

## Additions

If the Committee approves the proposed additions, the entities of the Federal Government identified in this notice will be required to procure the service and product listed below from nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

### *Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification*

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. If approved, the action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will provide the product and service to the Government.
2. If approved, the action will result in authorizing small entities to provide the product and service to the Government.
3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 46–48c) in connection with the services proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

Comments on this certification are invited. Commenters should identify the statement(s) underlying the certification on which they are providing additional information.

### *End of Certification*

The following service and product are proposed for addition to Procurement List for production by the nonprofit agencies listed:

#### Services

*Service Type/Location:* Custodial Service, USDA, APHIS, PPQ, Honolulu International Airport, 300 Rodgers Blvd, Honolulu, HI

*NPA:* Opportunities for the Retarded, Inc., Wahiawa, HI.

*Contracting Activity:* Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Minneapolis, MN.

#### Product

*NSN:* 6230–01–242–2016, Light Set, General Illumination.

*NPA:* Arkansas Lighthouse for the Blind, Little Rock, AR.

*Contracting Activity:* Defense Logistics Agency, Aviation, Richmond, VA.

*Coverage:* B–List for 50% of the Department of Defense requirement as aggregated by the Defense Logistics Agency, Aviation, Richmond, VA.

**Barry S. Lineback,**

*Director, Business Operations.*

[FR Doc. 2010–32331 Filed 12–23–10; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6353–01–P**

## CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

### Consumer Product Safety Act: Notice of Commission Action Lifting Stay of Enforcement of Certification Requirements for Certain Non-Children's Products

**AGENCY:** Consumer Product Safety Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Consumer Product Safety Commission (“Commission,” “CPSC,” or “we”) is announcing its decision to lift its stay of enforcement of certain certification provisions of section 14 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (“CPSA”), as amended by section 102(a) of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 (“CPSIA”). The Commission is taking this action with respect to non-children's products subject to CPSC regulations pertaining to vinyl plastic film, carpets and rugs, and clothing textiles.

**DATES:** The stay of enforcement of the certification provisions of section 14 of the CPSA expires for non-children's products subject to CPSC regulations pertaining to vinyl plastic film, carpets and rugs, and clothing textiles on January 26, 2011.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Robert “Jay” Howell, Assistant Executive Director for Hazard Identification and Reduction, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814; e-mail [rhowell@cpsc.gov](mailto:rhowell@cpsc.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In the **Federal Register** of February 9, 2009 (74 FR 6396), the Commission announced that it would stay its enforcement with respect to certain testing and certification requirements in sections 14(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of the CPSA, as amended by section 102 of the CPSIA.

In brief, sections 14(a)(1) and (a)(2) of the CPSA establish testing and certification requirements for most consumer products regulated by or under the statutes enforced by the Commission, including children's products. Section 14(a)(1) of the CPSA requires every manufacturer of a product (and the private labeler of such product if such product bears a private label) that is subject to a consumer product safety rule under the CPSA, or a similar rule, ban, standard, or regulation under any other law enforced by the Commission, and which is imported for consumption or warehousing or distributed in commerce, to issue a certificate. The manufacturer must certify, based on a

test of each product, or upon a reasonable testing program, that the product complies with all rules, bans, standards, or regulations applicable to the product under the CPSA or any other law enforced by the Commission. The certificate must specify each such rule, ban, standard, or regulation applicable to the product.

For children's products, section 14(a)(2) of the CPSA states that, before importing for consumption or warehousing or distributing in commerce any children's product that is subject to a children's product safety rule, the manufacturer (and the private labeler if the children's product bears a private label) must submit sufficient samples of the children's product, or samples that are identical in all material respects to the product, to a third party conformity assessment body accredited by the Commission under section 14(a)(3) of the CPSA (“CPSC-accepted third party laboratory”). (Section 3(a)(2) of the CPSA defines “children's product,” in relevant part, as “a consumer product designed or intended primarily for children 12 years of age or younger.”) The CPSC-accepted third party laboratory must test the children's product for compliance with such children's product safety rule. Based on the testing, the manufacturer (or private labeler) must certify that the children's product complies with the children's product safety rule.

Section 14(a)(3) of the CPSA establishes a schedule for implementing third party testing and includes a timeline for the accreditation of third party conformity assessment bodies. Section 14(a)(3)(A) of the CPSA states that the third party testing requirement applies to any children's product manufactured more than 90 days after the Commission has established and published a “notice of requirements” for the accreditation of third party conformity assessment bodies to assess conformity with a children's product safety rule.

