FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisition of Shares of Bank or Bank Holding Companies

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The notices are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The notices also will be available for inspection at the office of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing to the Reserve Bank indicated for that notice or to the offices of the Board of Governors. Comments must be received not later than December 18, 2003.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Sue Costello, Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30309–4470:

1. Lawrence Wayne Maxwell, Anita Kay Maxwell, and Lawrence Todd Maxwell, all of Lakeland, Florida; to collectively acquire up to 19.9 percent of the voting shares of CenterState Banks of Florida, Inc., and thereby indirectly acquire CenterState Bank of Florida, both in Winter Haven, Florida.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Patrick Wilder, Managing Examiner) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690–1414:

1. JP Family Limited Partnership, Catherine J. Gonzalez, as trustee of the Catherine J. Gonzalez Declaration of Trust, Jane J. Presney, as trustee of the Jane J. Presney Declaration of Trust, Paul E. Presney, Sr., as trustee of the Paul E. Presney, Sr. Declaration of Trust; all of Springfield, Illinois, and Paul E. Presney, II, Rochester, Illinois, to retain control of 34.79 percent of the voting shares of Will Bancorp, Inc., and thereby retain control of Williamsville State Bank and Trust, both of Williamsville, Illinois.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, November 28, 2003.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 03–30144 Filed 12–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR Part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank indicated. The application also will be available for inspection at the offices of the Board of Governors. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)). If the proposal also involves the acquisition of a nonbanking company, the review also includes whether the acquisition of the nonbanking company complies with the standards in section 4 of the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1843). Unless otherwise noted, nonbanking activities will be conducted throughout the United States. Additional information on all bank holding companies may be obtained from the National Information Center website at www.ffiec.gov/nic/.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors not later than December 29, 2003.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Sue Costello, Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30309–4470:

1. Signature Financial Holdings, Inc., St. Petersburg, Florida; to become a bank holding company by acquiring 100 percent of the outstanding shares of Signature Bank, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, November 28, 2003.

Jennifer J. Johnson,

Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 03–30145 Filed 12–3–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Sociocultural and Community Risk and Protective Factors for Child Maltreatment and Youth Violence

Announcement Type: New. Funding Opportunity Number: 04056. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: 93.136.

Key Dates: Letter of Intent Deadline: January 5, 2004.

Application Deadline: February 17, 2004.

I. Funding Opportunity Description

Authority: This program is authorized under section 301(a) [42 U.S.C. 241(a)] of the Public Health Service Act and section 391(a) [42 U.S.C. 280b(a)] of the Public Service Health Act, as amended.

Purpose: The purpose of this program is to inform violence prevention efforts by testing the extent to which potentially modifiable sociocultural and community risk and protective factors are associated with child maltreatment and early risk factors for youth violence. This program addresses the "Healthy People 2010" focus area of Injury and Violence Prevention.

Measurable outcomes of the program will be in alignment with the following performance goal for the National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC): Conduct a targeted program of research to reduce injury-related death and disability.

Research Objectives: Numerous researchers have stressed the importance of the influence of external environments on family functioning and risk for child maltreatment and subsequent youth violence, as well as the need for research based in an ecological-developmental framework in which risk and protective factors transact across multiple individual and sociocultural contexts (See Attachment 1, References 1–4 as published on the CDC Web site). However, to date, the majority of research on risk and protective factors for child maltreatment has focused on identifying individual characteristics of the child (e.g., temperament, cognitive and physical disability) and caregivers (e.g., alcohol/ drug use, depression, history of childhood victimization) with fewer studies focusing on the larger community and sociocultural factors that influence these characteristics. In addition, although research has identified a number of early behavioral and family risk factors for youth