supplemental type certification basis for the Boeing Model 747–2G4B series airplanes modified by Boeing Airplane Services.

- 1. Protection from Unwanted Effects of High-Intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF). Each electrical and electronic system that performs critical functions must be designed and installed to ensure that the operation and operational capability of these systems to perform critical functions are not adversely affected when the airplane is exposed to high-intensity radiated fields.
- 2. For the purpose of these special conditions, the following definition applies: *Critical Functions:* Functions whose failure would contribute to or cause a failure condition that would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on July 27, 2000

# Vi L. Lipski,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 00–19841 Filed 8–3–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Aviation Administration**

# 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 00-ASO-23]

# Establishment of Class D Airspace: Kissimmee, FL

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This action establishes Class D airspace at Kissimmee, FL. Air traffic controllers at Kissimmee Municipal Airport, FL, will be certificated weather observers by October 5, 2000. Therefore, the airport will meet criteria for Class D airspace on October 5, 2000. Class D surface area airspace is required when the control tower is open to accommodate current Standard **Instrument Approach Procedures** (SIAPs) and for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at the airport. This action establishes Class D airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,500 feet mean sea level (MSL) within a 4-mile radius of the Kissimmee Municipal Airport.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** 0901 UTC, October 5, 2000.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Nancy B. Shelton, Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, PO Box 20636, Atlanta, Georgia 30320; telephone (404) 305–5586.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### History

On June 20, 2000, the FAA proposed to amend part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) by establishing Class D airspace at Kissimmee, FL (65 FR 38224). Designations for Class D airspace extending upward from the surface of the earth are published in FAA Order 7400.9G, dated September 1, 1999, and effective September 16, 1999, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR part 71.1. The Class D designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking proceeding by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments objecting to the proposal were received.

#### The Rule

This amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 71) establishes Class D airspace at Kissimmee Municipal Airport.

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

#### Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

# PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; EO 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389; 14 CFR 11.69.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9G, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 1999, and effective September 16, 1999, is amended as follows:

 $Paragraph \ 5000 \quad Class \ D \ Air space.$ 

\* \* \* \* \*

# ASO FL D Kissimmee, FL [New]

Kissimmee Municipal Airport, FL (Lat. 28°17′23″N, long. 81°26′14″W)

That airspace extending upward from the surface to and including 2,600 feet MSL within a 4-mile radius of Kissimmee Municipal Airport. This Class D airspace area is effective during the specific dates and times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen. The effective date and time will thereafter be continuously published in the Airport/Facility Directory.

Issued in College Park, Georgia, on July 27, 2000.

# Wade T. Carpenter,

Acting Manager, Southern Region.
[FR Doc. 00–19838 Filed 8–3–00; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

# COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION

# 17 CFR Part 1

RIN 3038-AB35

# Final Rules Concerning Amendments to Insider Trading Regulation

**AGENCY:** Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

**ACTION:** Final rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Commodity Futures
Trading Commission ("Commission")
hereby amends Commission Regulation
1.59, which addresses various trading
prohibitions imposed on persons
associated with a self-regulatory
organization ("SRO"). Regulation 1.59
requires SROs to adopt rules prohibiting
employees, governing board members,
and committee members from certain
trading activities and from improperly
disclosing any material, non-public