nonbank subsidiary that does not meet the criteria for filing quarterly and that has total assets of at least \$500 million.

The FR Y–7NS is an abbreviated reporting form that collects net income, total assets, equity capital, and total offbalance-sheet data items. The FR Y–7NS is filed annually, as of December 31, by top-tier FBOs for each individual nonbank subsidiary that does not have a primary U.S. regulator other than the Federal Reserve System (and does not meet the filing criteria for filing the FR Y–7N) with total assets greater than or equal to \$250 million.

The FR Y-7Q collects consolidated capital and asset information from all FBOs. Part 1 of the reporting form currently collects the following information: Tier 1 capital; total riskbased capital; risk-weighted assets; total consolidated assets; total combined assets of U.S. operations; net of intercompany balances and transactions between U.S. domiciled affiliates, branches, and agencies; and total U.S. non-branch assets. In addition, an FBO that files the FR Y 7Q because it has made an effective election to be treated as an FHC also must provide separate capital schedules on Part 2 of the FR Y– 7Q quarterly for each lower-tier FBO operating a branch, agency, Edge or agreement corporation, or commercial lending company in the United States. Part 1A of the FR Y–7Q is filed quarterly by FBOs if the top-tier FBO or any FBO in its tiered structure has made an effective election to be treated as an FHC and by FBOs with total consolidated assets of \$50 billion or more, regardless of FHC status. Part 1B of the FR Y-7Q is filed quarterly by FBOs with combined U.S. assets of \$100 billion or more, or combined U.S. assets of less than \$100 billion but total consolidated assets of \$250 billion or more. The FR Y–7Q is filed annually if the FBO or any FBO in its tiered structure has not effectively elected to be an FHC and the FBO has total consolidated assets of less than \$50 billion.

Proposed revisions: For the FR Y–7Q, the Board proposes to add an additional line item on Part 1A., Capital and Asset Information for the Top-tier Foreign Banking Organization, to collect the total combined U.S. assets net of intercompany balances and transactions on a quarterly average basis. This line item would be used for analytical purposes to track the growth of FBOs in the U.S. and to make reporting more consistent with the reporting of total combined assets of U.S. operations, net of intercompany balances and transactions in the Systemic Risk Report (FR Y–15; OMB No. 7100–0352), which is filed by some FBOs.

The Board also proposes to revise the FR Y-7Q report to remove the option of filing on a fiscal year basis and to instead require the respondent to file on a calendar period basis. As of December 31, 2020, only approximately five percent of respondents submitted the FR Y–7Q on a fiscal year basis. The elimination of the fiscal filing basis would be consistent with other Federal Reserve regulatory reports. The change also would enhance the Board's ability to monitor FBOs that may be approaching the asset threshold to file the FR Y–15, as well as to provide data on the same filing frequency basis as with the U.S. legal entity regulatory report forms (i.e., Consolidated Financial Statements for Holding Companies (FR Y-9C; OMB No. 7100-0128), Consolidated Reports of Condition of Income (FFIEC 031/041/ 051; OMB No. 7100-0036)). In addition, the change would enable calculations for Regulation TT assessments to be made at the same speed and efficiency as for domestic-only holding companies, which file the FR Y–9C.

Additionally, the Board proposes to change the filing deadline from 90 days after quarter-end to 30 days after quarter-end for quarterly filers and from 90 days after quarter-end to 45 days after quarter-end for annual filers. Shortening the reporting deadline will allow for more timely analysis needed for effective FBO supervision; the efficiency gain will also allow for a more expedient process for Supervision staff to have a full picture of the FBO's financial structure from parent company global and US assets, consistent with the FBO's legal entities. The instructions were modified, effective December 31, 2021, to note that respondents would also have the option to submit the FR Y-7Q report electronically via Reporting Central. Electronic filing provides respondents with a more efficient option to submit the FR Y-7Q report.

Finally, the Board proposes to remove line item 8, as-of financial date, in Part 1A and line item 6, as-of financial date, in Part 2, as the elimination of the fiscal year basis reporting makes these items unnecessary. The Board also proposes to make other minor clarifications and conforming edits to the form and instructions.

The proposed changes would be effective with the FR Y–7Q submission for the December 31, 2022, as-of date.

Legal authorization and confidentiality: The FR Y–7N, Y–7NS, and Y–7Q are authorized by the Bank Holding Company Act (BHC Act) and International Banking Act. The FR Y– 7N, Y–7NS, and Y–7Q are additionally authorized by section 165 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The FR Y–7N, Y–7NS, and Y–7Q are mandatory.

The information contained on the FR Y–7N, Y–7NS, and Y–7Q is generally not considered confidential unless an applicant requests confidential treatment in accordance with the Board's Rules Regarding Availability of Information. Requests for confidential treatment of information are reviewed on a case-by-case basis. Information provided on the FR Y-7N, Y-7NS, and Y–70 may be exempt from disclosure pursuant to exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) if it is nonpublic commercial or financial information, which is both customarily and actually treated as private by the respondent. Submissions of the FR Y-7N, Y–7NS, and Y–7Q may also contain personnel and medical files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, which are protected under exemption 6 of the FOIA; or information contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions, which are protected under exemption 8 of the FOIA.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, May 24, 2022.