In the **Federal Register** of December 28, 2009 (74 FR 68588), the Commission revised the terms of the stay of enforcement on the CPSIA's testing and certification requirements. We announced when the stay would lift for certain testing and certification requirements and detailed how the other testing and certification requirements would be implemented or otherwise become effective. Part II.D of the December 28, 2009 notice discussed, in part, consumer products for which the Commission was continuing the stay of enforcement until further notice. We stated that, “[d]ue to factors such as pending rulemaking proceedings

affecting the product or the absence of a notice of requirements for the children's product, the Commission has decided to continue the stay of enforcement for consumer products or children's products listed below." 74 FR at 68591. We noted that the stay on CPSIA testing and certification did not extend to compliance with the applicable mandatory safety requirements; thus, the stay did not extend to guarantees under the Flammable Fabrics Act. 74 FR at 68589, 68591. The products identified in part II.D of the December 28, 2009 notice included:

- Carpets and rugs (16 CFR parts 1630 and 1631);
- Vinyl plastic film (16 CFR part 1611); and
- Wearing apparel (16 CFR part 1610).

74 FR at 68591. The Commission also explained that:

The Commission intends to require testing and certification of these products once it completes the rulemakings associated with the products, issues notices of requirements, or otherwise resolves the issues that have warranted a continuation of the stay of enforcement for the products.

74 FR at 68591 through 68592.

In July and August 2010, the Commission issued notices of requirements for these products. The notice of requirements pertaining to vinyl plastic film and carpets and rugs appeared in the **Federal Register** of July 21, 2010. 75 FR 42311 (vinyl plastic film); 75 FR 42315 (carpets and rugs). The notice of requirements pertaining to clothing textiles (referred to as "wearing apparel" in the December 28, 2009 notice) appeared in the **Federal Register** of August 18, 2010. 75 FR 51016. Each notice of requirements described the stay of enforcement and then declared that the publication of the notice of requirements had the effect of lifting the stay of enforcement. For example, in the notice of requirements pertaining to clothing textiles, the Commission stated:

As the factor preventing the stay from being lifted in the December 28, 2009, notice with regard to testing and certifications of clothing textiles was the absence of a notice of requirements, publication of this notice has the effect of lifting the stay with regard to 16 CFR part 1610.

75 FR at 51018. In relation to lifting the stay, each notice of requirements also described when manufacturers of children's products subject to the respective regulations would be required to certify their products based on third party testing.

Recently, various parties have contacted CPSC staff to ask whether the stay of enforcement had been lifted with

respect to non-children's products subject to the cited CPSC regulations pertaining to vinyl plastic film, carpets and rugs, and clothing textiles. Although some manufacturers interpreted the notices of requirements as lifting the stay of enforcement with respect to both non-children's and children's products, others interpreted the text as applying only to children's products. Other parties informed CPSC staff that they did not consider reading the notices of requirements for information relevant to manufacturers because the notices of requirements provide the criteria and process for Commission acceptance of accreditation of third party laboratories for testing pursuant to CPSC regulations.

Given the apparent confusion about whether the stay of enforcement for non-children's products subject to the cited CPSC regulations pertaining to vinyl plastic film, carpets and rugs, and clothing textiles has been lifted, the Commission, through this notice, is announcing that the stay of enforcement pertaining to the certification under section 14(a)(1) of the CPSA for non-children's products will be lifted as of January 26, 2011. Thus, after January 26, 2011, every manufacturer of a non-children's product (and the private labeler of such product if such product bears a private label) subject to CPSC regulations pertaining to:

- Carpets and rugs (16 CFR parts 1630 and 1631),
- Vinyl plastic film (16 CFR part 1611) or
- Wearing apparel (16 CFR part 1610),

whose product is imported for consumption or warehousing or distributed in commerce, must issue a certificate for that product. (The term "manufacturer" includes importers (see 16 CFR part 1110).)

Dated: December 17, 2010.

**Todd A. Stevenson,**  
Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission.

[FR Doc. 2010-32181 Filed 12-23-10; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6355-01-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Office of the Secretary

[Docket ID DOD-2010-OS-0171]

### Proposed Collection; Comment Request

**AGENCY:** Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness), DoD.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the *Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995*, the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness) announces the following proposed reinstatement of a public information collection and seeks public comment on the provisions thereof. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of burden of the proposed information collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

**DATES:** Consideration will be given to all comments received by February 25, 2011.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments, identified by docket number and title, by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:* <http://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail:* Federal Docket Management System Office, Room 3C843, 1160 Defense Pentagon, Washington, DC 20301-1160.

*Instructions:* All submissions received must include the agency name, docket number and title for this **Federal Register** document. The general policy for comments and other submissions from members of the public is to make these submissions available for public viewing on the Internet at <http://www.regulations.gov> as they are received without change, including any personal identifiers or contact information.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To request more information on this proposed information collection or to obtain a copy of the proposal and associated collection instruments, please write to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness)(Military Personnel Policy)/ Accession Policy, *Attn:* Major Arturo Roque, or call (703) 695-5527.

*Title, Associated Form, and OMB*

*Control Number:* Request for Verification of Birth, DD Form 372, OMB Control Number: 0704-0006.

*Needs and Uses:* Title 10, USC 505, 532, 3253, and 8253, require applicants meet minimum and maximum age and citizenship requirements for enlistment into the Armed Forces (including the Coast Guard). If an applicant is unable