

review and for future deposits of estimated duties, where applicable.<sup>8</sup>

For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by either of the individually examined respondents for which they did not know that the merchandise it sold to the intermediary (e.g., a reseller, trading company, or exporter) was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.<sup>9</sup>

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired, i.e., within 90 days of publication.

#### Cash Deposit Requirements

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for companies subject to this review will be equal to the company-specific weighted-average dumping margins established in the final results of the review; (2) for merchandise exported by a company not covered in this review but covered in a prior completed segment of this proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published in the completed segment for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the investigation, but the producer has been covered in a prior completed segment of this proceeding, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the completed segment for the most recent period for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 1.95 percent, the all-others rate established in the investigation, adjusted for the export-subsidy rate in the companion countervailing duty investigation.<sup>10</sup>

These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

#### Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

Commerce is issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: May 16, 2025.

**Scot Fullerton,**

*Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.*

#### Appendix

##### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Results*
- V. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Monthly Comparisons of U.S. Price with Normal Value Due to High Inflation
  - Comment 2: Inward Processing Certificate Date Used to Determine POR Export Sales for Duty Drawback Calculation
  - Comment 3: Duty Drawback Adjustment to U.S. Sales Associated with Open Inward Processing Certificates
  - Comment 4: Inclusion of Exempted Stamp Taxes in Duty Drawback Benefit
  - Comment 5: Use of Open Inward Processing Certificate Import Duties to Calculate Cost-Side Duty Drawback Adjustment

- Comment 6: The Assan Single Entity's Other Discounts
- Comment 7: Ispak's Home Market Sales
- Comment 8: Ispak's U.S. Sales and Packing Expenses
- Comment 9: Error in Producer Price Index Used in Panda's Margin Calculation
- Comment 10: Panda's U.S. Billing Adjustments
- Comment 11: High Inflation Methodology for Panda
- VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025–09247 Filed 5–21–25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A–557–827, A–455–808, A–583–875, A–489–852]

### Dioctyl Terephthalate From Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and the Republic of Türkiye: Antidumping Duty Orders

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** Based on the affirmative final determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC), Commerce is issuing antidumping duty (AD) orders on dioctyl terephthalate (DOTP) from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and the Republic of Türkiye (Türkiye).

**DATES:** Applicable May 22, 2025.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Nathan Araya (Malaysia), Colin Thrasher (Poland), Hannah Lee (Taiwan), Dennis McClure or Noah Wetzel (Türkiye), AD/CVD Operations, Offices II, V, and VIII, respectively, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3401, (202) 482–3004, (202) 482–1216, (202) 482–5973 or (202) 482–7466, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

In accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), on March 28, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** its affirmative final determinations of sales at less-than-fair-value (LTFV) of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye.<sup>1</sup> Pursuant

<sup>1</sup> See *Dioctyl Terephthalate from Malaysia: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 90 FR 14073 (March 28, 2025) (DOTP from Malaysia Final Determination); *Dioctyl Terephthalate from Poland: Final Affirmative*

Continued

<sup>8</sup> See section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act.

<sup>9</sup> For a full discussion of this practice, see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

<sup>10</sup> See *Order*, 86 FR at 62792.

to section 735(d) of the Act, on May 9, 2025, the ITC notified Commerce of its affirmative final determinations that an industry in the United States is materially injured, within the meaning of section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, by reason of imports of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye that are sold in the United States at LTFV.<sup>2</sup>

### Scope of the Orders

The products covered by these orders are DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye. For a complete description of the scope of these orders, see the appendix to this notice.

### AD Orders

Based on the above-referenced affirmative final determinations, in accordance with sections 735(c)(2) and 736 of the Act, Commerce is issuing these AD orders. Moreover, because the ITC determined that U.S. imports of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye are materially injuring a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye, entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, as described below, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price or constructed export price of the merchandise on all relevant entries of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye. With the exception of entries occurring after expiration of the provisional measures period, but before publication of the ITC's final affirmative injury determination, as further described below, antidumping duties will be assessed on unliquidated U.S. entries of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after November 5, 2024, the date of publication of the *Preliminary*

*Determinations*.<sup>3</sup> Because Commerce made final affirmative determinations of sales at LTFV of DOTP from each of the above-referenced countries, Commerce directed CBP to continue suspension of liquidation of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after March 28, 2025, the date of publication of the *Final Determination*.<sup>4</sup>

### Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposits

Except as noted in the "Provisional Measures" section of this notice below, in accordance with section 736 of the Act, Commerce will instruct CBP to continue to suspend liquidation of all relevant entries of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye. These instructions suspending liquidation will remain in effect until further notice.