Ann E. Misback,

Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2022–11505 Filed 5–26–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Formations of, Acquisitions by, and Mergers of Bank Holding Companies

The companies listed in this notice have applied to the Board for approval, pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 (12 U.S.C. 1841 *et seq.*) (BHC Act), Regulation Y (12 CFR part 225), and all other applicable statutes and regulations to become a bank holding company and/or to acquire the assets or the ownership of, control of, or the power to vote shares of a bank or bank holding company and all of the banks and nonbanking companies owned by the bank holding company, including the companies listed below.

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at *https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/ request.htm.* Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in the BHC Act (12 U.S.C. 1842(c)).

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551–0001, not later than June 27, 2022.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago (Colette A. Fried, Assistant Vice President) 230 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60690–1414:

1. S.B.C.P. Bancorp, Inc., Cross Plains, Wisconsin; to merge with Monona Bankshares, Inc., and thereby indirectly acquire Monona Bank, both of Monona, Wisconsin.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2022–11474 Filed 5–26–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 9000–0073; Docket 2022– 0053; Sequence 9]

Submission for OMB Review; Certain Federal Acquisition Regulation Part 32 Requirements

AGENCY: Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, the Regulatory Secretariat Division has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve a revision of a previously approved information collection requirement regarding certain Federal Acquisition Regulation part 32 requirements.

DATES: Submit comments on or before June 27, 2022.

ADDRESSES: Written comments and recommendations for this information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to *www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.* Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

Additionally, submit a copy to GSA through *https://www.regulations.gov* and follow the instructions on the site. This website provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field or attach a file for lengthier comments.

Instructions: All items submitted must cite OMB Control No. 9000-0073, Certain Federal Acquisition Regulation Part 32 Requirements. Comments received generally will be posted without change to https:// www.regulations.gov, including any personal and/or business confidential information provided. To confirm receipt of your comment(s), please check www.regulations.gov, approximately two-to-three days after submission to verify posting. If there are difficulties submitting comments, contact the GSA Regulatory Secretariat Division at 202-501-4755 or GSARegSec@gsa.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Zenaida Delgado, Procurement Analyst, at telephone 202–969–7207, or *zenaida.delgado@gsa.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. OMB Control Number, Title, and Any Associated Form(s)

9000–0073, Certain Federal Acquisition Regulation Part 32 Requirements

B. Needs and Uses

DoD, GSA, and NASA are combining OMB Control Nos. for the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) by FAR part. This consolidation is expected to improve industry's ability to easily and efficiently identify burdens associated with a given FAR part. The review of the information collections by FAR part allows improved oversight to ensure there is no redundant or unaccounted for burden placed on industry. Lastly, combining information collections in a given FAR part is also expected to reduce the administrative burden associated with processing multiple information collections.

This justification supports the revision of OMB Control No. 9000–0073 and combines it with the previously approved information collections under OMB Control Nos. 9000–0070, 9000– 0074, 9000–0102, and 9000–0144, with the new title "Certain Federal Acquisition Regulation Part 32 Requirements". Upon approval of this consolidated information collection, OMB Control Nos. 9000–0070, 9000– 0074, 9000–0102, and 9000–0144 will be discontinued. The burden requirements previously approved under the discontinued numbers will be covered under OMB Control No. 9000– 0073.

This clearance covers the information that offerors, contractors, or both must submit to comply with the following FAR requirements:

FAR $\hat{3}2.408$, Application for Advance Payments. In accordance with FAR 32.408(b), contractors requesting advance payments must submit their request in writing to the contracting officer and provide the following information:

• A reference to the contract if the request concerns an existing contract, or a reference to the solicitation if the request concerns a proposed contract.

• A cash flow forecast showing estimated disbursements and receipts for the period of contract performance.

• The proposed total amount of advance payments.

• The name and address of the financial institution at which the contractor expects to establish a special account as depository for the advance payments.

• A description of the contractor's efforts to obtain unguaranteed private financing or a V-loan under eligible contracts.

• Other information appropriate to an understanding of

• the contractor's financial condition and need,

• the contractor's ability to perform the contract without loss to the Government, and

• financial safeguards needed to protect the Government's interest.

The information is used to determine if advance payments should be provided to the contractor.

FAR 52.232–1 through 52.232–4, 52.232–6, 52.232–7, and 52.232–10— Payments. The following FAR clauses require the contractor to (as appropriate to the payment terms specified in the contract) provide a proper invoice or voucher. The information is used to determine the proper amount of payments to Federal contractors.

52.232–1, Payments.

 52.232–2, Payments under Fixed-Price Research and Development Contracts.

 $^{\odot}\,$ 52.232–3, Payments under Personal Services Contracts.

 52.232–4, Payments under Transportation Contracts and Transportation-Related Services Contracts.