

dyed prior to weaving in order to give the desired heather effect.

CITA is soliciting public comments regarding these requests, particularly with respect to whether these fabrics can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner. Also relevant is whether other fabrics that are supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner are substitutable for the fabric for purposes of the intended use. Comments must be received no later than August 23, 2004. Interested persons are invited to submit six copies of such comments or information to the Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements, room 3100, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230.

If a comment alleges that this fabric can be supplied by the domestic industry in commercial quantities in a timely manner, CITA will closely review any supporting documentation, such as a signed statement by a manufacturer of the fabric stating that it produces the fabric that is the subject of the request, including the quantities that can be supplied and the time necessary to fill an order, as well as any relevant information regarding past production.

CITA will protect any business confidential information that is marked "business confidential" from disclosure to the full extent permitted by law. CITA will make available to the public non-confidential versions of the request and non-confidential versions of any public comments received with respect to a request in room 3100 in the Herbert Hoover Building, 14th and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC 20230. Persons submitting comments on a request are encouraged to include a non-confidential version and a non-confidential summary.

**D. Michael Hutchinson,**

*Acting Chairman, Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements.*

[FR Doc. 04-18112 Filed 8-4-04; 11:49 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S**

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Office of the Secretary

#### **Finding of No Significant Impact Air Force Memorial, Naval Annex Site Arlington, VA**

**ACTION:** Notice.

On Tuesday, August 3, 2004 (69 FR 46523), the Department of Defense inadvertently published a duplication of

the *Federal Register* notice that was published on April 3, 2003 (68 FR 16264). This notice publishes the intended notice.

The Director, Defense Facilities Directorate finds that the project described in the Environmental Assessment, Air Force Memorial, Naval Annex Site, March 2003, is not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment. Therefore, no environmental impact statement will be prepared. This decision is in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (NEPA, 42 U.S. Code 4321 *et seq.*), the implementing regulations of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ, 40 CFR 1500-1508), and DoD Instruction 4715.9, Environmental Planning and Analysis.

Congress authorized the proposed action to establish an Air Force Memorial on three acres of the Naval Annex Site to honor the men and women who served in the U.S. Air Force and its predecessors. The main element of the Memorial would be three curving vertical spires, from 200 to 270 feet high, that symbolize Air Force core values, people, and key mission ingredients. Complimentary elements include a parade ground, honor guard sculpture, contemplative outdoor areas, seating, walkways, and parking. The proposed action includes demolition of Wing 8 of the Naval Annex.

The Environmental Assessment identified project alternatives, affected environment, environmental consequences, and proposed mitigation measures. It examined potential impacts on socio-economic conditions, cultural and visual resources, transportation systems, physical and biological resources, utilities and infrastructure, and cumulative impact.

Public involvement included presentations and applications to relevant groups and agencies. The Department of Defense (DoD) Washington Headquarters Services (WHS) published a Notice of Availability of Environmental Assessment in local newspapers on March 31, 2003, and in the *Federal Register* on April 3, 2003. The document was made available by mail Web site, and library to interested or affected people and agencies. The 30-day comment period closed May 5, 2003. The Response to Comments on Environmental Assessment, June 2004, includes all comments received and how they were addressed. The comments and response address environmental issues and mitigation measures under the following topics:

Height and lighting of memorial and site design; agency reviews; and natural resources.

The Environmental Assessment and Response to Comments on Environmental Assessment are available at <http://www.dtic.mil/ref/Safety/index.htm> or by contacting the WHS Defense Facilities Directorate (703-697-7241) or the Air Force Memorial Foundation (703-247-5859).

Dated: August 3, 2004.

**L.M. Bynum,**

*Alternate OSD Federal Register Liaison Officer, Department of Defense.*

[FR Doc. 04-18058 Filed 8-4-04; 9:12 am]

**BILLING CODE 5001-06-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Department of the Army

#### **Record of Decision for the Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Digital Multi-Purpose Range Complex at Fort Benning, GA**

**AGENCY:** Department of the Army, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of the Army announces the availability of the Record of Decision (ROD) for the Final Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the Digital Multi-Purpose Range Complex (DMPRC) at Fort Benning, GA. The ROD details the Army's decision with respect to the proposed action and alternatives considered in the EIS, and the rationale for the decision. Based on the EIS and other factors, the Army has decided to implement its preferred alternative. This decision allows the Army to proceed with the necessary actions to allow the construction, operation and maintenance of a DMPRC at Fort Benning. The decision also affirms the Army's commitment to implementing a series of mitigations and monitoring measures, as identified in the EIS, to offset potential adverse environmental impacts associated with the proposed action.

**ADDRESSES:** Interested parties desiring to review the ROD may obtain a copy by contacting Mr. Richard McDowell, Public Affairs Officer, U.S. Army Infantry Center, ATTN: ATZB-PO, Fort Benning, GA, 31905-5122 or by sending an electronic mail request to [mcdowellr@benning.army.mil](mailto:mcdowellr@benning.army.mil). The ROD may also be viewed on the Fort Benning Web site (<http://www-benning.army.mil/EMD/dmprcLegal&PublicNotices.htm>).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Richard McDowell at 706-545-2211.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In compliance with the National

Environmental Policy Act, the Army prepared an EIS for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the DMPRC. The EIS identified the relevant environmental and socioeconomic impacts of the proposed action and alternatives on the biological, physical, and cultural environment.

