6. Section 252.247–7023 is amended by revising the clause date, paragraph (e) introductory text, paragraph (f) introductory text, and paragraph (h), and by adding Alternate III to read as follows:

# 252.247–7023 Transportation of Supplies by Sea.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

# Transportation of Supplies by Sea (May 2002)

\* \* \* \* \*

(e) The Contractor shall, within 30 days after each shipment covered by this clause, provide the Contracting Officer and the Maritime Administration, Office of Cargo Preference, U.S. Department of Transportation, 400 Seventh Street SW., Washington, DC 20590, one copy of the rated on board vessel operating carrier's ocean bill of lading, which shall contain the following information:

(f) The Contractor shall provide with its final invoice under this contract a representation that to the best of its knowledge and belief—

\* \* \* \* \*

- (h) In the award of subcontracts for the types of supplies described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall flow down the requirements of this clause as follows:
- (1) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (h), in subcontracts that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- (2) The Contractor shall insert the substance of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause, and this paragraph (h), in subcontracts that are at or below the simplified acquisition threshold in part 2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

# Alternate III (May 2002)

As prescribed in 247.573(b)(4), substitute the following paragraph (f) for paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of the basic clause:

(f) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in subcontracts that are for a type of supplies described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause.

[FR Doc. 02–13359 Filed 5–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–08–P

### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

# 48 CFR Parts 226 and 252

[DFARS Case 2000-D024]

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense (DoD).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

summary: DoD has adopted as final, without change, an interim rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to implement Section 8022 of the DoD Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2001. Section 8022 provides for incentive payments to DoD contractors, and subcontractors at any tier, that use Indian organizations and Indian-owned economic enterprises as subcontractors.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** May 31, 2002. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ms. Angelina Moy, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council, OUSD(AT&L)DP(DAR), IMD 3C132, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–1302; facsimile (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 2000–D024.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### A. Background

This rule implements Section 8022 of the DoD Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–259). Section 8022 provides funding for incentive payments to DoD contractors, and subcontractors at any tier, that use Indian organizations and Indian-owned economic enterprises as subcontractors.

DoD published an interim rule at 66 FR 47110 on September 11, 2001. The rule revised DFARS 226.104 and added a new clause at DFARS 252.226–7001. The new clause is similar to the clause at FAR 52.226–1, Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises, but contains the DoD requirement to provide for incentive payments to subcontractors at any tier.

Nineteen sources submitted comments in response to the interim rule. A summary of the comments and the DoD response is provided below:

Comment: The DFARS policy excludes contracts awarded using FAR Part 12 (commercial item) procedures from the Indian Incentive Program. This exclusion should be removed.

DoD Response: This exclusion was established under previous DFARS Case 99–D300, published at 65 FR 19858 on April 13, 2000. A change to this exclusion is outside the scope of the present case. However, the DoD Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization is continuing to study this issue.

Comment: The definition of "Indian" should be amended to include Native Hawaiians.

DoD Response: Do not concur. The statutory basis for the Indian Incentive Program is 25 U.S.C. Chapter 17 (Section 1544). The definition of "Indian" provided in 25 U.S.C. Chapter 17 (Section 1452) does not include Native Hawaiians.

Comment: Prime contractors should be required to sponsor subcontractor claims for incentive payments.

DoD Response: Do not concur. The statute authorizing the Indian Incentive Program (25 U.S.C. 1544) provides that a contractor or subcontractor may be allowed an additional amount of compensation for subcontracts awarded to Indian organizations or Indian-owned economic enterprises. There is no statutory authority for DoD to require a contractor to submit or sponsor claims for incentive payments for its subcontractors.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

### B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

DoD certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq., because DoD already was implementing the Indian Incentive Program through use of the clause at FAR 52.226-1, Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises. The FAR clause permits incentive payments to large and small contractors that use Indian organizations or enterprises as subcontractors. The new DFARS clause expands the incentive payments to subcontractors at any tier. While this expansion should benefit small businesses that award lower-tier subcontracts to Indian organizations or enterprises, the economic impact should not be substantial.

### C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not impose any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

# List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 226 and 252

Government procurement.

#### Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

# Interim Rule Adopted as Final Without Change

Accordingly, the interim rule amending 48 CFR Parts 226 and 252, which was published at 66 FR 47110 on September 11, 2001, is adopted as a final rule without change.

