Subject: CTC COMP 0420 dated 10 September 2002, Mail Vote 235— Resolution 010uu r1–r3, Special Cargo Amending Resolution—East Timor, Intended effective date: 15 September

Docket Number: OST-2002-13314. Date Filed: September 6, 2002.

*Parties:* Members of the International Air Transport Association.

Subject: PTC COMP 0949 dated 2 August 2002, Composite Resolution r1– r18, PTC COMP 0953 dated 13 August 2002—technical correction, Minutes— PTC COMP 0960 dated 6 September 2002, Intended effective date: 1 April 2003.

## Dorothy Y. Beard,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 02–23477 Filed 9–13–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-62-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# Office of the Secretary

Notice of Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits Filed Under Subpart B (Formerly Subpart Q) During the Week Ending September 6, 2002

The following Applications for Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity and Foreign Air Carrier Permits were filed under subpart B (formerly subpart Q) of the Department of Transportation's Procedural Regulations (See 14 CFR 301.201 et seq.). The due date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motions to Modify Scope are set forth below for each application. Following the Answer period DOT may process the application by expedited procedures. Such procedures may consist of the adoption of a show-cause order, a tentative order, or in appropriate cases a final order without further proceedings.

Docket Number: OST-2002-13302. Date Filed: September 5, 2002.

Due Date for Answers, Conforming Applications, or Motion to Modify Scope: September 26, 2002.

Description: Application of Jetsgo Corporation, pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 41302 et seq., and parts 211 and 302, subpart B, requesting a foreign air carrier permit authorizing it to engage in scheduled and charter foreign air transportation of persons, property and mail between a point or points in Canada and a point or points in the United States, pursuant to the Air Transport Services Agreement between

the United States of America and Canada.

#### Dorothy Y. Beard,

Federal Register Liaison.

[FR Doc. 02–23474 Filed 9–13–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4910–62–P** 

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

### **Coast Guard**

[USCG 2000-8568]

Revised Recertification Procedure for Alternative Voluntary Advisory Groups in Lieu of Councils, Prince William Sound and Cook Inlet, AK

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of policy.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard announces a change of policy on recertification procedures for alternative voluntary advisory groups in lieu of councils at Prince William Sound and Cook Inlet regions of Alaska. Under the Oil Terminal and Oil Tanker Environmental Oversight and Monitoring Act of 1990, the Coast Guard must certify, on an annual basis, an alternative voluntary advisory group in lieu of a Regional Citizen's Advisory Council for Prince William Sound and Cook Inlet regions of Alaska. The new policy will require an applicant for recertification to provide the Coast Guard with comprehensive information every three years (triennially). For each of the two vears between the triennial applications procedure, applicants need only submit a letter requesting recertification and describe any substantive changes to the information provided at the last triennial recertification.

**DATES:** This notice of policy is effective September 16, 2002.

ADDRESSES: The public docket for this notice is maintained by the 17th Coast Guard District. Comments and documents, as indicated in this notice, will become part of this docket and will be available for inspection by appointment. Appointments can be made by calling the Chief of Planning and Response, 17th Coast Guard District at (907) 463–2804. Comments regarding this notice or the Regional Citizen's Advisory Council can be sent to Commander 17th Coast Guard District, Office of Response (MOR) P.O. Box 25517 Juneau, AK, 99802.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions on this notice, please call Commander Spencer Wood at (907) 463–2804. If you have questions on viewing or submitting material to the docket, please call the Chief of Planning

and Response, 17th Coast Guard District at (907) 463–2804.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Background and Purpose**

As part of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, Congress passed the Oil Terminal and Oil Tanker Environmental Oversight and Monitoring Act of 1990 33 U.S.C. 2732) (the Act) to foster long-term partnership among industry, government, and local communities in overseeing compliance with environmental concerns in the operation of crude oil terminals and oil tankers.

Paragraph (o) of the Act permits an alternative voluntary advisory group to represent the communities and interests in the vicinity of the oil terminal facilities in Cook Inlet and Prince William Sound regions of Alaska in lieu of a Council of the type specified in 33 U.S.C. 2732(d), if certain conditions are met. The Act requires that each group enter into a contract to ensure annual funding and receive annual certification from the President that it fosters the general goals and purposes of the Act and is broadly representative of the community and interests in the vicinity of the terminal facilities. Accordingly, in 1991, the President granted certification to both the Cook Inlet Regional Citizen's Advisory Council (RCAC) and the Prince William Sound RCAC alternative voluntary advisory groups (advisory groups). On October 18, 1991, the President

delegated his authority under 33 U.S.C. 2732 (o) to the Secretary of Transportation in Executive Order 12777, section 8(g) (see 56 FR 54757; Oct. 22, 1991). On March 3, 1992, the Secretary redelegated that authority to the Commandant of the Coast Guard (see 57 FR 8582; March 11, 1992). The Commandant redelegated that authority to the Chief, Office of Marine Safety, Security and Environmental Protection (G-M) on March 19, 1992 (letter #5402). The successor to that officer, the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection (G-M) redelegated that authority to the Commander, Seventeenth U.S. Coast Guard District on February 26, 1999 (letter #16450).

