

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives

[Docket No. ATF 28N]

Commerce in Explosives; List of Explosive Materials (2008R-17T)

AGENCY: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF), Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice of List of Explosive Materials.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 841(d) and 27 CFR 555.23, the Department must publish and revise at least annually in the **Federal Register** a list of explosives determined to be within the coverage of 18 U.S.C. 841 *et seq.* The list covers not only explosives, but also blasting agents and detonators, all of which are defined as explosive materials in 18 U.S.C. 841(c). This notice publishes the 2008 List of Explosive Materials.

DATES: The list becomes effective upon publication of this notice on December 31, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Debra S. Satkowiak, Chief; Explosives Industry Programs Branch; Arson and Explosives Programs Division; Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; United States Department of Justice; 99 New York Avenue, NE., Washington, DC 20226 (202-648-7100).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The list is intended to include any and all mixtures containing any of the materials on the list. Materials constituting blasting agents are marked by an asterisk. While the list is comprehensive, it is not all-inclusive. The fact that an explosive material is not on the list does not mean that it is not within the coverage of the law if it otherwise meets the statutory definitions in 18 U.S.C. 841. Explosive materials are listed alphabetically by their common names followed, where applicable, by chemical names and synonyms in brackets.

The Department has not added any new terms to the list of explosives or removed or revised any listing since its last publication.

This list supersedes the List of Explosive Materials dated December 7, 2007 (Docket No. ATF 25N, 72 FR 69228).

Notice of List of Explosive Materials

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 841(d) and 27 CFR 555.23, I hereby designate the following as explosive materials covered under 18 U.S.C. 841(c):

A

Acetylides of heavy metals.
Aluminum containing polymeric propellant.
Aluminum ophorite explosive.
Amatex.
Amatol.
Ammonal.
Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (cap sensitive).
* Ammonium nitrate explosive mixtures (non-cap sensitive).
Ammonium perchlorate having particle size less than 15 microns.
Ammonium perchlorate composite propellant.
Ammonium perchlorate explosive mixtures.
Ammonium picrate [picrate of ammonia, Explosive D].
Ammonium salt lattice with isomorphously substituted inorganic salts.
* ANFO [ammonium nitrate-fuel oil].
Aromatic nitro-compound explosive mixtures.
Azide explosives.

B

Baranol.
Baratol.
BEAF [1, 2-bis (2, 2-difluoro-2-nitroacetoxyethane)].
Black powder.
Black powder based explosive mixtures.
*Blasting agents, nitro-carbo-nitrates, including non-cap sensitive slurry and water gel explosives.
Blasting caps.
Blasting gelatin.
Blasting powder.
BTNEC [bis (trinitroethyl) carbonate].
BTNEN [bis (trinitroethyl) nitramine].
BTNN [1,2,4 butanetriol trinitrate].
Bulk salutes.
Butyl tetryl.

C

Calcium nitrate explosive mixture.
Cellulose hexanitrate explosive mixture.
Chlorate explosive mixtures.
Composition A and variations.
Composition B and variations.
Composition C and variations.
Copper acetylide.
Cyanuric triazide.
Cyclonite [RDX].
Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine [HMX].
Cyclotol.
Cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine [RDX].

D

DATB [diaminotrinitrobenzene].
DDNP [diazodinitrophenol].
DEGDN [diethyleneglycol dinitrate].
Detonating cord.

Detonators.
Dimethylol dimethyl methane dinitrate composition.
Dinitroethyleneurea.
Dinitroglycerine [glycerol dinitrate].
Dinitrophenol.
Dinitrophenolates.
Dinitrophenyl hydrazine.
Dinitroresorcinol.
Dinitrotoluene-sodium nitrate explosive mixtures.
DIPAM [dipicramide; diaminohexanitrobiphenyl].
Dipicryl sulfone.
Dipicrylamine.
Display fireworks.
DNPA [2,2-dinitropropyl acrylate].
DNPD [dinitropentano nitrile].
Dynamite.

E

EDDN [ethylene diamine dinitrate].
EDNA [ethylenedinitramine].
Ednatol.
EDNP [ethyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate].
EGDN [ethylene glycol dinitrate].
Erythritol tetranitrate explosives.
Esters of nitro-substituted alcohols.
Ethyl-tetryl.
Explosive conitrates.
Explosive gelatins.
Explosive liquids.
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and hydrocarbons.
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and nitro bodies.
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and water insoluble fuels.
Explosive mixtures containing oxygen-releasing inorganic salts and water soluble fuels.
Explosive mixtures containing sensitized nitromethane.
Explosive mixtures containing tetranitromethane (nitroform).
Explosive nitro compounds of aromatic hydrocarbons.
Explosive organic nitrate mixtures.
Explosive powders.

