. After considering the public comments, EPA intends to evaluate whether and what action may be warranted. Additional data may be needed before EPA can make a final determination on this pesticide petition.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 180.7(f), a summary of the petition that is the subject of this document, prepared by the petitioner, is included in a docket EPA has created for this rulemaking. The docket for this petition is available at *https://www.regulations.gov*.

As specified in FFDCA section 408(d)(3), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(3), EPA is publishing notice of the petition so that the public has an opportunity to comment on this request for the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticides in or on food commodities. Further information on the petition may be obtained through the petition summary referenced in this unit.

A. Notice of Filing—Amended Tolerance Exemptions for Non-Inerts (Except PIPS)

PP 2E8988. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0940. The Interregional Research Project Number 4 (IR-4), North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Suite 210, Venture IV, Raleigh, NC 27606, on behalf of Arizona Cotton Research and Protection Council, 3721 East Wier Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona 85040-2933, requests to amend an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance in 40 CFR 180.1206 for residues of the fungicide Aspergillus flavus strain AF36 in or on all food and feed commodities of cotton, corn, pistachio, almond, and fig. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is expected that, when used as proposed, Aspergillus flavus strain AF36 will not result in residues that are of toxicological concern. Contact: BPPD.

B. Amended Tolerances for Non-Inerts

1. PP 2E8982. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0300. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.572 for residues of bifenazate in or on bean, dry seed; cotton, undelinted seed; fruit, stone, group 12 except plum; grape; longan; lychee; nut, tree, group 14; okra; pea and bean, succulent shelled, subgroup 6B; pistachio; plum; soybean, succulent shelled; spanish lime; strawberry; and vegetable, legume, edible-podded, subgroup 6A. Adequate analytical methods for determining bifenazate in/ on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed

commodities have been developed and validated. *Contact:* RD.

2. *PP 2E8994.* EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0384. IR–4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.635 for residues of spinetoram in or on asparagus, and spice, subgroup 19B, except black pepper. Adequate analytical methods for determining spinetoram in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. *Contact:* RD.

C. Amended Tolerances for Non-Inerts

1. PP 2E8982. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0300. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.572 for residues of bifenazate in or on bean, dry seed; cotton, undelinted seed; fruit, stone, group 12 except plum; grape; longan; lychee; nut, tree, group 14; okra; pea and bean, succulent shelled, subgroup 6B; pistachio; plum; soybean, succulent shelled; spanish lime; strawberry; and vegetable, legume, edible-podded, subgroup 6A. Adequate analytical methods for determining bifenazate in/ on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

2. *PP 2E8993.* EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0386. IR–4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.495 for residues of spinosad in or on asparagus, and spice, subgroup 19B, except black pepper. Adequate analytical methods for determining spinosad in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. *Contact:* RD.

3. *PP 2E8994.* EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0384. IR–4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.635 for residues of spinetoram in or on asparagus, and spice, subgroup 19B, except black pepper. Adequate analytical methods for determining spinetoram in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. *Contact:* RD.

4. *PP 2E9000.* EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0832. IR–4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to remove the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.613 for residues of flonicamid in or on fruit, stone group 12–12, at 0.6 parts per million (ppm), pea and bean, dried shelled, except soybean, subgroup 6C at 3.0 ppm, pea and bean, succulent shelled, subgroup 6B at 7.0 ppm, and vegetable, legume, edible podded, subgroup 6A at 4.0 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining flonicamid in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. *Contact:* RD.

D. Notice of Filing—New Tolerance Exemptions for Non-Inerts (Except PIPS)

1. *PP 2F9025*. EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0914. Oro-Agri Inc., 2788 S Maple Ave., Fresno, CA 93725 requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, insecticide and acaricide sweet orange oil in or on all food commodities. The analytical method, gas chromatography, is available to EPA for the detection and measurement of the pesticide residues. *Contact:* BPPD.

2. PP 2G9024. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0932. GreenLightBiosciences, Inc., 200 Boston Ave., Suite 1000, Medford, MA 02155, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the double-stranded RNA insecticide Ledprona (CAS No. 2433753-68-3) in or on all agricultural commodities and food products. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because based on the low toxicity demonstrated in the available toxicological data and given that a temporary exemption from the requirement for establishing a tolerance for residues is being proposed. Contact: BPPD.

E. New Tolerance Exemptions for Inerts (*Except PIPS*)

1. PP IN-11624. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0942. Technology Sciences Group Inc., 1150 18th Street NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20036, on behalf of Veto-Pharma SAS12–14 Rue de la Croix-Martre 91120 Palaiseau, France, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance in 40 CFR 180.910 for residues of erucamide (CAS Reg. No.112-84-5) as a lubricant inert ingredient limited to 0.3% by weight in pesticide formulations when applied on the raw agricultural commodities honey and honeycomb. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* RD.

