

Products in the above categories exported during 2002 shall be charged to the applicable category limits for that year (see directive dated January 3, 2002) to the extent of any unfilled balances. In the event the limits established for that period have been exhausted by previous entries, such products shall be charged to the limits set forth in this directive.

These limits may be revised if Cambodia becomes a member of the World Trade Organization (WTO) and the United States applies the WTO agreement to Cambodia.

Moreover, these limits may be revised in light of the U.S. determination as to whether working conditions in the Cambodian textile and apparel sector substantially comply with Cambodian labor law and internationally recognized core labor standards (see **Federal Register** notice 64 FR 60428, published on November 5, 1999).

In carrying out the above directions, the Commissioner of Customs should construe entry into the United States for consumption to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The Committee for the Implementation of Textile Agreements has determined that these actions fall within the foreign affairs exception of the rulemaking provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,  
D. Michael Hutchinson,  
*Acting Chairman, Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements.*  
[FR Doc. 02-31031 Filed 12-6-02; 8:45 am]  
**BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S**

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

### Announcement of Import Limits for Certain Cotton and Wool Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Colombia

December 3, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements  
(CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the  
Commissioner of Customs establishing  
limits.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** January 1, 2003.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Roy  
Unger, International Trade Specialist,  
Office of Textiles and Apparel, U.S.  
Department of Commerce, (202) 482-  
4212. For information on the quota  
status of these limits, refer to the Quota  
Status Reports posted on the bulletin  
boards of each Customs port, call (202)  
927-5850, or refer to the U.S. Customs  
website at <http://www.customs.gov>. For  
information on embargoes and quota re-  
openings, refer to the Office of Textiles  
and Apparel website at [http://  
otexa.ita.doc.gov](http://otexa.ita.doc.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Authority:** Section 204 of the Agricultural  
Act of 1956, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1854);  
Executive Order 11651 of March 3, 1972, as  
amended.

The import restraint limits for textile  
products, produced or manufactured in  
Colombia and exported during the  
period January 1, 2003 through  
December 31, 2003 are based on limits  
notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body  
pursuant to the Uruguay Round  
Agreement on Textiles and Clothing  
(ATC).

In the letter published below, the  
Chairman of CITA directs the  
Commissioner of Customs to establish  
the 2003 limits.

These limits do not apply to goods  
entered under the Andean Trade  
Promotion and Drug Eradication Act  
(ATPDEA). Section 3103 of the Trade  
Act of 2002 amended the Andean Trade  
Preference Act (ATPA) to provide for  
duty and quota-free treatment for certain  
textile and apparel articles imported  
from designated Andean Trade  
Promotion and Drug Eradication Act  
(ATPDEA) beneficiary countries. See 67  
FR 67283, published on November 5,  
2002.

A description of the textile and  
apparel categories in terms of HTS  
numbers is available in the  
CORRELATION: Textile and Apparel  
Categories with the Harmonized Tariff  
Schedule of the United States (see  
**Federal Register** notice 66 FR 65178,  
published on December 18, 2001).  
Information regarding the 2003  
CORRELATION will be published in the  
**Federal Register** at a later date.

D. Michael Hutchinson.

*Acting Chairman, Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements.*

**Committee for the Implementation of Textile  
Agreements**

December 3, 2002.

Commissioner of Customs,  
*Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC  
20229.*

Dear Commissioner: Pursuant to section  
204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, as  
amended (7 U.S.C. 1854); Executive Order  
11651 of March 3, 1972, as amended; and the  
Uruguay Round Agreement on Textiles and  
Clothing (ATC), you are directed to prohibit,  
effective on January 1, 2003, entry into the  
United States for consumption and  
withdrawal from warehouse for consumption  
of cotton and wool textile products in the  
following categories, produced or  
manufactured in Colombia and exported  
during the twelve-month period beginning on  
January 1, 2003 and extending through  
December 31, 2003, in excess of the following  
restraint limits:

Category	Twelve-month restraint limit
315 .....	39,120,817 square meters.
443 .....	139,440 numbers.

The limits set forth above are subject to  
adjustment pursuant to the provisions of the  
ATC and administrative arrangements  
notified to the Textiles Monitoring Body.

Products in the above categories exported  
during 2002 shall be charged to the  
applicable category limits for that year (see  
directive dated November 8, 2001 to the  
extent of any unfilled balances. In the event  
the limits established for that period have  
been exhausted by previous entries, such  
products shall be charged to the limits set  
forth in this directive.

These limits do not apply to goods entered  
under the Andean Trade Promotion and Drug  
Eradication Act (ATPDEA). Section 3103 of  
the Trade Act of 2002 amended the Andean  
Trade Preference Act (ATPA) to provide for  
duty and quota-free treatment for certain  
textile and apparel articles imported from  
designated Andean Trade Promotion and  
Drug Eradication Act (ATPDEA) beneficiary  
countries. See directive dated October 31,  
2002.

In carrying out the above directions, the  
Commissioner of Customs should construe  
entry into the United States for consumption  
to include entry for consumption into the  
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The Committee for the Implementation of  
Textile Agreements has determined that  
these actions fall within the foreign affairs  
exception of the rulemaking provisions of  
U.S.C. 553(a)(1).

Sincerely,  
D. Michael Hutchinson,  
*Acting Chairman, Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements.*  
[FR Doc. 02-30976 Filed 12-6-02; 8:45 am]  
**BILLING CODE 3510-DR-S**

## COMMITTEE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTILE AGREEMENTS

### Adjustment of Import Limits for Certain Wool and Man-Made Fiber Textile Products Produced or Manufactured in Hong Kong

December 3, 2002.

**AGENCY:** Committee for the  
Implementation of Textile Agreements  
(CITA).

**ACTION:** Issuing a directive to the  
Commissioner of Customs adjusting  
limits.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** December 10, 2002.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**  
Naomi Freeman, International Trade  
Specialist, Office of Textiles and  
Apparel, U.S. Department of Commerce,  
(202) 482-4212. For information on the  
quota status of these limits, refer to the