

information please submit an index document outlining the relevant information in each file along with a statement regarding whether or not the submission comprises all of the complete information available.

**Please Note:** The contents of all submissions, regardless of format, will be available to the public upon request unless prohibited by law.

The draft of this review will be posted on AHRQ's EHC program Web site and available for public comment for a period of 4 weeks. If you would like to be notified when the draft is posted, please sign up for the email list at: <http://effectivehealthcare.AHRQ.gov/index.cfm/join-the-email-list1/>.

### The Key Questions

**Key Question 1:** In patients presenting to the emergency department or urgent care facilities with signs or symptoms suggestive of heart failure (HF):

1. What is the test performance of BNP and NT-proBNP for HF?
2. What are the optimal decision cut points for BNP and NT-proBNP to diagnose and exclude HF?

3. What determinants affect the test performance of BNP and NTproBNP (e.g., age, gender, comorbidity)?

**Key Question 2:** In patients presenting to a primary care physician with risk factors, signs, or symptoms suggestive of HF:

1. What is the test performance of BNP and NT-proBNP for HF?
2. What are the optimal decision cut points for BNP and NT-proBNP to diagnose and exclude HF?

3. What determinants affect the test performance of BNP and NTproBNP (e.g., age, gender, comorbidity)?

**Key Question 3:** In HF populations, is BNP or NT-pro BNP measured at admission, discharge or change between admission and discharge an independent predictor of morbidity and mortality outcomes?

**Key Question 4:** In HF populations, does BNP measured at admission, discharge or change between admission and discharge add predictive information to other prognostic methods?

**Key Question 5:** Is BNP or NT-pro BNP measured in the community setting an independent predictor of morbidity and mortality outcomes in general populations?

**Key Question 6:** In patients with HF, does BNP assisted therapy or intensified therapy compared to usual care, improve outcomes?

**Key Question 7:** What is the biological variation of BNP and NT-proBNP in patients with HF and without HF?

Dated: January 17, 2012.

**Carolyn M. Clancy,**

*Director, AHRQ.*

[FR Doc. 2012-1403 Filed 1-25-12; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4160-90-M**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Administration on Aging

#### Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Annual Reporting Requirements for the Older American Act Title VI Grant Program

**AGENCY:** Administration on Aging, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Administration on Aging (AoA) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed extension of an existing collection of information by the agency.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on the information collection requirements relating to Performance Reports for Title VI grants.

**DATES:** Submit written or electronic comments on the collection of information by March 26, 2012.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit electronic comments on the collection of information to: [Margaret.Graves@aoa.hhs.gov](mailto:Margaret.Graves@aoa.hhs.gov). Submit written comments on the collection of information to Margaret Graves, Administration on Aging, Washington, DC 20201 or by fax at (202) 357-3560).

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Margaret Graves at (202) 357-3502 or [Margaret.Graves@aoa.hhs.gov](mailto:Margaret.Graves@aoa.hhs.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes agency request or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information,

including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, AoA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document. With respect to the following collection of information, AoA invites comments on: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of AoA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of AoA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

AoA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows: Annual submission of the Program Performance Reports are due 90 days after the end of the budget period and final project period.

**Respondents:** Federally Recognized Tribes, Tribal and Native Hawaiian Organizations receiving grants under Title VI, Part A, Grants for Native Americans; Title VI, Part B, Native Hawaiian Program and Title VI, Part C, Native American Caregiver Support Program.

**Estimated Number of Responses:** 256.

**Total Estimated Burden Hours:** 640.

Dated: January 23, 2012.

**Kathy Greenlee,**

*Assistant Secretary for Aging.*

[FR Doc. 2012-1605 Filed 1-25-12; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4154-01-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30-Day-12-0805]

#### Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639-7570 or send an

email to [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov). Send written comments to CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

### Proposed Project

Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) US Evaluation—Revision — National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

### Background and Brief Description

From 2009–2011, CDC conducted annual risk factor surveys that tracked health trends among racial and ethnic minority groups (OMB No. 0920–0805, exp. 2/29/2012). The surveys were conducted in areas where community interventions were implemented as part of the Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health across the U.S.

(REACH US) program. The REACH US program is a national multilevel strategy to reduce and eliminate health disparities in racial and ethnic minorities. Priority areas for the program include breast and cervical cancer; cardiovascular disease; diabetes mellitus; adult/older adult immunization, hepatitis B, and/or tuberculosis; asthma; and infant mortality. Priority populations for the program are African American, American Indian, Alaska Native, Hispanic American, Asian American, and Pacific Islander citizens.

CDC is requesting OMB approval to conduct two additional cycles of data collection in 2012 and 2013. Risk factor information will be collected from a random sample of adults in 28 REACH US communities (900 individuals per community). After households have been selected through address-based sampling, health information will be collected through a self-administered,

mailed questionnaire, or through interviews conducted by telephone or in-person with members of the selected households.

The estimated burden per response is 15 minutes. The surveys will help to assess the prevalence of various risk factors associated with chronic diseases, deficits in breast and cervical cancer screening and management, and deficits in adult immunizations. Survey results will be used for REACH US program evaluation and to assess progress towards the national goal of eliminating health disparities within minority populations.

OMB approval is requested for two years. Minor changes to the survey questions will be implemented, and adjustments will be made to the estimated number of respondents. Participation is voluntary and there are no costs to respondents other than their time. The total estimated burden hours are 9,460.

### ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Members of REACH U.S. communities .....	Screening Interview .....	14,700	1	3/60
	Household Member Interview .....	10,600	1	15/60
	REACH Study Booklet self-administered questionnaire.	24,300	1	15/60

**Kimberly S. Lane,**

*Reports Clearance Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

[FR Doc. 2012–1624 Filed 1–25–12; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4163–18–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30-Day-11–11EP]

### Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) publishes a list of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). To request a copy of these requests, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer at (404) 639–7570 or send an email to [omb@cdc.gov](mailto:omb@cdc.gov). Send written

comments to CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

### Proposed Project

Validation of an Occupational Safety and Health Questionnaire—New—National Institute for occupational

Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

### Background and Brief Description

The mission of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) is to promote safety and health at work for all people through research and prevention. Under Public Law 91–596, Section 20 and 22 (section 20–22, Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970), NIOSH has the responsibility to conduct research to advance the health and safety of workers. In this capacity, NIOSH will administer a questionnaire designed to assess differences in approaches to and perspectives of workplace safety between American-born and Latino immigrant workers.

The rapid growth of Latino immigrant population in the United States has increased the demand for Spanish-language occupational safety and health training materials. Typically, this need has been met by translating existing, English-language training materials into Spanish rather than developing new materials specifically designed for