## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p;. 389.

#### §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

#### ANM MT E5 Malta, MT [New]

Malta Airport, MT

(Lat. 48°22'01" N., long. 107°55'10" W.)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within the 4.3 mile radius of the Malta Airport, and within 2.5 miles each side of the 270° bearing from the Malta Airport extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 6.5 miles west of the Airport, and within 2.5 miles each side of the 090° bearing from the Malta Airport extending from the 4.3-mile radius to 5.4 miles east of the Airport; and that airspace extending upward from 1200 feet above the surface bounded by a line beginning at lat. 48°34'30" N., long. 108°43′00" W.; to lat. 48°34′30" N., long. 107°00′00″ W,; to lat. 48°05′12″ N., long 107°00′00″ W.; to lat. 48°17′41″ N., long. 108°43′00″ W., to the point of origin; excluding that airspace within Federal Airways.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on April 4, 2001.

#### Dan A. Boyle,

Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Northwest Mountain Region.

[FR Doc. 01-8824 Filed 4-10-01; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 00-ANM-29]

# Proposed Modification of Class E Airspace, Salmon, ID

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking

(NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This action proposes to modify the Class E airspace at Salmon, ID. Newly developed Area Navigation (RNAV) and VOR/DME Standard Instrument Approach Procedure (SIAP), and the RNAV Departure Procedure (DP) at the Salmon Lemhi County Airport has made this proposal necessary. Additional Class E 700-feet and 1,200-feet controlled airspace, above the surface of the earth is required to contain aircraft executing the RNAV and VOR/DME SIAPs, and RNAV DP at Salmon Lemhi County Airport. The intended effect of this proposal is to provide adequate controlled airspace for Instrument Flight Rules (IFR) operations at Salmon Lemhi County Airport, Salmon, ID.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before May 29, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Send comments on the proposal in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, ANM-520, Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 00-ANM-29, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours in the office of the Manager, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, at the address listed above.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brian Durham, ANM-520.7, Federal Aviation Administration, Docket No. 00-ANM-29, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056:

telephone number: (425) 227-2527.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Comments Invited**

Interested parties are invited to participate in this proposed rulemaking by submitting such written data, views, or arguments, as they may desire. Comments that provide the factual basis supporting the views and suggestions presented are particularly helpful in developing reasoned regulatory decisions on the proposal. Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, aeronautical, economic, environmental, and energy relate aspects of the proposal. Communications should identify the airspace docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address listed above. Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments on this action must submit, with those comments, a self-addressed stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Airspace Docket No. 00-ANM-29." The postcard will be date/ time stamped and returned to the commenter. All communications received on or before the specified

closing date for comments will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposal contained in this action may be changed in the light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available for examination at the address listed above both before and after the closing date for comments. A report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerned with this rulemaking will be filed in the docket.

## Availability of NPRM's

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the Federal Aviation Administration, Airspace Branch, ANM–520, 1601 Lind Avenue SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Communications must identify the docket number of this NPRM. Persons interested in being placed on a mailing list for future NPRM's should also request a copy of Advisory Circular No. 11–2A, which describes the application procedure.

#### The Proposal

The FAA is considering an amendment to Title 14 Code of Federal Regulations, part 71 (14 CFR part 71) by modifying Class E airspace at Salmon, ID. A newly developed RNAV-C and VOR/DME-B SIAPs, and AHEHU RNAV DP at the Salmon Lemhi County Airport, has made this proposal necessary. Additional Class E 700-feet and 1,200-feet controlled airspace, above the surface of the earth is required to contain aircraft executing the RNAV-C and VOR/DME-B SIAPs, and AHEHU RNAV DP at Salmon Lemhi County Airport. The FAA establishes Class E airspace where necessary to contain aircraft transitioning between the terminal and en route environments. The intended effect of this proposal is designed to provide the safe and efficient use of the navigable airspace. This proposal would promote safe flight operations under IFR at the Salmon Lemhi County Airport and between the terminal and en route transition stages.

The area would be depicted on aeronautical charts for pilot reference. The coordinates for this airspace docket are based on North American Datum 83. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth, are published in Paragraph 6005, of FAA Order 7400.9H dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 The Class E airspace designation listed in this document would be published subsequently in the Order.

The FAA has determined that this proposed regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore, (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11013; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a Regulatory Evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that will only affect air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certifies that this rule, when promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

#### List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

#### The Proposed Amendment

In considering of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

## PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, CLASS B, CLASS C, CLASS D, AND CLASS E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIRWAYS; ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

**Authority**: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

# §71.1 [Amended]

2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of the Federal Aviation Administration Order 7400.9H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated September 1, 2000, and effective September 16, 2000, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth.