F

Flash powder.
Fulminate of mercury.
Fulminate of silver.
Fulminating gold.
Fulminating mercury.
Fulminating platinum.
Fulminating silver.

G

Gelatinized nitrocellulose.
Gem-dinitro aliphatic explosive mixtures.
Guanyl nitrosamino guanyl tetrazene.
Guanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hydrazine.

Guncotton.	Nitric acid and carboxylic fuel explosive.	S
<i>H</i>	Nitric acid explosive mixtures.	Safety fuse.
Heavy metal azides.	Nitro aromatic explosive mixtures.	Salts of organic amino sulfonic acid explosive mixture.
Hexanite.	Nitro compounds of furane explosive mixtures.	Salutes (bulk).
Hexanitrodiphenylamine.	Nitrocellulose explosive.	Silver acetylide.
Hexanitrostilbene.	Nitroderivative of urea explosive mixture.	Silver azide.
Hexogen [RDX].	Nitrogelatin explosive.	Silver fulminate.
Hexogene or octogene and a nitrated N-methylaniline.	Nitrogen trichloride.	Silver oxalate explosive mixtures.
Hexolites.	Nitrogen tri-iodide.	Silver styphnate.
HMTD	Nitroglycerine [NG, RNG, nitro, glyceryl trinitrate, trinitroglycerine].	Silver tartrate explosive mixtures.
[hexamethylenetriperoxidediamine].	Nitroglycide.	Silver tetrazene.
HMX [cyclo-1,3,5,7-tetramethylene 2,4,6,8-tetranitramine; Octogen].	Nitroglycol [ethylene glycol dinitrate, EGDN].	Slurried explosive mixtures of water, inorganic oxidizing salt, gelling agent, fuel, and sensitizer (cap sensitive).
Hydrazinium nitrate/hydrazine/aluminum explosive system.	Nitroguanidine explosives.	Smokeless powder.
Hydrazoic acid.	Nitronium perchlorate propellant mixtures.	Sodatol.
<i>I</i>	Nitroparaffins Explosive Grade and ammonium nitrate mixtures.	Sodium amatol.
Igniter cord.	Nitrostarch.	Sodium azide explosive mixture.
Igniters.	Nitro-substituted carboxylic acids.	Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate.
Initiating tube systems.	Nitrourea.	Sodium nitrate explosive mixtures.
<i>K</i>	<i>O</i>	Sodium nitrate-potassium nitrate explosive mixture.
KDNBF [potassium dinitrobenzofuroxane].	Octogen [HMX].	Sodium picramate.
<i>L</i>	Octol [75 percent HMX, 25 percent TNT].	Special fireworks.
Lead azide.	Organic amine nitrates.	Squibs.
Lead mannite.	Organic nitramines.	Styphnic acid explosives.
Lead mononitroresorcinolate.	<i>P</i>	<i>T</i>
Lead picrate.	PBX [plastic bonded explosives].	Tacot [tetranitro-2,3,5,6-dibenzo-1,3a,4,6a tetrazapentalene].
Lead salts, explosive.	Pellet powder.	TATB [triaminotrinitrobenzene].
Lead styphnate [styphnate of lead, lead trinitroresorcinolate].	Penthrinite composition.	TATP [triacetonetriperoxide].
Liquid nitrated polyol and trimethylolethane.	Pentolite.	TEGDN [triethylene glycol dinitrate].
Liquid oxygen explosives.	Perchlorate explosive mixtures.	Tetranitrocarbazole.
<i>M</i>	Peroxide based explosive mixtures.	Tetrazene [tetracene, tetrazine, 1(5-tetrazolyl)-4-guanyl tetrazene hydrate].
Magnesium ophorite explosives.	PETN [nitropentaerythrite, pentaerythrite tetranitrate, pentaerythritol tetranitrate].	Tetrazole explosives.
Mannitol hexanitrate.	Picramic acid and its salts.	Tetryl [2,4,6 tetranitro-N-methylaniline].
MDNP [methyl 4,4-dinitropentanoate].	Picramide.	Tetrytol.
MEAN [monoethanolamine nitrate].	Picrate explosives.	Thickened inorganic oxidizer salt slurried explosive mixture.
Mercuric fulminate.	Picrate of potassium explosive mixtures.	TMETN [trimethylolethane trinitrate].
Mercury oxalate.	Picratol.	TNEF [trinitroethyl formal].
Mercury tartrate.	Picric acid (manufactured as an explosive).	TNEOC [trinitroethylorthocarbonate].
Metriol trinitrate.	Picryl chloride.	TNEOF [trinitroethylorthoformate].
Minol-2 [40% TNT, 40% ammonium nitrate, 20% aluminum].	Picryl fluoride.	TNT [trinitrotoluene, trotyl, trilit, triton].
MMAN [monomethylamine nitrate]; methylamine nitrate.	PLX [95% nitromethane, 5% ethylenediamine].	Torpex.
Mononitrotoluene-nitroglycerin mixture.	Polynitro aliphatic compounds.	Tridite.
Monopropellants.	Polyolpolynitrate-nitrocellulose explosive gels.	Trimethylol ethyl methane trinitrate composition.
<i>N</i>	Potassium chlorate and lead sulfocyanate explosive.	Trimethylolthane trinitrate-nitrocellulose.
NIBTN [nitroisobutametrial trinitrate].	Potassium nitrate explosive mixtures.	Trimonite.
Nitrate explosive mixtures.	Potassium nitroaminotetrazole.	Trinitroanisole.
Nitrate sensitized with gelled nitroparaffin.	Pyrotechnic compositions.	Trinitrobenzene.
Nitrated carbohydrate explosive.	PYX [2,6-bis(picrylamino)] 3,5-dinitropyridine.	Trinitrobenzoic acid.
Nitrated glucoside explosive.	<i>R</i>	Trinitrocresol.
Nitrated polyhydric alcohol explosives.	RDX [cyclonite, hexogen, T4, cyclo-1,3,5-trimethylene-2,4,6-trinitramine; hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-S-triazine].	Trinitro-meta-cresol.
Nitric acid and a nitro aromatic compound explosive.		Trinitronaphthalene.
		Trinitrophenetol.
		Trinitrophloroglucinol.
		Trinitroresorcinol.
		Tritonal.
		<i>U</i>
		Urea nitrate.

