

inconsistent with the discussion in the Implementation section of RG 3.7, then the licensee may file a backfitting or forward fitting appeal with the NRC in accordance with the process in MD 8.4.

V. Submitting Suggestions for Improvement of Regulatory Guides

A member of the public may, at any time, submit suggestions to the NRC for improvement of existing RGs or for the development of new RGs to address new issues. Suggestions can be submitted on the NRC's public website at <https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-collections/reg-guides/contactus.html>. Suggestions will be considered in future updates and enhancements to the "Regulatory Guide" series.

Dated: September 24, 2024.

For the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Meraj Rahimi,

Chief, Regulatory Guide and Programs Management Branch, Division of Engineering, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research.

[FR Doc. 2024–22246 Filed 9–27–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7590–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

10 CFR Part 430

[EERE–2020–BT–STD–0039]

RIN 1904–AF62

Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.

ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective and compliance dates; technical correction.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") published a direct final rule to establish new energy conservation standards for miscellaneous refrigeration products in the **Federal Register** on May 7, 2024. DOE has determined that the comments received in response to the direct final rule are not adverse and, thus, do not provide a reasonable basis for withdrawing the direct final rule. Therefore, DOE provides this document confirming the effective and compliance dates of those standards. This document also corrects an error in the amended regulatory text as it appeared in the direct final rule published on May 7, 2024.

DATES: The technical correction in this document is effective September 30, 2024.

The effective date of September 4, 2024, for the direct final rule published May 7, 2024 (89 FR 38762) is confirmed. Compliance with the standards established in the direct final rule will be required on January 31, 2029.

ADDRESSES: The docket for this rulemaking, which includes **Federal Register** notices, public meeting attendee lists and transcripts, comments, and other supporting documents/materials, is available for review at www.regulations.gov. All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov index. However, not all documents listed in the index may be publicly available, such as information that is exempt from public disclosure.

The docket web page can be found at www.regulations.gov/docket/EERE-2020-BT-STD-0039. The docket web page contains instructions on how to access all documents, including public comments, in the docket.

For further information on how to submit a comment or review other public comments and the docket, contact the Appliance and Equipment Standards Program staff at (202) 287–1445 or by email:

ApplianceStandardsQuestions@ee.doe.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mr. Lucas Adin, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Building Technologies Office, EE–5B, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585–0121. Telephone: (202) 287–5904. Email: ApplianceStandardsQuestions@ee.doe.gov.

Ms. Kristin Koernig, U.S. Department of Energy, Office of the General Counsel, GC–33, 1000 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20585–0121. Telephone: (202) 586–4789. Email: kristin.koernig@hq.doe.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

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I. Authority

The Energy Policy and Conservation Act, Public Law 94–163, as amended

("EPCA"),¹ authorizes DOE to issue a direct final rule establishing an energy conservation standard for a product on receipt of a statement submitted jointly by interested persons that are fairly representative of relevant points of view (including representatives of manufacturers of covered products, States, and efficiency advocates), as determined by the Secretary of Energy ("Secretary"), that contains recommendations with respect to an energy or water conservation standard that are in accordance with the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 6295(o) or 42 U.S.C. 6313(a)(6)(B), as applicable. (42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4))

The direct final rule must be published simultaneously with a notice of proposed rulemaking ("NOPR") that proposes an energy or water conservation standard that is identical to the standard established in the direct final rule, and DOE must provide a public comment period of at least 110 days on this proposal. (42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4)(A)–(B)) Not later than 120 days after issuance of the direct final rule, DOE shall withdraw the direct final rule if: (1) DOE receives one or more adverse public comments relating to the direct final rule or any alternative joint recommendation; and (2) based on the rulemaking record relating to the direct final rule, DOE determines that such adverse public comments or alternative joint recommendation may provide a reasonable basis for withdrawing the direct final rule. (42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4)(C)) If DOE makes such a determination, DOE must proceed with the NOPR published simultaneously with the direct final rule and publish in the **Federal Register** the reasons why the direct final rule was withdrawn. (*Id.*)

After review of the comments received in response to the direct final rule, DOE has determined that it did not receive any adverse comments providing a basis for withdrawal described above for the direct final rule that is the subject of this document. As such, DOE did not withdraw this direct final rule and allowed it to become effective. Although not required under EPCA, where DOE does not withdraw a direct final rule, DOE customarily publishes a summary of the comments received during the 110-day comment period and its responses to those comments. This document contains such a summary, as well as DOE's responses to the comments.

