by weight and not more than 1.2 percent of carbon by weight;

(2) products certified to one or more of the ASTM, ASME or American Petroleum Institute (API) specifications listed below:

ASTM A-53; ASTM A-106; ASTM A-179 (ASME SA 179); ASTM A-192 (ASME SA 192); ASTM A-209 (ASME SA 209); ASTM A-210 (ASME SA 210); ASTM A-213 (ASME SA 213); ASTM A-213 (ASME SA 334); ASTM A-423 (ASME SA 423); ASTM A-496 (ASME SA 496); ASTM A-199; ASTM A-500; ASTM A-556;

ASTM A-565;

API 5L; and

API 5CT

except that any cold-drawn tubing product certified to one of the above excluded specifications will not be excluded from the scope if it is also dual- or multiple-certified to any other specification that otherwise would fall within the scope of these orders.

The products subject to these orders are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers: 7304.31.3000, 7304.31.6050, 7304.51.1000, 7304.51.5005, 7304.51.5060, 7306.30.5015, 7306.30.5020, 7306.50.5030. Subject merchandise may also enter under numbers 7306.30.1000 and 7306.50.1000. The HTSUS subheadings above are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of these orders are dispositive.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-570-073]

Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2022

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) continues to determine that Alcha International Holdings Limited (Alcha International), Jiangsu Alcha Aluminum Group Co., Ltd (Jiangsu Alcha), and Baotou Alcha Aluminum Co., Ltd. (Batou Alcha) (collectively, Alcha), the only entity subject to this administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on common alloy aluminum sheet (aluminum sheet) from the People's Republic of China (China), is part of the China-wide entity. The period of review (POR) is February 1, 2021, through January 31, 2022.

DATES: Applicable March 20, 2023. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Frank Schmitt, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4880.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce published the preliminary results of this administrative review on November 16, 2022.¹ We invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*.² No party submitted comments. Accordingly, the final results are unchanged from the *Preliminary Results*. Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order³

The merchandise covered by the *Order* is common alloy aluminum sheet from China. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*, see the *Preliminary Results*.⁴

Final Results of Administrative Review

We received no comments concerning, and we have made no changes to, the *Preliminary Results*. We continue to find that Alcha,⁵ the only

entity subject to this review, did not demonstrate its eligibility for a separate rate. Therefore, for these final results, we determine that Alcha is part of the China-wide entity.

Because no party requested a review of the China-wide entity, and we did not self-initiate a review, the China-wide entity rate (*i.e.*, 59.72 percent) ⁶ is not subject to change as a result of this review.

Assessment Rates

Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review in accordance with section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act. For Alcha, we will instruct CBP to apply the Chinawide rate of 59.72 percent to all entries of subject merchandise during the POR. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the Federal Register. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this administrative review for all shipments of subject merchandise from China entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of this notice, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) for previously investigated or reviewed Chinese and non-Chinese exporters that are not under review in this segment of the proceeding but have separate rates, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the exporter's existing cash deposit rate; (2) for all Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that do not have a separate rate, including Alcha, the cash deposit rate will be the China-wide rate of 59.72 percent; and (3) for all non-Chinese exporters of subject merchandise that do not have a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be the rate applicable to the Chinese exporter(s) that supplied the non-Chinese exporter. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

¹ See Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Partial Recission of Antidumping Administrative Review; 2021–2022, 87 FR 68677 (November 16, 2022) (Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² Id., 87 FR at 68678-79.

³ See Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order, 84 FR 2813 (February 8, 2019) (Order).

⁴ See Preliminary Results PDM at 3.

⁵ Commerce previously determined that the following companies should be treated as a single entity: Alcha International); Jiangsu Alcha; and Baotou Alcha. Additionally, Commerce previously determined that Jiangsu Alcha Aluminum Group Co., Ltd is the successor-in-interest to Jiangsu Alcha. See Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Final Successor-In-Interest Determination, and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2018-2020, 86 FR 74066, 74067 (December 29, 2021), unchanged in Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, 2018-2020, 87 FR 6504 (February 4, 2022); see also Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020-2021, 87 FR 54975 (September 8, 2022), as corrected by Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2020-2021; Correction, 87 FR 59059 (September 29, 2022). Accordingly, we are treating the single entity of Alcha International, Jiangsu Alcha, and Baotou Alcha (collectively, Alcha) as the companies under review in this proceeding.

⁶ See Order.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305, which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these final results of administrative review in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(h) and 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: March 10, 2023.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2023-05552 Filed 3-17-23; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [C-533-911]

Paper File Folders From India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination With the Final Antidumping Duty Determination

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of paper file

folders from India for the period of investigation (POI) January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable March 20, 2023.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Thomas Martin, AD/CVD Operations,
Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance,
International Trade Administration,
U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401
Constitution Avenue NW, Washington,
DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3936.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 703(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this countervailing duty (CVD) investigation on November 8, 2022.1 On December 28, 2022, Commerce postponed the preliminary determination of this investigation until March 13, 2023.2 For a complete description of events that followed the initiation of this investigation, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.³ A list of topics discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/ public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Scope of the Investigation

The product covered by this investigation is paper file folders from India. For a complete description of the scope of the investigation, *see* Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the preamble to Commerce's regulations,⁴ the *Initiation*

Notice set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage, (i.e., scope). We received comments concerning the scope of the antidumping duty (AD) and CVD investigations of paper file folders as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. We are currently evaluating the scope comments filed by the interested parties. We intend to issue our preliminary decision regarding the scope of the AD and CVD investigations in the preliminary determinations of the companion AD investigations, the deadline for which is May 10, 2023.6 We will incorporate the scope decisions from the AD investigations into the scope of the final CVD determination for this investigation after considering any relevant comments submitted in scope case and rebuttal briefs.7

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this investigation in accordance with section 701 of the Act. For each of the subsidy programs found to be countervailable, Commerce preliminarily determines that there is a subsidy, *i.e.*, a financial contribution by an "authority" that gives rise to a benefit to the recipient, and that the subsidy is specific.⁸

Commerce notes that, in making these findings, it relied, in part, on facts available and, because it finds that one respondent, and also (in certain instances) the Government of India, did not act to the best of their ability to respond to Commerce's requests for information. Consequently, Commerce has drawn an adverse inference where appropriate in selecting from among the facts otherwise available. For further information, see the "Use of Facts Otherwise Available and Adverse Inferences" section in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Alignment

As noted in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, in accordance with section 705(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(4), Commerce is aligning the final CVD determination in this investigation with the final

¹ See Paper File Folders from India: Initiation of Countervailing Duty Investigations, 87 FR 67447 (November 8, 2022) (Initiation Notice).

² See Paper File Folders from India: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation, 87 FR 79858 (December 28, 2022).

³ See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Affirmative Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation of Paper File Folders from India," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

⁴ See Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997).

 $^{^{5}\,}See$ Initiation Notice, 87 FR at 67448.

⁶ See Paper File Folders from the People's Republic of China, India, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Postponement of Preliminary Determinations in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigations, 88 FR 9226, 9227 (February 13, 2023).

⁷The deadline for interested parties to submit scope case and rebuttal briefs will be established in the preliminary scope decision memorandum.

⁸ See sections 771(5)(B) and (D) of the Act regarding financial contribution; section 771(5)(E) of the Act regarding benefit; and section 771(5A) of the Act regarding specificity.

⁹ See sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act.