[FR Doc. 02–13360 Filed 5–30–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 5001–08–U

#### **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**

#### 48 CFR Part 244

[DFARS Case 2000-D028]

Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Subcontract Commerciality Determinations

**AGENCY:** Department of Defense (DoD). **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: DoD has issued a final rule amending the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to clarify the responsibilities of contractors and administrative contracting officers regarding determinations as to whether a subcontract item meets the definition of "commercial item" specified in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 31, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:  $\ensuremath{Mr}\xspace$  .

Rick Layser, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council,

OUSD(AT&L)DP(DAR), IMD 3C132, 3062 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301–3062. Telephone (703) 602–0293; facsimile (703) 602–0350. Please cite DFARS Case 2000–D028.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. Background

This final rule amends the DFARS to specify that—

- (1) The contractor will determine whether a particular subcontract item meets the definition of "commercial item"; and
- (2) When conducting a contractor purchasing system review (CPSR), the administrative contracting officer will review the adequacy of rationale documenting commercial item determinations to ensure compliance with the definition of "commercial item" in FAR 2.101.

DoD published a proposed rule at 66 FR 47159 on September 11, 2001. Three sources submitted comments on the proposed rule. A summary of the comments and the DoD response is provided below:

Comment: Amend DFARS subpart 244.3 to add a requirement for the administrative contracting officer, when performing a CPSR, to ascertain whether the contractor is requiring its subcontractors to provide any form of cost or pricing data. This will provide insight as to whether prime contractors

are correctly adhering to the definition of a commercial item.

DoD Response: The recommended additional requirement is beyond the intent of this DFARS rule. The intent of the rule is to clarify the responsibilities of contractors and administrative contracting officers regarding commercial item determinations for subcontracts, not to add new requirements for the performance of CPSRs. FAR subpart 44.3, as supplemented by this DFARS rule, provides sufficient policy regarding the extent of CPSRs.

Comment: The rule introduces additional confusion to the process of conducting CPSRs, which are now done on a risk evaluation basis. The rule does not have a threshold for the value of the prime contract or the subcontract. The rule will result in significant additional effort on the part of the buying organization to justify and support the commercial item determination for the subcontract.

DoD Response: Do not concur. In accordance with FAR 44.302, a CPSR is not performed for a specific contract. Rather, when a contractor's sales to the Government are expected to exceed \$25 million during the next 12 months, the administrative contracting officer must perform a review to determine if a CPSR is needed. This rule does not change the CPSR process or increase the amount of Government oversight. The Government already had the authority to review all aspects of subcontracts that are subject to review as part of the CPSR. Documentation for commercial item determinations should be part of a contractor's normal business procedures; therefore, this rule should not result in significant additional effort.

Comment: Amend DFARS 244.402 to clarify that subcontractors are responsible for making commerciality determinations for lower-tier subcontracts.

DoD Response: The additional clarification is unnecessary, as the Government does not have privity of contract with subcontractors, and DoD administrative contracting officers do not review lower-tier subcontracts when conducting CPSRs.

Comment: The reference to FAR 15.403–1(c)(3) is unnecessary in that it pertains to the exceptions from obtaining cost or pricing data and does not clarify responsibilities for commercial item determinations.

DoD Response: The reference to FAR 15.403–1(c)(3) is relevant in situations where subcontract items are improperly designated as commercial and, as a result, are improperly exempted from

cost or pricing data requirements. As outlined in FAR 44.305–3, recurring noncompliance with FAR 15.403 is a condition for withholding or withdrawing a contractor\*s purchasing system approval. The language in DFARS 244.402(a) has been modified to make the point of the FAR reference clearer.

This rule was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993.

#### **B. Regulatory Flexibility Act**

DoD certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq., because the rule merely clarifies responsibilities regarding commercial item determinations for subcontracts.

### C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the rule does not impose any information collection requirements that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.

## List of Subjects in 48 CFR Part 244

Government procurement.

#### Michele P. Peterson,

Executive Editor, Defense Acquisition Regulations Council.

Therefore, 48 CFR part 244 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR part 244 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 41 U.S.C. 421 and 48 CFR Chapter 1.

# PART 244—SUBCONTRACTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

2. Section 244.303 is added to read as follows:

#### 244.303 Extent of review.

Also review the adequacy of rationale documenting commercial item determinations to ensure compliance with the definition of "commercial item" in FAR 2.101.

3. Section 244.402 is added to read as follows:

# 244.402 Policy requirements.

(a) Contractors shall determine whether a particular subcontract item meets the definition of a commercial item. This requirement does not affect the contracting officer's responsibilities or determinations made under FAR 15.403–1(c)(3). Contractors are expected to exercise reasonable business judgment in making such