¹ All references to EPCA in this document refer to the statute as amended through the Energy Act of 2020, Public Law 116–260 (Dec. 27, 2020), which reflect the last statutory amendments that impact parts A and A–1 of EPCA.

II. Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products Direct Final Rule

A. Background

In a direct final rule published on October 28, 2016, DOE prescribed the current energy conservation standards for miscellaneous refrigeration products (“MREFs”) manufactured on and after October 28, 2019. 81 FR 75194. These standards are set forth in DOE’s regulations at 10 CFR 430.32(aa)(1) and (2). These standards are consistent with a negotiated term sheet submitted to

DOE by interested parties representing manufacturers, energy and environmental advocates, and consumer groups.²

On March 31, 2023, DOE published a NOPR proposing to establish amended standards for MREFs. 88 FR 19382.

On September 25, 2023, DOE received a joint statement (“Joint Agreement”) recommending standards for MREFs that was submitted jointly by groups representing manufacturers, energy and environmental advocates, consumer groups, and a utility.³ In addition to the

recommended standards for MREFs, the Joint Agreement also included separate recommendations for several other covered products.⁴ The amended standard levels recommended in the Joint Agreement for MREFs, which are expressed in terms of kilowatt hours per year (“kWh/yr”), are presented in table II.1. Details of the Joint Agreement recommendations for other products are provided in the Joint Agreement posted in the docket for this rulemaking.⁵

TABLE II.1—RECOMMENDED AMENDED ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR MISCELLANEOUS REFRIGERATION PRODUCTS

Product class	Level (based on AV (ft³))	Compliance date
1. Freestanding Compact Coolers (FCC)	5.52AV + 109.1	January 31, 2029.
2. Freestanding Coolers (FC)	5.52AV + 109.1	January 31, 2029.
3. Built-in Compact Coolers (BICC)	5.52AV + 109.1	January 31, 2029.
4. Built-in Coolers (BIC)	6.30AV + 124.6	January 31, 2029.
C–3A. Cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.11AV + 117.4	January 31, 2029.
C–3A–BI. Built-in cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.67AV + 133.0	January 31, 2029.
C–5–BI. NEW PRODUCT CLASS: Built-in cooler with refrigerator-freezer—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer.	5.47AV + 196.2 + 28l	January 31, 2029.
C–9. Cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost without an automatic icemaker	5.58AV + 147.7 + 28l	January 31, 2029.
C–9–BI. Built-in cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost without an automatic icemaker.	6.38AV + 168.8 + 28l	January 31, 2029.
C–13A. Compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.74AV + 155.0	January 31, 2029.
C–13A–BI. Built-in compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	5.22AV + 170.5	January 31, 2029.

AV = Total adjusted volume, expressed in ft³, as determined in appendices A and B of subpart B of 10 CFR part 430.

l = 1 for a product with an automatic icemaker and = 0 for a product without an automatic icemaker.

After carefully considering the recommended energy conservation standards for MREFs in the Joint Agreement, DOE determined that these recommendations were in accordance with the statutory requirements of 42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4) for the issuance of a direct final rule and published a direct final rule on May 7, 2024 (“May 2024 Direct Final Rule”). 89 FR 38762. DOE evaluated whether the Joint Agreement satisfies 42 U.S.C. 6295(o), as

applicable, and found that the recommended standard levels would result in significant energy savings and are technologically feasible and economically justified. *Id.* at 89 FR 38763–38770. Accordingly, DOE adopted the recommended efficiency levels for MREFs as the amended standard levels in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule. *Id.* at 89 FR 38828.

The standards adopted in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule apply to product

classes listed in table II.2 and manufactured in, or imported into, the United States starting on January 31, 2029. The May 2024 Direct Final Rule provides a detailed discussion of DOE’s analysis of the benefits and burdens of the amended standards pursuant to the criteria set forth in EPCA. *Id.* at 89 FR 38803–38831.

² The negotiated term sheets are available in docket ID EERE–2011–BT–STD–0043 on www.regulations.gov.