W

Water-bearing explosives having salts of oxidizing acids and nitrogen bases, sulfates, or sulfamates (cap sensitive).

Water-in-oil emulsion explosive compositions.

X

Xanthomonas hydrophilic colloid explosive mixture.

Approved: December 22, 2008.

Michael Sullivan,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. E8-31179 Filed 12-30-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-FY-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Cooperative Research Group on the Development and Evaluation of a Gas Chromatograph Testing Protocol

Notice is hereby given that, on November 26, 2008, pursuant to section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act") Southwest Research Institute—Cooperative Research Group on Development and Evaluation of a Gas Chromatograph Testing Protocol ("GCTP") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its nature and objective. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, the period of performance has been extended to December 15, 2008.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and GCTP intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On March 6, 2008, GCTP filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on April 7, 2008 (73 FR 18813).

The last notification was filed with the Department on August 26, 2008. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the

Act on September 29, 2008 (73 FR 56611).

Patricia A. Brink,

Deputy Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. E8-31037 Filed 12-30-08; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Network Centric Operations Industry Consortium, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on November 26, 2008, pursuant to section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act") Network Centric Operations Industry Consortium, Inc. has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Solera Networks, London, UT has been added as a party to this venture. Also, Advanced Virtual Engine Test Cell, Inc., Springfield, OH; Chandler/May, Inc., Huntsville, AL; PrismTech Corporation, Burlington, MA; Intelligent Automation, Inc., Rockville, MD; and Hewlett-Packard Company, Palo Alto, CA have withdrawn as parties to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and Network Centric Operations Industry Consortium, Inc. intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On November 19, 2004, Network Centric Operations Industry Consortium, Inc. filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on February 2, 2005 (70 FR 5486).

The last notification was filed with the Department on September 5, 2008. A notice was published in the **Federal**

Register pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on October 21, 2008 (73 FR 62542).

Patricia A. Brink,

Deputy Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. E8-31041 Filed 12-30-08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-11-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Open Devicenet Vendor Association, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 3, 2008, pursuant to section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc. ("ODVA") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Racine Federated Inc., Racine, WI; Mon Seiki Co., Ltd. (U.S. subsidiary Digital Technology Laboratory, Corporation), West Sacramento, CA; and TR-Electronic GmbH, Trossingen, GERMANY have been added as parties to this venture. Also, Contemporary Controls Systems, Inc., Downers Grove, IL; and Bird Electronic Corporation, Solon, OH have withdrawn as parties to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and ODVA intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On June 21, 1995, ODVA filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on February 15, 1996 (61 FR 6039).

The last notification was filed with the Department on September 5, 2008. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on October 21, 2008 (73 FR 62543).

Patricia A. Brink,

Deputy Director of Operations, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. E8-31043 Filed 12-30-08; 8:45 am]

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