Commerce will also instruct CBP to require cash deposits at a rate equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margins listed in the table below. Accordingly, effective on the date of publication in the **Federal Register** of the notice of the ITC's affirmative final injury determination, CBP will require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on subject merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the weighted-average dumping margins listed in the table below. The all-others rate applies to all producers or exporters not specifically listed, as appropriate.

### Estimated Weighted-Average Dumping Margins

The estimated weighted-average dumping margins, as published in

<sup>3</sup> See *Diethyl Terephthalate from Malaysia: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 89 FR 87848 (November 5, 2024) (*DOTP from Malaysia Preliminary Determination*); *Diethyl Terephthalate from Poland: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 89 FR 87844 (November 5, 2025) (*DOTP from Poland Preliminary Determination*); *Diethyl Terephthalate from Taiwan: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 89 FR 87846 (November 5, 2024) (*DOTP from Taiwan Preliminary Determination*); and *Diethyl Terephthalate From the Republic of Türkiye: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 89 FR 87855 (November 5, 2024) (*DOTP from Türkiye Preliminary Determination*) (collectively, *Preliminary Determinations*).

<sup>4</sup> See *DOTP from Malaysia Final Determination*, *DOTP from Poland Final Determination*, *DOTP from Taiwan Final Determination*, and *DOTP from Türkiye Final Determination*.

Commerce's *Final Determinations*, are as follows:

#### MALAYSIA

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
UPC Chemicals (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd .....	7.50
All Others .....	7.50

#### POLAND

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Grupa Azoty Zakłady Azotowy ...	*57.88
All Others .....	57.88

\*Rate based on facts otherwise available with adverse inferences.

#### TAIWAN

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Nan Ya Plastics Corp .....	18.73
Oxyde Chemicals Singapore Pte. Ltd .....	*32.94
Fortune Chemical Corp., Ltd .....	*32.94
All Others .....	18.73

\*Rate based on facts otherwise available with adverse inferences.

#### TÜRKİYE

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
By Petrokimya Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S. ....	*80.71
All Others .....	61.61

\*Rate based on facts otherwise available with adverse inferences.

### Provisional Measures

Section 733(d) of the Act states that suspension of liquidation pursuant to an affirmative preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months, except where exporters representing a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise request that Commerce extend the four-month period to no more than six months. At the request of exporters that accounted for a significant proportion of exports of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan and Türkiye, Commerce extended the four-month period to no

*Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 90 FR 14117 (March 28, 2025) (*DOTP from Poland Final Determination*); *Diethyl Terephthalate from Taiwan: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 90 FR 14069 (March 28, 2025) (*DOTP from Taiwan Final Determination*); and *Diethyl Terephthalate From the Republic of Türkiye: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 90 FR 14071 (March 28, 2025) (*DOTP from Türkiye Final Determination*).

<sup>2</sup> See ITC's Letter, "Notification of ITC Final Determinations," dated May 9, 2025.

more than six-months.<sup>5</sup> In the underlying investigations, Commerce published the *Preliminary Determinations* on November 5, 2024. Therefore, the six-month provisional measures period beginning on the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determinations* ended on May 4, 2025.

Pursuant to section 737(b) of the Act, the collection of cash deposits at the rates listed above will begin on the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determinations, which in the underlying investigations of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye is May 15, 2025.<sup>6</sup> Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act and our practice, Commerce will instruct CBP to terminate the suspension of liquidation, and to liquidate, without regard to antidumping duties, unliquidated U.S. entries of DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after May 5, 2025, the first day on which the provisional measures were no longer in effect, until and through May 14, 2025, *i.e.*, the day preceding the date of publication of the *ITC Final Determinations* in the **Federal Register**.<sup>7</sup> Suspension of liquidation and the collection of cash deposits will resume on May 15, 2025, *i.e.*, the date of publication of the *ITC Final Determinations* in the **Federal Register**.<sup>8</sup>

#### Establishment of the Annual Inquiry Service Lists

On September 20, 2021, Commerce published the final rule titled *Regulations to Improve Administration and Enforcement of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Laws* in the **Federal Register**.<sup>9</sup> On September 27, 2021, Commerce published a notification titled *Scope Ruling Application; Annual Inquiry Service List; and Informational Sessions* in the **Federal Register**.<sup>10</sup> The *Final Rule* and *Procedural Guidance* provide that Commerce will maintain an annual inquiry service list for each order or suspended investigation, and any interested party submitting a scope

ruling application or request for circumvention inquiry shall serve a copy of the application or request on the persons on the annual inquiry service list for that order, as well as any companion order covering the same merchandise from the same country of origin.<sup>11</sup>