³ The signatories to the Joint Agreement include the association of Home Appliance Manufacturers (“AHAM”), American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy, Alliance for Water Efficiency, Appliance Standards Awareness Project, Consumer Federation of America, Consumer Reports, Earthjustice, National Consumer Law Center, Natural Resources Defense Council, Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance, and Pacific Gas and

Electric Company. Members of AHAM’s Major Appliance Division that manufacture the affected products include: Alliance Laundry Systems, LLC; Asko Appliances AB; Beko US Inc.; Brown Stove Works, Inc.; BSH; Danby Products, Ltd.; Electrolux Home Products, Inc.; Elicamex S.A. de C.V.; Faber; Fotile America; GEA, a Haier Company; L’Atelier Paris Haute Design LLC; LGEUSA; Liebherr USA, Co.; Midea America Corp.; Miele, Inc.; Panasonic Appliances Refrigeration Systems (PAPRSA) Corporation of America; Perlick Corporation; Samsung; Sharp Electronics Corporation; Smeg

S.p.A; Sub-Zero Group, Inc.; The Middleby Corporation; U-Line Corporation; Viking Range, LLC; and Whirlpool.

⁴ The Joint Agreement contained recommendations for 6 covered products: refrigerators, refrigerator-freezers, and freezers; clothes washers; clothes dryers; dishwashers; cooking products; and miscellaneous refrigeration products.

⁵ The Joint Agreement is available in the docket at: www.regulations.gov/document/EERE-2020-BT-STD-0039-0034.

TABLE II.2—ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR MREFS
[Compliance starting January 31, 2029]⁶

Product class ("PC")	Equations for maximum energy use (kWh/yr)
	Based on AV (ft³)
1. Freestanding Compact Coolers (FCC)	5.52AV + 109.1.
2. Freestanding Coolers (FC)	5.52AV + 109.1.
3. Built-in Compact Coolers (BICC)	5.52AV + 109.1.
4. Built-in Coolers (BIC)	6.30AV + 124.6.
C-3A. Cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.11AV + 117.4.
C-3A-BI. Built-in cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.67AV + 133.0.
C-5-BI. Built-in cooler with refrigerator-freezer—automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer	5.47AV + 196.2 + 28I.
C-9. Cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost	5.58AV + 147.7 + 28I.
C-9-BI. Built-in cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost	6.38AV + 168.8 + 28I.
C-13A. Compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.74AV + 155.0.
C-13A-BI. Built-in compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	5.22AV + 170.5.

AV = Total adjusted volume, expressed in ft³, as determined in appendices A and B of subpart B of 10 CFR part 430.
I = 1 for a product with an automatic icemaker and = 0 for a product without an automatic icemaker.

As required by EPCA, DOE also simultaneously published a NOPR proposing the identical standard levels contained in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule. 89 FR 38803. DOE then considered whether any comment received during the 110-day comment period following the publication of the May 2024 Direct Final Rule was adverse and provided a reasonable basis for withdrawal of the direct final rule under

the provisions in 42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4)(C).
III. Comments on the Direct Final Rule
As discussed in section I of this document, not later than 120 days after publication of a direct final rule, DOE shall withdraw the direct final rule if: (1) DOE receives one or more adverse public comments relating to the direct final rule or any alternative joint

recommendation; and (2) based on the rulemaking record relating to the direct final rule, DOE determines that such adverse public comments or alternative joint recommendation may provide a reasonable basis for withdrawing the direct final rule. (42 U.S.C. 6295(p)(4)(C)(i))
DOE received comments in response to the May 2024 Direct Final Rule from the interested parties listed in table III.1.

TABLE III.1—LIST OF COMMENTERS WITH WRITTEN SUBMISSIONS IN RESPONSE TO THE MAY 2024 DIRECT FINAL RULE

Commenter(s)	Abbreviation	Comment No. in the docket	Commenter type
Clean Future	Clean Future	44	Efficiency Advocate. Advocacy Organizations, Utilities.
Appliance Standards Awareness Project, American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy, Consumer Federation of America, Consumer Reports, Earthjustice, National Consumer Law Center, Natural Resources Defense Council, Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance, and Pacific Gas and Electric Company.	ASAP <i>et al.</i>	45	
Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers	AHAM	46	Trade Association.