\* \* \* \* \*

## ANM ID E5 Salmon, ID [Revised]

Salmon, Lemhi County Airport, ID (Lat 45°07′14″ N., long. 113°52′55″ W.) Salmon VORTAC

(Lat.  $45^{\circ}01'17''$  N., long.  $114^{\circ}05'04''$  W.)

That airspace extending upward from 7000 feet above the surface within the 12.2-mile radius of the Lemhi County Airport, and within 6.5 miles each side of the 328° bearing from the 12.2 mile radius extending to 17.9 miles, and within 7.8 miles each side of the Salmon VORTAC 054° AND 234° radial

extending from the 12.2-mile radius of the Airport to 17.5 miles southwest of the VORTAC; that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface bounded by a nine beginning at lat. 45°04′50″ N., long. 114°32′53″ W.; to lat. 45°12′31″ N., long 114°16′24″ W.; to lat. 45°42′45″ N., long. 113°48′29″ W.; to lat. 45°42′45″ N., long. 113°25′10″ W.; to lat. 45°38′30″ N., long. 113°25′10″ W.; to lat. 45°24′35″ N., long. 113°42′40″ W.; to lat. 44°43′23″ N., long. 113°42′40″ W.; to lat. 44°43′23″ N., long. 114°32′53″ W. to the point of origin; excluding that airspace within Federal Airways.

Issued in Seattle, Washington, on April 2, 2001

#### Dan A. Boyle,

Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Northwest Mountain Region.

[FR Doc. 01–8933 Filed 4–10–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

# CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

#### **16 CFR PART 1700**

Household Products Containing Hydrocarbons; Notice of Data Availability and Request for Comments

**AGENCY:** Consumer Product Safety Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice of data availability and request for comment.

SUMMARY: In the Federal Register of January 3, 2000, the Consumer Product Safety Commission ("CPSC" or "Commission") published a notice of proposed rulemaking ("NPR") proposing child-resistant packaging requirements for household chemical and cosmetic products with viscosity less than 100 Saybolt Universal Seconds ("SUS") containing 10 percent or more hydrocarbons. 65 FR 93. Since that time, CPSC's staff has acquired brand namespecific data on exposure to possible hydrocarbon-containing cosmetics and has conducted an analysis of that data as well as an additional analysis of the data available when the NPR was

This notice makes these staff analyses available for public comment. Today's notice does not re-open the comment period on the NPR.

**DATES:** The Commission must receive any comments in response to this notice by May 11, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be mailed, preferably in five copies, to the Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC 20207–0001, or delivered to the Office of the Secretary,

Consumer Product Safety Commission, Room 502, 4330 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814; telephone (301) 504–0800. Comments also may be filed by facsimile to (301)504–0127 or by e-mail to cpsc-os@cpsc.gov. Comments should be captioned "Notice of Additional Hydrocarbon Data."

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Suzanne Barone, Directorate for Health Sciences, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, DC 20207;

telephone (301) 504–0477, ext. 1196. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** 

## A. Background

The January 3, 2000 NPR presented ingestion data collected by the American Association of Poison Control Centers'("AAPCC") Toxic Exposure Surveillance System ("TESS") for general cosmetic categories that may contain low viscosity hydrocarbons. The categories included: (1) Miscellaneous nail products; (2) sunscreen and suntan preparations; (3) bubble bath and bath oil; and (4) creams, lotions, and makeup. The data presented in the NPR were from the years 1995 through 1997.

A total of 74,042 ingestion incidents were reported in these product categories. While these incidents were not limited to known hydrocarboncontaining cosmetics, they demonstrate that children access the contents of these types of products in the home. Thus, if such products contain hydrocarbons of low viscosity, aspiration and therefore serious injury, can result. In addition, the NPR included 1996–1997 AAPCC data for exposures to baby oil, a cosmetic product known to contain low viscosity mineral oil, which is a hydrocarbon.

An analysis of brand name-specific cosmetic data obtained by CPSC staff after the NPR was issued is presented below. Data on additional deaths and the additional CPSC staff analysis of the data available when the NPR was issued are also presented.

#### B. Brand-Specific Cosmetic Data

At the December 3, 1999 Commission briefing on the NPR, Commissioner Gall requested that the staff develop a plan for the collection and analysis of additional data related to ingestion incidents involving mineral oil-based cosmetics. The staff recommended, and the Commission approved, the purchase of additional information from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Statement of Commissioner Mary Sheila Gall on publication of a notice of proposed rulemaking to require special packaging for lowviscosity hydrocarbons, December 3, 1999. See also, Statement of Commissioner Thomas H. Moore on the same subject. (Copies of these statements are available from the CPSC Office of the Secretary.)