In accordance with the *Procedural Guidance*, for orders published in the **Federal Register** after November 4, 2021, Commerce will create an annual inquiry service list segment in Commerce's online e-filing and document management system, Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Electronic Service System (ACCESS), available at <https://access.trade.gov>, within five business days of publication of the notice of the order. Each annual inquiry service list will be maintained in ACCESS, under each case number, and under a specific segment type called "AISL-Annual Inquiry Service List."<sup>12</sup>

Interested parties who wish to be added to the annual inquiry service list for an order must submit an entry of appearance in the annual inquiry service list segment in ACCESS for the order within 30 days after the date of publication of the order in the **Federal Register**. For ease of administration, Commerce requests that a law firm with more than one attorney representing an interested party in an order designate a lead attorney to be included on the annual inquiry service list. Commerce will finalize the annual inquiry service list within five business days thereafter. As mentioned in the *Procedural Guidance*,<sup>13</sup> the new annual inquiry service list will be in place until the following year, when the *Opportunity Notice* for the anniversary month of the order is published in the **Federal Register**.

Commerce may update an annual inquiry service list at any time, as needed, based on interested parties' amendments to their entries of appearance to remove, or otherwise modify, their list of members and representatives, or to update contact information. Changes or announcements

pertaining to these procedures will be posted to the ACCESS website at <https://access.trade.gov>.

#### Special Instructions for Petitioners and Foreign Governments

In the *Final Rule*, Commerce stated that, "after an initial request and placement on the annual inquiry service list, both petitioners and foreign governments will automatically be placed on the annual inquiry service list in the years that follow."<sup>14</sup> Accordingly, as stated above, the petitioners and foreign governments should submit their initial entry of appearance after publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** in order to appear in the first annual inquiry service list. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.225(n)(3), the petitioners and foreign governments will not need to resubmit their entries of appearance each year to continue to be included on the annual inquiry service list. However, the petitioners and foreign governments are responsible for making amendments to their entries of appearance during the annual update to the annual inquiry service list in accordance with the procedures described above.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

This notice constitutes the AD orders with respect to DOTP from Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Türkiye, pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties can find a list of AD orders currently in effect at <https://www.trade.gov/data-visualization/adcvd-proceedings>.

These AD orders are published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.211(b).

Dated: May 16, 2025.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

#### Appendix

##### Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by the orders is dioctyl terephthalate (DOTP), regardless of form. DOTP that has been blended with other products is included within this scope when such blends include constituent parts that have not been chemically reacted with each other to produce a different product. For such blends, only the DOTP component of the mixture is covered by the scope of these orders.

DOTP that is otherwise subject to the orders is not excluded when commingled with DOTP from sources not subject to this investigation. Commingled refers to the mixing of subject and non-subject DOTP.

<sup>5</sup> See *DOTP from Malaysia Preliminary Determination*; *DOTP from Poland Preliminary Determination*; *DOTP from Taiwan Preliminary Determination*; and *DOTP from Türkiye Preliminary Determination*.

<sup>6</sup> See *Dioctyl Terephthalate (DOTP) From Malaysia, Poland, Taiwan, and Turkey Determinations*, 90 FR 20688 (May 15, 2025) (*ITC Final Determinations*).

<sup>7</sup> *Id.*

<sup>8</sup> *Id.*

<sup>9</sup> See *Regulations to Improve Administration and Enforcement of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Laws*, 86 FR 52300 (September 20, 2021) (*Final Rule*).

<sup>10</sup> See *Scope Ruling Application; Annual Inquiry Service List; and Informational Sessions*, 86 FR 53205 (September 27, 2021) (*Procedural Guidance*).

<sup>11</sup> *Id.*

<sup>12</sup> This segment will be combined with the ACCESS Segment Specific Information (SSI) field which will display the month in which the notice of the order or suspended investigation was published in the **Federal Register**, also known as the anniversary month. For example, for an order under case number A-000-000 that was published in the **Federal Register** in January, the relevant segment and SSI combination will appear in ACCESS as "AISL-January Anniversary." Note that there will be only one annual inquiry service list segment per case number, and the anniversary month will be pre-populated in ACCESS.

<sup>13</sup> See *Procedural Guidance*, 86 FR at 53206.

<sup>14</sup> See *Final Rule*, 86 FR 52335.