A parenthetical reference at the end of a comment quotation or paraphrase provides the location of the item in the public record.⁷ The following sections discuss the substantive comments DOE received on the May 2024 Direct Final Rule as well as DOE’s determination that the comments are not adverse and thus do not provide a reasonable basis for withdrawal of the direct final rule.

A. General Comments

AHAM and ASAP *et al.* expressed support for the May 2024 Direct Final Rule for MREFs because the May 2024 Direct Final Rule establishes standards that are consistent with

recommendations submitted in the Joint Agreement. (AHAM, No. 46 at pp. 1–4, 8; ASAP *et al.*, No. 45 at pp. 1–2) ASAP *et al.* stated that they supported the price learning methodology in the analysis for the May 2024 Direct Final Rule and they do not expect the standards for MREFs to have any impact on product reliability. (ASAP *et al.*, No. 45 at pp. 2–3)
AHAM further commented that the May 2024 Direct Final Rule standards meet the statutory criteria for amending standards set forth in 42 U.S.C. 6295(o) and that DOE has satisfied the criteria for issuing a direct final rule. (AHAM,

No. 46 at pp. 4–6) AHAM supported the compliance dates adopted in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule and DOE’s commitment in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule to consider the processes by which DOE analyzes energy and water conservation standards in a separate rulemaking considering all product categories. (*Id.* at p. 6)
Clean Future also expressed support for the amended standards adopted by the May 2024 Direct Final Rule. (Clean Future, No. 44 at p. 1)
B. Typographical Error Correction
AHAM identified a typographical error in the table of amended standards

⁶ This table corrects typographical errors in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule in the product class descriptions for product classes C-9 and C-9-BI, as discussed further in section III.B of this document.

⁷ The parenthetical reference provides a reference for information located in the docket of DOE’s rulemaking to develop energy conservation standards for MREFs. (Docket No. EERE–2020–BT–

STD–0039, which is maintained at: www.regulations.gov). The references are arranged as follows: (commenter name, comment docket ID number at page of that document).

published in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule. DOE adopted consolidated product classes in the table of amended standards at 10 CFR 430.32(aa)(2) but did not remove the descriptive words “without an automatic icemaker” in the descriptions of product classes C–9 and C–9–BI. (AHAM, No. 46 at p. 7)

DOE acknowledges that the description as currently found in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule inadvertently included the descriptive words “without an automatic icemaker” in the descriptions of product classes C–9 and C–9–BI. Indeed, as referenced by AHAM, the May 2024 Direct Final Rule adopted consolidated product classes that incorporate icemaker energy adders into the energy use equations for which they are applicable, rather than defining separate product classes with and without icemakers, as is done for the current energy conservation standards codified at 10 CFR 430.32(aa)(2). See 89 FR 38762, 38776–38777. This document corrects the typographical error identified by AHAM and removes the unnecessary words “without an automatic icemaker” from the product class descriptions for product classes C–9 and C–9–BI.

In correcting the descriptions of product classes C–9 and C–9–BI in this confirmation document, DOE is aligning the product class description with the intent of the May 2024 Direct Final Rule to adopt consolidated product classes that incorporate icemaker energy adders into the energy use equations for which they are applicable, rather than defining separate product classes with and without icemakers. See *id.* Because this amendment is a clarifying correction and makes no substantive changes to the May 2024 Direct Final Rule, the changes addressed in this document are technical in nature.

DOE has concluded that the determinations made pursuant to the various procedural requirements applicable to the May 2024 Direct Final Rule remain unchanged for this final rule technical correction. These determinations are set forth in the May 2024 Direct Final Rule. *Id.* at 89 FR 38831–38834.

Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B), DOE finds that there is good cause to not issue a separate request to solicit public comment on the changes contained in this document. Issuing a separate request to solicit public comment would be impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest. Neither the errors nor the corrections in this document affect the substance of the May 2024 Direct Final Rule or any of the conclusions reached

in support of the direct final rule. Providing prior notice and an opportunity for public comment on correcting objective, typographical errors that do not change the substance of the energy conservation standards serves no useful purpose.