2. *PP IN–11711*. EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0921. Delta Analytical Corporation, 12510 Prosperity Drive, Suite 160,

Silver Spring, MD 20904 on behalf of Borchers Americas, Inc., 811 Sharon Drive, Westlake, OH 44145 requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues for Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 1,2,3-propanetriol (3:1) (CAS Reg. No. 9082-00-2) with a minimum number average molecular weight (in amu) of 6,175 when used as a pesticide inert ingredient (wetting agent) in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.960. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* RD.

3. PP IN-11727. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0931. Nouryon Chemicals LLC, c/o Keller and Heckman LLP, 1001 G Street NW, Suite 500 West, Washington, DC 20001, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of 2-propenoic acid, methyl-, polymer with butyl 2propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2propenoate compd. with 2-amino-2methyl-1-propanol (CAS Reg. No. 1203962-19-9), with a minimum number average molecular weight of 22,700 daltons, when used as an inert ingredient in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.960. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. Contact: RD.

4. PP IN-11729. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0935. Nouryon Chemicals LLC, c/o Keller and Heckman LLP, 1001 G Street NW, Suite 500 West, Washington, DC 20001, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of propanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-2- (hydroxymethyl)-2methyl-, polymer with 2-amino-2methyl-1-1propanol, a-hydro-ωhvdroxvpolv[oxv(methvl-1,2ethanediyl)], 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3trimethylcyclohexane and methyloxirane polymer with oxirane ether with 4,4'-(1methylethylidene)bis[phenol] (2:1), polyethylene-polypropylene glycol 2aminopropyl Me ether-blocked, compds. with 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol (CAS Reg. No. 515152-49-5), with a minimum number average molecular weight of 6,800 daltons, when used as an inert ingredient in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.960. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. Contact: RD.

F. New Tolerance Exemptions for PIPS

PP 2F9010. EPA-HO-OPP-2022-0939. Pioneer HiBred International, Inc., 7100 NW 62 Avenue P.O. Box 1000, Johnston, IA 50131–1000, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance in 40 CFR part 174 for residues of the plantincorporated protectant (PIP) ingredient ophioglossum pendulum IPD079Ea protein in or on corn. The analytical method A validated ELISA was used to determine the concentration of IPD079Ea protein in maize tissues, including grain and forage is available to EPA for the detection and measurement of the pesticide residues. Contact: BPPD.

G. New Tolerances for Non-Inerts

1. PP 1E8966. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0069. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests, pursuant to section 408(d) of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing a tolerance for residues of Trinexapacethyl in or on the raw agricultural commodity clover, forage at 8 ppm and clover, hay at 15 ppm. As a result of feeding clover that has been treated with trinexapac-ethyl to livestock, the following tolerances are proposed in livestock commodities: Cattle, fat and cattle, meat at 0.03 ppm; cattle, meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; egg at 0.01 ppm; goat, fat and goat, meat at 0.03 ppm; goat, meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; hog, meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; milk at 0.01 ppm; horse, meat at 0.03 ppm; poultry, fat and poultry, meat at 0.01 ppm; poultry, meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; sheep, fat and sheep, meat at 0.03 ppm; and sheep, meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining trinexapac-ethyl in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

2. PP 2E8982. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0300. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests, pursuant to section 408(d) of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing tolerances for residues of bifenazate: Hydrazine carboxylic acid, 2-(4methoxy-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)1methylethyl ester in or on the raw agricultural commodities of banana at 3 ppm; bushberry subgroup 13-07B at 3 ppm; cherry subgroup 12-12A at 2.5 ppm; cottonseed subgroup 20C at 0.75 ppm; nut, tree, group 14–12 at 0.2 ppm; peach subgroup 12–12B at 2.5 ppm;

plantain at 3 ppm, plum subgroup 12-12C at 0.2 ppm; tropical and subtropical, small fruit, inedible peel, subgroup 24A at 5 ppm; edible podded bean subgroup 6–22Å at 6 ppm, edible podded pea subgroup 6–22B at 6 ppm; succulent shelled bean subgroup 6-22C at 0.7 ppm; succulent shelled pea subgroup 6-22D at 0.7 ppm; and pulses, dried shelled bean, except soybean, subgroup 6–22E at 0.6 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining bifenazate in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

3. PP 2E8993. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0386. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests, pursuant to section 408(d) of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing tolerances for residues of spinosad in or on the raw agricultural commodities stalk and stem vegetable subgroup 22A at 0.4 ppm and spice group 26 at 1.7 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining spinosad in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