Only the subject component of such commingled products is covered by the scope of these orders.

DOTP has the general chemical formulation of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub>COO)<sub>2</sub> and a chemical name of “bis (2-ethylhexyl) terephthalate” and has a Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry number of 6422–86–2. Regardless of the label, all DOTP is covered by these orders.

Subject merchandise is currently classified under subheading 2917.39.2000 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Subject merchandise may also enter under subheadings 2917.39.7000 or 3812.20.1000 of the HTSUS. While the CAS registry number and HTSUS classifications are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of these orders is dispositive.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–357–823]

Raw Honey From Argentina: Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2023

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is amending the final results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on raw honey from Argentina to correct certain ministerial errors. Based on the amended final results, we find that the companies under review sold raw honey in the United States at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), November 23, 2021, through May 31, 2023.

**DATES:** Applicable May 22, 2025.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Thomas Martin, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3936.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

Background

On April 14, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the final results of the 2021–2023 administrative review of the AD order on raw honey from Argentina.<sup>1</sup> On April

<sup>1</sup> See *Raw Honey from Argentina: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2021–2023*, 90 FR 15549 (April 14, 2025) (*Final Results*), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM).

15, 2025, we received two timely ministerial error allegations from Asociación de Cooperativas Argentinas C.L. (ACA), both with respect to the calculation of constructed value (CV) profit.<sup>2</sup> On April 21, 2025, the American Honey Producers Association and the Sioux Honey Association (collectively, the domestic interested parties), submitted comments in response to the ministerial error allegations filed by ACA.<sup>3</sup> Commerce is amending the *Final Results* to correct these ministerial errors.

Legal Framework

Section 751(h) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), defines a “ministerial error” as including “errors in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical errors resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any other unintentional error which the administering authority considers ministerial.”<sup>4</sup> With respect to final results of administrative reviews, 19 CFR 351.224(e) provides that Commerce “will analyze any comments received and, if appropriate, correct any . . . ministerial error by amending the final results of review . . .”

Ministerial Errors

Commerce reviewed the record, and we agree that the errors alleged by ACA constitute ministerial errors within the meaning of section 751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(f).<sup>5</sup> Specifically, we find that we made inadvertent errors related to the calculation of CV profit.<sup>6</sup> Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(e), Commerce is amending the *Final Results* to reflect the correction of the ministerial errors, as described in the Ministerial Error Memorandum.<sup>7</sup> Based on the corrections, ACA’s final weighted-average dumping margin changed from 15.06 percent to 6.19 percent. As a result, we are also revising the weighted-average dumping margin assigned to the non-individually examined companies, utilizing the same methodology used in the *Final Results*,<sup>8</sup> from 4.70 percent to 2.61 percent. The

<sup>2</sup> See ACA’s Letter, “Ministerial Error Comments,” dated April 15, 2025 (ACA’s Ministerial Error Allegation).

<sup>3</sup> See Domestic Interested Parties’ Letter, “Petitioners’ Response to ACA’s Ministerial Error Allegations,” dated April 21, 2025 (DIPs’ Response to ACA’s Ministerial Error Allegation).

<sup>4</sup> See 19 CFR 351.224(f).

<sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, “Analysis of Ministerial Error Allegations,” dated concurrently with this **Federal Register** notice, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Ministerial Error Memorandum).

<sup>6</sup> See ACA’s Ministerial Error Allegation at 2–6.

<sup>7</sup> See Ministerial Error Memorandum.

<sup>8</sup> See *Final Results*, 90 FR at 15549.

amended weighted-average dumping margins are listed in the “Amended Final Results of Review” section below.

For a complete discussion of the ministerial error allegation, as well as Commerce’s analysis, see the Ministerial Error Memorandum. The Ministerial Error Memorandum is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>.

Amended Final Results of Review

As a result of correcting these ministerial errors described above, Commerce determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period November 23, 2021, through May 31, 2023:

Producer or exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Asociación de Cooperativas Argentinas C.L. ....	6.19
Review Specific Rate for Non-Examined Companies <sup>9</sup> .....	2.61

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose under administrative protective order the calculations performed in connection with these amended final results of review to interested parties within five days after public announcement of the amended final results or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of the notice of amended final results in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the amended final results of this review. The amended final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the amended final results of this review and for future deposits of estimated duties, where applicable.<sup>10</sup>

For ACA, Commerce intends to calculate importer-specific AD assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for each importer’s examined

<sup>9</sup> See Appendix for a list of these companies.

<sup>10</sup> See section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act.