Further, this rule correcting a regulatory text error makes non-substantive changes to the product classes subject to the energy conservation standards. As such, this rule is not subject to the 30-day delay in effective date requirement of 5 U.S.C. 553(d) otherwise applicable to rules that make substantive changes.

IV. Impact of Any Lessening of Competition

EPCA directs DOE to consider any lessening of competition that is likely to result from new or amended standards. (42 U.S.C. 629(p)(4)(A)(i) and (C)(i)(II); 42 U.S.C. 6295(o)(2)(B)(i)(V)) It also directs the Attorney General of the United States (“Attorney General”) to determine the impact, if any, of any lessening of competition likely to result from a proposed standard and to transmit such determination to the Secretary within 60 days of the publication of a proposed rule, together with an analysis of the nature and extent of the impact. (42 U.S.C. 6295(o)(2)(B)(i)(V) and (B)(ii)) To assist the Attorney General in making this determination, DOE provided the Department of Justice (“DOJ”) with copies of the May 2024 Direct Final Rule, the corresponding NOPR, and the May 2024 Direct Final Rule TSD for review. DOE has published DOJ’s comments at the end of this document.

In its letter responding to DOE, DOJ concluded that, based on its review, it is unlikely that the proposed energy conservation standards for MREFs would have a significant adverse impact on competition.

V. Review Under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969

Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (“NEPA”), DOE had analyzed the direct final rule in accordance with NEPA and DOE’s NEPA implementing regulations (10 CFR part 1021). DOE has determined that this rule qualifies for categorical exclusion under 10 CFR part 1021, subpart D, appendix B5.1 because it is a rulemaking that establishes energy conservation standards for consumer products or industrial equipment, none of the exceptions identified in B5.1(b) apply, no extraordinary circumstances exist that require further environmental analysis, and it meets the requirements for application of a categorical

exclusion. See 10 CFR 1021.410. Therefore, DOE has determined that promulgation of this direct final rule is not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment within the meaning of NEPA and does not require an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement.

VI. Conclusion

In summary, based on the previous discussion, DOE has determined that it did not receive any adverse comments in response to the direct final rule for amended energy conservation standards for MREFs. As a result, the energy conservation standards set forth in the direct final rule became effective on September 4, 2024. Compliance with these standards is required on and after January 31, 2029.

Signing Authority

This document of the Department of Energy was signed on September 20, 2024, by Jeffrey Marootian, Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, pursuant to delegated authority from the Secretary of Energy. That document with the original signature and date is maintained by DOE. For administrative purposes only, and in compliance with requirements of the Office of the Federal Register, the undersigned DOE Federal Register Liaison Officer has been authorized to sign and submit the document in electronic format for publication, as an official document of the Department of Energy. This administrative process in no way alters the legal effect of this document upon publication in the **Federal Register**.

Signed in Washington, DC, on September 23, 2024.

List of Subjects in 10 CFR Part 430

Administrative practice and procedure, Confidential business information, Energy conservation, Household appliances, Imports, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Small businesses.

Treena V. Garrett,

Federal Register Liaison Officer, U.S. Department of Energy.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, DOE amends part 430 of chapter II, subchapter D, of title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, by making the following technical correction:

PART 430—ENERGY CONSERVATION PROGRAM FOR CONSUMER PRODUCTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 430 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 6291–6309; 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.
■ 2. Amend § 430.32 by revising paragraph (aa)(2)(ii) to read as follows:
§ 430.32 Energy and water conservation standards and their compliance dates.
* * * * *

(aa) * * *
(2) * * *
(ii) Combination cooler refrigeration products manufactured on or after January 31, 2029, shall have an Annual Energy Use (AEU) no more than:

Product class	AEU (kWh/yr)
C–3A. Cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.11AV + 117.4.
C–3A–BI. Built-in cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.67AV + 133.0.
C–5–BI. Built-in cooler with refrigerator-freezer with automatic defrost with bottom-mounted freezer	5.47AV + 196.2 + 28l.
C–9. Cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost	5.58AV + 147.7 + 28l.
C–9–BI. Built-in cooler with upright freezer with automatic defrost	6.38AV + 168.8 + 28l.
C–13A. Compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	4.74AV + 155.0.
C–13A–BI. Built-in compact cooler with all-refrigerator—automatic defrost	5.22AV + 170.5.