The Coast Guard published guidelines on December 31, 1992 (57 FR 62600), to assist groups seeking recertification under the Act. We issued a policy statement on July 7, 1993 (58 FR 36504), to clarify the factors that we would be considering in making our determination as to whether advisory groups should be certified in accordance with the Act; and the procedures, which we would follow in meeting our

certification responsibilities under the Act. Since then, both the Prince William Sound and Cook Inlet advisory groups have been recertified annually. Based on the experiences of the recertification processes conducted from 1993 to 2000, as well as the evolution of the advisory groups from new, untested organizations to stable, functioning organizations, the Coast Guard believes the recertification procedure should be streamlined, reducing the annual administrative burden placed on the advisory groups, the Coast Guard, and the public. Hence, the Coast Guard published a notice of proposal to change procedure; request for comments on December 28, 2000 (65 FR 82451) that asked the public to comment on the proposal to change recertification procedure. Three commenters, including the two advisory groups, submitted comments. All three commenters endorsed the proposed procedural changes for certification. All three commenters agreed that the current annual recertification process involves a lot of time and effort. The commenters also agreed that much of the information that is required remains unchanged from year to year, thus rendering it redundant.

However, one commenter proposed a minor modification to the clause within the proposal that states that "for each of the 2 years between the triennial application procedure, applicants should \* \* \* describe any substantive changes to the information provided at the last triennial recertification." The commenter said that, if this clause is interpreted literally, this provision would appear to require that changes occurring during the first off-year, and described in the application for that year, be described again in the application for the second off-year. The commenter stated that this would be necessary to ensure that all changes since the last triennial recertification were captured in each off-year application. The commenter suggested instead that each off year application be required to capture only changes since the last recertification, without regard to whether it was a triennial recertification or an off-year recertification. This commenter added that a simplified process of recertification would:

- Materially reduce the administrative burden on the Coast Guard and other parties to the process.
- Preserve an appropriate degree of oversight of RCAC activities by the Coast Guard.
- Provide appropriate opportunities for public comment on RCAC activities. Our experience gathered from 1993 to present has shown us that the majority

of information submitted by advisory groups seeking recertification remains unchanged year-to-year and both the government and the public would benefit from a streamlined administrative procedure. Based on the comments received and on that experience, we believe an applicant for recertification should provide the Coast Guard with a comprehensive application once every 3 years (triennially). For each of the 2 years between the triennial application procedures, applicants should submit a letter requesting recertification and describe any substantive changes to the information provided at the last triennial recertification. We propose that this procedure commences with the 2002 certification season, meaning that applicants seeking recertification in 2002 need only submit the streamlined application and that we will not solicit public comments prior to recertification during 2002. The triennial review process will take place in 2005. The Coast Guard will still accept public comments whenever submitted and these comments will be available for viewing by making arrangements with the office listed under ADDRESSES.

Dated: September 6, 2002.

## Joseph J. Angelo,

 $\label{lem:condition} Director \ of \ Standards, Marine \ Safety, Security \ and \ Environmental \ Protection.$ 

[FR Doc. 02–23481 Filed 9–13–02; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4910–15–P** 

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

# **Federal Highway Administration**

# Environmental Impact Statement: Fort Bend County, TX

**AGENCY:** Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT. **ACTION:** Notice of intent.

**SUMMARY:** The FHWA is issuing this notice to advise the public that an environmental impact statement will be prepared for a proposed transportation project in Fort Bend County, Texas.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. John Mack, P.E., Federal Highway Administration, Texas Division, 300 East 8th Street, Room 826, Austin, Texas 78701, Telephone (512) 536–5960.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FHWA, in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and Fort Bend County, will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on a proposal to upgrade the existing transportation network in Fort Bend County. The proposed project would be for the development of Segment B of

State Highway 122 (Fort Bend Parkway) from State Highway 6 to\_segment C of SH 99 (the Grand Parkway) in Fort Bend County, Texas. The proposed action would be a multilane, possibly tolled, facility, approximately 13 miles in length, built within a corridor with the above limits. The majority of this corridor crosses relatively undeveloped properties in Fort Bend County. Cities and towns in the region include Pearland, Arcola, Missouri City and Thompsons.

Fort Bend County proposes to build a facility to provide improved transportation characteristics in the region.

Alternatives to be studied include "no-action" (the no-build alternative), Transportation System Management (TSM)/Transportation Demand Management (TDM) alternative, mass

transit alternative and roadway build

alternatives.

Potential impacts caused by the construction and operation of the facility will vary for each reasonable alternative alignment considered. Generally, impacts would include the following: transportation impacts (construction detours, construction traffic and mobility improvement), air and noise impacts from construction equipment and operation of the facility, water quality impacts from construction area and roadway storm water runoff, impacts to waters of the United States, including wetlands from right-of-way encroachment, impacts to historic and archaeological resources, impacts to floodplains, impacts to residents and businesses caused by potential displacements and impacts to vegetation that may provide potential habitat to wildlife or other biological resources.

Letters describing the proposed action soliciting comments will be sent to appropriate Federal, State, local agencies, and to private organizations and citizens who have previously expressed or are known to have interest in this proposal. Two simultaneous public scoping meetings will be held on October 15th, 2002, one at Manford Williams Elementary School, 1.5 miles west of Crabb-River Rd. on FM 762 and the other at Sienna Crossing Elementary School, 0.5 miles east of Sienna Parkway on Steep Bank Trace. Both meetings will be at 7 P.M. Public comments on the proposed action and alternatives will be requested. This will be the first of a series of meetings to evaluate the study area, corridor alternatives and design alternative alignments. A public hearing will be held at a later time, with copies of the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) available for public and agency