4. PP 2E8994. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0384. IR-4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests, pursuant to section 408(d) of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing tolerances for residues of spinetoram in or on the raw agricultural commodities of stalk and stem vegetable subgroup 22A at 0.4 ppm and spice group 26 at 1.7 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining spinetoram in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

5. *PP 1F8976*. EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0455. UPL Delaware Inc., and UPL NA Inc., 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402, King of Prussia, PA 19406, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide carboxin in or on crop subgroup 6–22F: Pulses, dried shelled pea at .2 ppm; pea, dry, forage at 0.4 ppm; and pea, dry, hay at 2 ppm. The GLC/MSD method and the Colorimetric Method is used to measure and evaluate the chemical Carboxin. *Contact:* RD.

6. *PP 2E9000*. EPA–HQ–OPP–2022– 0832. IR–4, North Carolina State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests, pursuant to section 408(d) of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a(d), to amend 40 CFR part 180 by establishing

tolerances for residues of the insecticide flonicamid and its metabolites and degradates determined by measuring flonicamid [N-(cvanomethyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)- 3pyridinecarboxamide] and its metabolites TFNA (4trifluoromethylnicotinic acid), TFNA-AM (4-trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide), and TFNG [N-(4trifluoromethylnicotinoyl)glycine], calculated as the stoichiometric equivalent of flonicamid in or on the raw agricultural commodities: Bushberry crop subgroup 13-07B at 1.5 ppm; caneberry crop subgroup 13-07A at 3 ppm; cherry subgroup 12-12A at 0.6 ppm; corn, sweet, kernel plus cob with husks removed at 0.4 ppm; corn, sweet, forage at 9 ppm; corn, sweet, stover at 20 ppm; peach crop subgroup 12-12B at 1.5 ppm; plum subgroup 12-12C at 0.6 ppm; pomegranate at 0.5 ppm; prickly pear, fruit at 2 ppm; prickly pear, pads at 3 ppm; edible podded bean subgroup 6-22A and edible podded pea subgroup 6-22B at 4 ppm; succulent shelled bean subgroup 6–22C; and succulent shelled pea subgroup 6–22D at 7 ppm; and pulses, dried shelled bean (except soybean) subgroup 6-22E and pulses, dried shelled pea subgroup 6-22F at 3 ppm. Adequate analytical methods for determining flonicamid in/on appropriate raw agricultural commodities and processed commodities have been developed and validated. Contact: RD.

7. PP 2F9026. EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0871. Bayer Crop Science LP, 800 N Lindbergh Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63167, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the insecticide, spidoxamat, in or on the raw agricultural commodities of citrus fruit (CG 10–10) at 0.8 ppm, pome fruit (CG 11-10) at 0.3 ppm, stone fruit, except apricot (CG 12-12, except Apricot) at 1.0 ppm, apricot at 6.0 ppm, small fruit vine climbing subgroup, except fuzzy kiwifruit (CG 13-07F) at 0.9 ppm, tree nuts, except pistachio (CG 14-12, except pistachio) at 0.02 ppm, and pistachio at 0.8 ppm. Solvent extraction, filtration followed by the addition of isotopically label-internal standards and quantitation by high performance liquid chromatographyelectropspray ionization/tandem mass spectrometry (HPLS/MS/MS) are used to measure and evaluate the chemical Spidoxamat. Contact: RD.

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a.

Dated: December 19, 2022. **Delores Barber**, Director, Information Technology and Resources Management Division, Office of Program Support. [FR Doc. 2022–28524 Filed 12–30–22; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6560–50–P**

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[EPA-HQ-OPPT-2021-0847; FRL-9972-04-OCSPP]

40 CFR Part 721

Significant New Use Rules on Certain Chemical Substances (22–1.5e); Extension of Comment Period

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). **ACTION:** Proposed rule; extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: EPA issued a document in the **Federal Register** of December 2, 2022, proposing significant new use rules (SNURs) under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) for chemical substances that were the subject of premanufacture notices (PMNs) and are also subject to Orders issued by EPA pursuant to TSCA. This document extends the comment period for 14 days, from January 3, 2023 to January 17, 2023, in response to stakeholder requests for more time to determine if and to what extent they may be affected by the proposed SNURs.

DATES: The comment period for the proposed rulemaking that published on December 2, 2022, at 87 FR 74072, is extended. Comments must be received on or before January 17, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPPT-2021-0847, through the Federal eRulemaking Portal at *https://www.regulations.gov*. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, is available at *https://www.epa.gov/dockets.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For technical information contact: William Wysong, New Chemicals Division (7405M), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; telephone number: (202) 564–4163; email address: wysong.william@epa.gov.