AV = Total adjusted volume, expressed in ft³, as determined in appendix A to subpart B of this part.
l = 1 for a product with an automatic icemaker and = 0 for a product without an automatic icemaker.

* * * * *
Note: The following appendix will not appear in the Code of Federal Regulations.

Appendix A

July 9, 2024
Ami Grace-Tardy
Assistant General Counsel for Legislation,
Regulation and Energy Efficiency
U.S. Department of Energy
Washington, DC 20585
Ami.Grace-Tardy@hq.doe.gov
Re: Conservation Standards for
Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products DOE
Docket No. EERE–2020–BT–STD–0039
Dear Assistant General Counsel Grace-Tardy:
I am responding to your May 10, 2024,
letter seeking the views of the Attorney
General about the potential impact on
competition of proposed energy conservation
standards for miscellaneous refrigeration
products (MREFs).
Your request was submitted under Section
325(o)(2)(B)(i)(V) of the Energy Policy and
Conservation Act, as amended (ECPA), 42
U.S.C. 6295(o)(2)(B)(i)(V), which requires the
Attorney General to make a determination of
the impact of any lessening of competition
that is likely to result from the imposition of
proposed energy conservation standards. The
Attorney General’s responsibility for
responding to requests from other
departments about the effect of a program on
competition has been delegated to the
Assistant Attorney General for the Antitrust
Division in 28 CFR 0.40(g). The Assistant
Attorney General for the Antitrust Division
has authorized me, as the Policy Director for
the Antitrust Division, to provide the
Antitrust Division’s views regarding the
potential impact on competition of proposed
energy conservation standards on his behalf.
In conducting its analysis, the Antitrust
Division examines whether a proposed
standard may lessen competition, for
example, by substantially limiting consumer
choice, by placing certain manufacturers at
an unjustified competitive disadvantage, or
by inducing avoidable inefficiencies in
production or distribution of particular

products. A lessening of competition could
result in higher prices to manufacturers and
consumers.
We have reviewed the proposed standards
contained in the Notice of Proposed
Rulemaking (89 FR 37987, May 7, 2024), the
Direct Final Rule (89 FR 38762, May 7, 2024),
and the related Technical Support
Documents (TSD) that accompanied them.
We have also reviewed the Docket and noted
that, as of July 9, 2024, no public comments
had been filed in response to the Notice of
Proposed Rulemaking or the Direct Final
Rule.
Based on this review, our conclusion is
that the proposed energy conservation
standards for MREFs are unlikely to have a
significant adverse impact on competition.
Sincerely,
/s/
David G.B. Lawrence,
Policy Director.
[FR Doc. 2024–22131 Filed 9–27–24; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6450–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

10 CFR Part 431
[EERE–2022–BT–STD–0015]
RIN 1904–AF34

Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Air-Cooled Commercial Package Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps

AGENCY: Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Department of Energy.
ACTION: Direct final rule; confirmation of effective and compliance dates.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Energy (“DOE”) published a direct final rule to establish amended energy conservation standards for air-cooled commercial package air conditioners and heat pumps with a rated cooling

capacity greater than or equal to 65,000 Btu/h in the **Federal Register** on May 20, 2024. DOE has determined that the comments received in response to the direct final rule do not provide a reasonable basis for withdrawing the direct final rule. Therefore, DOE provides this document confirming the effective and compliance dates of those standards.
DATES: The effective date of September 17, 2024, for the direct final rule published on May 20, 2024, (89 FR 44052) is confirmed. Compliance with the standards established in the direct final rule will be required on and after January 1, 2029.
ADDRESSES: The docket for this rulemaking, which includes **Federal Register** notices, public meeting attendee lists and transcripts, comments, and other supporting documents/materials, is available for review at www.regulations.gov. All documents in the docket are listed in the www.regulations.gov index. However, not all documents listed in the index may be publicly available, such as information that is exempt from public disclosure.
The docket web page can be found at www.regulations.gov/docket/EERE-2022-BT-STD-0015. The docket webpage contains instructions on how to access all documents, including public comments, in the docket.
For further information on how to submit a comment or review other public comments and the docket, contact the Appliance and Equipment Standards Program staff at (202) 287–1445 or by email: ApplianceStandardsQuestions@ee.doe.gov.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: