made in Tables 3, 4, 5, and 6 above for CO demonstrates that the removal of the I/M program from all three counties will not interfere with attainment or maintenance of the CO NAAQS. In North Carolina's December 14, 2020, SIP revision, the State concluded that the removal of Lee, Onslow, and Rockingham counties from the expanded I/M program would not interfere with attainment or maintenance of the CO NAAQS. MOVES2014(b) mobile emissions modeling results show a slight increase in CO emissions for each of the three counties of 1.4 tpd (Lee County), 2.74 tpd (Onslow County), and 1.64 tpd (Rockingham County)—5.78 tpd total for all three counties when comparing emissions with and without the I/M program in 2022. This increase is not expected to interfere with continued attainment of the CO NAAQS in any of the three counties or adjacent counties, particularly because the three-county total CO emissions in 2022 without I/M is 18.66 tpd less than the total CO emissions in 2017. Furthermore, statewide, the current ambient air quality levels for CO are less than 20 percent of the CO NAAQS. For these reasons, EPA proposes to find that removal of Lee, Onslow, and Rockingham counties from the SIPapproved I/M program would not interfere with maintenance of the CO NAAQS in the State.

### IV. Proposed Action

For the reasons explained above, EPA is proposing to approve North Carolina's December 14, 2020, SIP revision. Specifically, EPA is proposing to approve the removal of Lee, Onslow, and Rockingham counties from the SIPapproved expanded I/M program. Additionally, EPA is proposing to find that North Carolina's removal of Lee, Onslow, and Rockingham counties from the SIP-approved expanded I/M program (and the removal of reliance on the additional I/M emissions reductions generated for the NO<sub>X</sub> Budget and Allowance Trading Program) will not interfere with the State's obligations under the NO<sub>X</sub> SIP Call to meet its Statewide NO<sub>X</sub> emissions budget. In addition, EPA is also proposing to find that the removal of Lee, Onslow, and Rockingham counties from the SIPapproved—I/M program will not interfere with continued attainment or maintenance of any applicable NAAQS or with any other applicable requirement of the CAA, and that North Carolina has satisfied the requirements of section 110(l) of the CAA.

## V. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. See 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided they meet the criteria of the CAA. This action merely proposes to approve state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this proposed action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011):
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate, disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will it impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

## List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Carbon monoxide, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Lead, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides, Volatile organic compounds.

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Dated: June 13, 2022.

### Daniel Blackman,

Regional Administrator, Region 4.
[FR Doc. 2022–13163 Filed 6–21–22; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

## 40 CFR Parts 174 and 180

[EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0161; FRL-9410-02-OCSPP]

## Receipt of Pesticide Petitions Filed for Residues of Pesticide Chemicals in or on Various Commodities May 2022

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notices of filing of petitions and request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** This document announces the Agency's receipt of initial filings of pesticide petitions requesting the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various commodities.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before July 22, 2022.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0161, through the Federal eRulemaking Portal at https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. For the latest information on EPA/DC docket access, services and submitting comments, visit https://www.epa.gov/dockets.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marietta Echeverria, Registration Division (RD) (7505P), main telephone number: (703) 305–7090, email address: RDFRNotices@epa.gov. The mailing address for each contact person is Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001. As part of the mailing address, include the contact person's name, division, and mail code. The division to contact is listed at the end of each application summary.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them. Potentially affected entities may include:

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).
- Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).
- B. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?
- 1. Submitting CBI. Do not submit this information to EPA through regulations.gov or email. Clearly mark the part or all of the information that you claim to be CBI. For CBI information in a disk or CD–ROM that you mail to EPA, mark the outside of the disk or CD-ROM as CBI and then identify electronically within the disk or CD-ROM the specific information that is claimed as CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes information claimed as CBI, a copy of the comment that does not contain the information claimed as CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information so marked will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.
- 2. Tips for preparing your comments. When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at https://www.epa.gov/dockets/comments.html.
- 3. Environmental justice. EPA seeks to achieve environmental justice, the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of any group, including minority and/or low-income populations, in the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies. To help address potential environmental justice issues, the Agency seeks information on any groups or segments of the population who, as a result of their location, cultural practices, or other

factors, may have atypical or disproportionately high and adverse human health impacts or environmental effects from exposure to the pesticides discussed in this document, compared to the general population.

## II. What action is the Agency taking?

EPA is announcing receipt of pesticide petitions filed under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a, requesting the establishment or modification of regulations in 40 CFR part 174 or part 180 for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various food commodities. The Agency is taking public comment on the requests before responding to the petitioners. EPA is not proposing any particular action at this time. EPA has determined that the pesticide petitions described in this document contain data or information prescribed in FFDCA section 408(d)(2), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(2); however, EPA has not fully evaluated the sufficiency of the submitted data at this time or whether the data supports granting of the pesticide petitions. After considering the public comments, EPA intends to evaluate whether and what action may be warranted. Additional data may be needed before EPA can make a final determination on these pesticide petitions.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 180.7(f), summaries of the petitions that are the subject of this document, prepared by the petitioners, are included in dockets EPA has created for these rulemakings. The dockets for these petitions are available at <a href="https://www.regulations.gov">https://www.regulations.gov</a>.

As specified in FFDCA section 408(d)(3), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(3), EPA is publishing notice of the petitions so that the public has an opportunity to comment on these requests for the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticides in or on food commodities. Further information on the petitions may be obtained through the petition summaries referenced in this unit.

A. Amended Tolerance Exemptions for Inerts (Except PIPS)

PP IN-11643. (EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0363). Technology Services Group Inc. (1150 18th Street NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20036) on behalf of Organisan Corporation (P.O. Box 2085, Carrollton, Georgia 30112) requests to amend an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of nitric acid (CAS Reg. No. 7697-37-2) when used as a pesticide inert ingredient (acidifier) in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.910

(limited to no more than 10% by weight in pesticide formulations). The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* RD.

B. Amended Tolerances for Non-Inerts

PP 2F8996. (EPA-HQ-OPP-2021-0787). SePRO Corporation, 11550 North Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, IN 46032, requests to amend the tolerances in 40 CFR 180.420(b) by removing the existing time-limited tolerances for residues of the herbicide fluridone, including its metabolites and degrades, in or on the specified agricultural commodities of peanut and peanut, hay at 0.1 parts per million (ppm). The enzyme-linked immunosorbant assay (ELISA), high performance liquid chromatography with ultraviolet detection (HLPC/UV), liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectroscopy (LC/MS/MS) and QuEChERS are used to measure and evaluate the chemical residues. Contact:

C. New Tolerance Exemptions for Inerts (Except PIPS)

1. PP IN-11599. (EPA-HO-OPP-2021–0645). This notice of filing corrects the names of Arbuscular mychorrizae species in the previous notice of filing published in the Federal Register on March 22, 2022. Valent BioSciences LLC (1910 Innovation Way, Suite 100, Libertyville, Il. 60048) requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of arbuscular mycorrhizae (funneliformis mosseae, rhizophagus irregularis, claroideoglomus etunicatum, rhizophagus clarus, claroideoglomus luteum, claroideoglomus claroideum, septoglomus desertícola, gigaspora margarita, paraglomus brasilianum) for use as an inert ingredient (biostimulant) in pesticide formulations applied to growing crops pre-harvest under 40 CFR 180.920. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* 

2. *PP IN-11613*. (EPA-HQ-OPP-2021-0612). Spring Regulatory Sciences (SRS) on behalf of Lamberti-USA, Inc. (Lamberti), 161 Washington Street, Conshohocken, PA 19428, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, maleates, C8-16-branched and linear alkyl glycosides, sulfonated, potassium salts (CAS Reg. Nos. 2585031-35-0, 2587364-77-8, and 1228577-37-4)

when used as inert ingredients in pesticide formulations applied under 40 CFR 180.910. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* RD

## D. New Tolerances for Non-Inerts

- 1. *PP 1F8922*. (EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0433). Valent U.S.A. LLC, 4600 Norris Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, inpyrfluxam in or on cotton, undelinted seed at 0.01 ppm, cotton, gin byproducts (gin trash) at 0.02 ppm. The analytical method RM–50C–1 LC/MS/MS and external standardization) is used to measure and evaluate the chemical inpyrfluxam. *Contact:* RD.
- 2. *PP 1F8924*. (EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0433). Valent U.S.A. LLC, 4600 Norris Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, inpyrfluxam in or on wheat, forage at 0.01 ppm, wheat, grain at 0.01 ppm, wheat, hay at 1.5 ppm, and wheat, straw at 0.3 ppm. The analytical method RM–50C–1 LC/MS/MS and external standardization) is used to measure and evaluate the chemical inpyrfluxam. *Contact:* RD.
- 3. PP 1F8942. (EPA-HQ-OPP-2021-0833). Valent U.S.A. LLC, 4600 Norris Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, inpyrfluxam in or on rapeseed, seed (crop subgroup 20A) at 0.01 ppm. The analytical method RM-50C-1 LC/MS/MS and external standardization) is used to measure and evaluate the chemical inpyrfluxam. Contact: RD.
- 4. PP 1F8979. (EPA-HQ-OPP-2022-0452). Gowan Company, LLC., 370 South Main Street, Yuma, AZ 85364, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the miticide Acynonapyr, 3-endo-[2-propoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-9-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridyloxy]-9azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane) and its metabolites AP, 3-endo-[2-propoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-9azabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane, and AY, 5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinol in or on almond at 0.03 ppm; almond, hulls at 4.0 ppm; crop group 10, citrus fruits at 0.3 ppm; citrus, oil at 15.0 ppm; orange, dried pulp at 0.7 ppm; grape at 0.6 ppm; raisins at 3.0 ppm; hops at 50.0 ppm; crop group 11, pome fruits at 0.2 ppm; and apple, wet pomace at 0.4 ppm. LC/ MS/MS is used to measure and evaluate the chemical acynonapyr and its

metabolites (AP, AP–2, AY, AY–3, and AY–1-Glc). *Contact:* RD.

5. *PP 2F8996*. (EPA–HQ–OPP–2021–0787). SePRO Corporation, 11550 North Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, IN 46032, requests to establish tolerances in 40 CFR part 180.420(a)(2) for residues of the herbicide fluridone, 1-methyl-3-phenyl-5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4(1H)-pyridinone, including its metabolites and degradates, in or on the raw agricultural commodities of peanut at 0.1 ppm and peanut, hay at 0.15 ppm. ELISA, HLPC/UV, LC/MS/MS, and QuEChERS are used to measure and evaluate the chemical residues. *Contact:* RD.

(Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a)

Dated: June 10, 2022.

#### Delores Barber,

Director, Information Technology and Resources Management Division, Office of Program Support.

[FR Doc. 2022–13291 Filed 6–21–22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

## 49 CFR Part 563

[Docket No. NHTSA-2022-0021] RIN 2127-AM12

## **Event Data Recorders**

**AGENCY:** National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Department of Transportation (DOT). **ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: NHTSA is proposing to amend its regulations regarding Event Data Recorders (EDRs) to extend the EDR recording period for timed data metrics from 5 seconds of pre-crash data at a frequency of 2 Hz to 20 seconds of pre-crash data at a frequency of 10 Hz (i.e., increase from 2 samples per second to 10 samples per second). This NPRM begins the process of fulfilling the mandate of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) to establish the appropriate recording period in NHTSA's EDR regulation.

**DATES:** You should submit your comments early enough to be received not later than August 22, 2022. We are proposing an effective date of the first September 1st one year from the publication of the final rule.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments to the docket number identified in the heading of this document by any of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: Go to https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.
- Mail: Docket Management Facility: U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590–0001.
- Hand Delivery or Courier: 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. ET, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

• Fax: 202–493–2251.

Instructions: All submissions must include the agency name and docket number. Note that all comments received will be posted without change to <a href="http://www.regulations.gov">http://www.regulations.gov</a>, including any personal information provided. Please see the Privacy Act discussion below. We will consider all comments received before the close of business on the comment closing date indicated above. To the extent possible, we will also consider comments filed after the closing date.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov at any time or to 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal Holidays. Telephone:

202-366-9826.

Privacy Act: In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 553(c), DOT solicits comments from the public to better inform its decision-making process. DOT posts these comments, without edit, including any personal information the commenter provides, to www.regulations.gov, as described in the system of records notice (DOT/ALL-14 FDMS), which can be reviewed at www.transportation.gov/privacy. In order to facilitate comment tracking and response, we encourage commenters to provide their name, or the name of their organization; however, submission of names is completely optional. Whether or not commenters identify themselves, all timely comments will be fully considered.

Confidential Business Information: If you wish to submit any information under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential business information, to the Chief Counsel, NHTSA, at the address given under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT. In addition, you should submit two copies, from which you have deleted the claimed confidential