National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice. Additional information on the amendments and determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records held by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District.

Amendment

This notice amends the determinations published in a Notice of Inventory Completion in the Federal Register (81 FR 19628-19629, April 5, 2016). Repatriation of the items in the original Notice of Inventory Completion has not occurred. This notice amends the counts of the minimum number of individuals and the number of associated funerary objects as listed in the original notice. From the Burnt Village Site 9TP9, Troup County, GA, 23 individuals were removed (previously identified as 21 individuals). The 5,297 associated funerary objects (previously identified as 5,281 associated funerary objects) are six metal armbands, 37 metal bells, five copper bracelets, 64 metal buckles and fasteners, 34 metal buttons, 14 metal rings, three metal neckbands, 33 metal cone ornaments, 31 metal ornaments, 33 metal tinklers, five metal fragments with beads, 4,067 beads (glass, shell, clay, seed), 11 lots of beads, three shell ornaments, three brass thimbles, three metal nails, two iron knife blade fragments, two horse bridle pieces, three metal tools, 28 pieces of metal/metal fragments, two ceramic balls/knobs, two ceramic bowls, 455 ceramic sherds, six clay fragments, 27 pieces of daub, 14 lithic flakes or shatter, two lithic projectile points, one stone gaming piece, four pipe stems, 19 fragments of fabric, two fragments of fabric with beads, 10 pieces of cord or thread or string, one mirror fragment, three glass fragments, one glass bottle, one cork, seven musket balls, nine gun flints, six unmodified shell pieces, one lot of modified mica, one piece of unmodified mica, 172 unmodified faunal skeletal elements, one modified faunal skeleton element, 24 fire cracked rocks, 89 rocks, four samples of botanical remains, one piece of sandstone, 29 pieces of organic materials (e.g., botanicals and wood), six pieces of charcoal, two pieces of red ochre, two fired rocks, and six samples of charcoal and soil.

Determinations (as Amended)

Pursuant to NAGPRA and its implementing regulations, and after consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, has determined that:

- The human remains described in this amended notice represent the physical remains of 23 individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 5,297 objects described in this amended notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and The Muscogee (Creek) Nation.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to Ms. Alexandria Smith, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, 109 St. Joseph Street, P.O. Box 2288, Mobile, AL 36628–0001, telephone (251) 690–2728, email Alexandria.N.Smith@usace.army.mil. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after September 29, 2022. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9, 10.10, 10.13, and 10.14. Dated: August 24, 2022.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2022–18736 Filed 8–29–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0034427; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Michigan State University has completed an inventory of human remains, in consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and present-day Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request to Michigan State University. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

DATES: Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Michigan State University at the address in this notice by September 29, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Judith Stoddart, Associate Provost, University Arts and Collections, Michigan State University, 287 Delta Court, East Lansing, MI 48824, telephone (517) 432–2524, email stoddart@msu.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains under the control of Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI. The human remains were removed from Mesa Verde, Montezuma County, CO.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by Michigan State University professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Hopi Tribe of Arizona; Mescalero Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico; Pueblo of Acoma, New Mexico; Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico; and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe (previously listed as Ute Mountain Tribe of the Ute Mountain Reservation, Colorado, New Mexico, & Utah). In addition, the following Indian Tribes were invited to consult but did not participate: Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Colorado River Indian Tribes of the Colorado River Indian Reservation, Arizona and California: Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation, Arizona; Fort Sill Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Jicarilla Apache Nation, New Mexico; Navajo Nation, Arizona, New Mexico, & Utah; Ohkay Owingeh, New Mexico (previously listed as Pueblo of San Juan); Pueblo of Cochiti, New Mexico; Pueblo of Isleta, New Mexico; Pueblo of Jemez, New Mexico; Pueblo of Laguna, New Mexico; Pueblo of Nambe, New Mexico; Pueblo of Picuris, New Mexico; Pueblo of Pojoaque, New Mexico; Pueblo of San Felipe, New Mexico; Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico: Pueblo of Sandia, New Mexico: Pueblo of Santa Ana, New Mexico; Pueblo of Taos, New Mexico; Pueblo of Tesugue, New Mexico; Pueblo of Zia, New Mexico; San Carlos Apache Tribe of the San Carlos Reservation, Arizona; Santo Domingo Pueblo (previously listed as Kewa Pueblo, New Mexico, and as Pueblo of Santo Domingo); Southern Ute Indian Tribe of the Southern Ute Reservation, Colorado; Tonto Apache Tribe of Arizona; Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah & Ouray Reservation, Utah; White Mountain Apache Tribe of the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona; Yavapai-Apache Nation of the Camp Verde Indian Reservation, Arizona; Ysleta del Sur Pueblo (previously listed as Ysleta Del Sur Pueblo of Texas); and the Zuni Tribe of the Zuni Reservation, New Mexico. Hereafter, all the Indian Tribes listed in this section are referred to as "The Tribes."

History and Description of the Remains

At an unknown date, human remains representing, at minimum, three individuals were removed from Mesa Verde in Montezuma County, CO. They were acquired by Kalamazoo resident Donald Boudeman, who collected Native American material culture in the first half of the 20th century. In July of 1961, some years after her husband's death, Donna Boudeman donated the human remains to the Michigan State University Museum. In February of 2019, during an intertribal consultation, the remains of these individuals were found in the Michigan State University Forensic Anthropology Laboratory. The human remains belong to a child 6.5-8.5 years old and two adult females. No known individuals were identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

Mesa Verde was occupied by
Ancestral Puebloan people from
approximately A.D. 500 to 1200. All the
individuals listed in this Notice of
Inventory Completion are reasonably
believed to be Puebloan, based on the
provenience and documentation
associated with the human remains. A
relationship of shared group identity
can be traced between Ancestral
Puebloan people and modern Puebloan
groups, based on oral tradition,
historical evidence, archeological,
geographical, and scientific studies.

Determinations Made by Michigan State University

Officials of Michigan State University have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of three individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and The Tribes.

Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Judith Stoddart, Associate Provost, University Arts and Collections, Michigan State University, 287 Delta Court, East Lansing, MI 48824, telephone (517) 432-2524, email stoddart@msu.edu, by September 29, 2022. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains to The Tribes may proceed.

Michigan State University is responsible for notifying The Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: August 24, 2022.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2022–18740 Filed 8–29–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

Notice of Receipt of Complaint; Solicitation of Comments Relating to the Public Interest

AGENCY: International Trade

Commission. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission has received a complaint entitled Certain Semiconductors and Devices and Products Containing the Same, including Printed Circuit Boards, Automotive Parts, and Automobiles, DN 3637; the Commission is soliciting comments on any public interest issues raised by the complaint or complainant's filing pursuant to the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Katherine M. Hiner, Acting Secretary to the Commission, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 205-2000. The public version of the complaint can be accessed on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) at https:// edis.usitc.gov. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at United States International Trade Commission (USITC) at https://www.usitc.gov. The public record for this investigation may be viewed on the Commission's **Electronic Document Information** System (EDIS) at https://edis.usitc.gov. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on (202) 205-1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission has received a complaint and a submission pursuant to § 210.8(b) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure filed on behalf of Daedalus Prime LLC on August 23, 2022. The complaint alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337) in the importation into