As a result of this decision, the Army will proceed with the necessary actions to begin to construct and operate the facilities described in the Preferred Alternative (Alternative III). Although the Environmentally Preferred Alternative (Alternative I—No Action) generally had few environmental impacts than the two action alternatives, it had significant adverse impacts from noise and did not meet the overall training needs of the installation. Noise was a major concern raised in public comments. The Army Preferred Alternative substantially reduces adverse noise impacts on the communities near Ft. Benning by moving the training range to a more interior portion of the installation. Alternative II would also meet the basic purpose and need for the DMPRC, but would have more adverse environmental effects than Alternative III. All practicable measures will be used to mitigate the impacts. The mitigation measures are listed in the ROD. The proposed project site is an approximately 1,800 acre area in the D13 area that would utilize an existing duded impact area, K15. The DMPRC would contain 35 stationary infantry targets, 11 evasive moving armor targets, 55 stationary armor targets, two defense trenches with foxholes, 19 defilade positions (Abrams Tank and Bradley Fighting Vehicle hiding places), four tank trails, eight low-water crossings (four on Bonham Creek and four on Sally Beach). A helipad will also be constructed for use in emergency evacuations. The following support facilities would be constructed in an approximately 20-acre area to the southwest of the range and target firing area and just off of Hourglass Road: latrines; bivouac pads; a covered mess (dining area); vehicle holding and maintenance areas; a well house; water distribution and wastewater collection/treatment systems; a secondary power and data distribution system; a Control Building; and buildings for After Action Review; general instruction; operations and storage; central maintenance and for

ammunition breakdown (with ammunition dock).

**Michael Q. Frnka,**

*Director Public Works Division, Installation Management Agency, Southeast Region.*

[FR Doc. 04-18000 Filed 8-5-04; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3710-08-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Department of the Army; Corps of Engineers

#### Availability of Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement for the Wyoming Valley Levee Raising Project, Wilkes-Barre, PA

**AGENCY:** Department of the Army, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, DOD.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Baltimore District has prepared a Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for the design modifications and recreational enhancements to the Wyoming Valley Levee Raising Project at the Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania River Commons. The Draft SEIS investigates the potential environmental effects of an array of alternative plans based on the conceptual riverfront plan for Wilkes-Barre. The preferred alternative includes the addition of two portals through the levee, a river landing, fishing platform/dock, and an amphitheater and stage. We are making the Draft SEIS available to the public for a 45-day review and comment period.

**DATES:** Comments need to be received on or before September 20, 2004, to ensure consideration in final plan development. A public meeting on the recreational improvements to the Wyoming Valley Levee Draft SEIS will be held at Kings College Sheehy-Farmer Campus Center in Building #22, near the corner of West Union and North Main Streets in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania on Wednesday, August 25, 2004 beginning at 7 p.m.

A map showing the location on the Kings Campus can be found at <http://www.kings.edu/nvtour/campusmap.pdf>.

**ADDRESSES:** Send written comments concerning this proposed project to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, Attn: Mr. William D. Abadie, CENAB-PL-P, P.O. Box 1715, Baltimore, MD 21203-1715. Submit electronic comments to [william.d.abadie@usace.army.mil](mailto:william.d.abadie@usace.army.mil). Your comment must be contained in the body

of your message; do not send attached files. Please include your name and address in your message.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. William D. Abadie, Environmental Team Leader, (410) 962-4713 or (800) 295-1610.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Federal flood control projects along the Susquehanna River have protected communities in the Wyoming Valley of northeastern Pennsylvania since the late 1930's. However, in June 1972, Tropical Storm Agnes struck, and the Susquehanna River overtopped the levee system in the Valley, causing severe damage in many communities. In response, in 1986 the U.S. Congress authorized raising the Wyoming Valley levee system and implementing other flood damage reduction measures. Construction of the levee raising started in the Spring of 1997 and continues.

In the urbanized area of the Wyoming Valley, including the City of Wilkes-Barre, the levee and floodwall system have created a physical, psychological and aesthetic barrier between the communities along the Susquehanna River. Through public workshops in 1999, a conceptual plan was developed for the City of Wilkes-Barre riverfront that would restore the connection between the city and the river. The plan consists of a riverfront park to be located on the riverside of the levee at downtown Wilkes-Barre, which would be accessible through two portals (*i.e.* gates) in the levee/floodwall system. The Luzerne County Flood Protection Authority, which is the non-Federal project partner for the Wyoming Valley Levee Raising Project, requested that the conceptual riverfront plan be incorporated into the project. This request initiated a general reevaluation report (GRR) and this Draft SEIS to investigate the potential environmental effects to alternative plans based on the conceptual riverfront plan.

The preferred plan for the riverfront park include two portals, a river landing, a fishing platform/dock, and an amphitheater and stage. In addition to these features, miscellaneous recreational amenities (*e.g.*, lights, seating areas with benches, trees/vegetation, educational kiosks, and trash receptacles) would be included. Also, the existing access road at the riverside of the levee would be paved.

A public meeting on the Draft SEIS will be held at Kings College (*see DATES*). The meeting will provide an opportunity for the public to present oral and/or written comments. All persons and organizations that have an interest in the recreational