

of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

### Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

### Notification to Interested Parties

These final results are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(5).

Dated: May 12, 2025.

**Abdelali Elouaradia,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

### Appendix I

#### Companies Found To Have No Shipments—Eligible To Certify

##### AD Review

1. An An Plywood Joint Stock Company
2. Arrow Forest International Co., Ltd.
3. Cosco Star International Co., Ltd.
4. Eagle Industries Company Limited
5. Golden Bridge Industries Pte Ltd.
6. Govina Investment Joint Stock Company
7. Greatriver Wood Co., Ltd.
8. Greatwood Hung Yen Joint Stock Company
9. Hai Hien Bamboo Wood Joint Stock Company
10. Her Hui Wood (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.
11. Innogreen Thanh Hoa Co., Ltd.
12. Lechenwood Vietnam Company Limited
13. Long LUU Plywood Production Co., Ltd.
14. TEKCOM Corporation
15. TL Trung Viet Company Limited.
16. Vietnam Zhongjia Wood Co., Ltd

##### CVD Review

1. An An Plywood Joint Stock Company
2. Arrow Forest International Co., Ltd.
3. Eagle Industries Company Limited
4. Golden Bridge Industries Pte Ltd.
5. Govina Investment Joint Stock Company
6. Greatriver Wood Co., Ltd.
7. Greatwood Hung Yen Joint Stock Company
8. Hai Hien Bamboo Wood Joint Stock Company
9. Her Hui Wood (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.
10. Innogreen Thanh Hoa Co., Ltd.
11. Lechenwood Vietnam Company Limited
12. Long LUU Plywood Production Co., Ltd.
13. TEKCOM Corporation
14. TL Trung Viet Company Limited.
15. Vietnam Zhongjia Wood Co., Ltd

### Appendix II

#### Companies Not Eligible for a Separate Rate—AD Review

1. Hoang LAM Plywood Joint Stock Co.
2. Quang Phat Woods JSC

3. Shanghai Luli Trading Co., Ltd.
4. Win Faith Trading Limited

### Appendix III

#### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Orders
- IV. Changes From the Preliminary Results
- V. Application of Facts Available and Use of Adverse Inference
- VI. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Whether to Deny Certification Eligibility to Entities Without Type 3 Entries During the POR
  - Comment 2: Whether Importers Should Be Permitted To Provide U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) With Documentation To Support Their Claim That Imports are Non-Subject Merchandise
  - Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should Revise Its Adverse Facts Available (AFA) Finding With Respect to Plywood Sunshine Co., Ltd. (Plywood Sunshine).
  - Comment 4: Whether Commerce Should Apply AFA to Thang Long Wood Panel Company Limited (Thang Long) and Win Faith Trading Limited (Win Faith)
  - Comment 5: Whether Companies Must Be Capable of Tracking Inputs to Exports in Order to Be Eligible To Participate in the Certification Program
  - Comment 6: Whether Certain Companies Should Be Eligible To Participate in the Certification Program
  - Comment 7: Whether to Apply AFA to Cam Lam Vietnam Joint Stock Company (Cam Lam)
  - Comment 8: Whether An An Plywood Joint Stock Company (An An)'s and Greatwood Hung Yen Joint Stock Company (Greatwood Hung Yen)'s Entries Should Be Liquidated Without Regard to AD/CVD Duties
  - Comment 9: Whether To Liquidate Pre-POR Entries of Certification-Eligible Companies Without Regard to AD/CVD Duties
  - Comment 10: Whether To Liquidate the Post-POR Entries of Certification-Eligible Companies Without Regard to AD/CVD Duties
- VII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025–08820 Filed 5–16–25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A–489–829]

#### Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar From the Republic of Türkiye: Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that

certain producers/exporters of steel concrete reinforcing bar (rebar) from the Republic of Türkiye (Türkiye) subject to this administrative review made sales of subject merchandise at below normal value during the period of review (POR) July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023.

**DATES:** Applicable May 19, 2025.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Samuel Evans or Elizabeth Beuley, AD/CVD Operations, Office IX, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2420 or (202) 482–3269, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On August 15, 2024, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* in the **Federal Register** and invited interested parties to comment.<sup>1</sup> On November 14, 2024, we extended the deadline for these final results.<sup>2</sup> On December 9, 2024, Commerce tolled certain deadlines in this administrative proceeding by 90 days.<sup>3</sup> Accordingly, the deadline for these final results is now May 12, 2025. For a complete description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the *Issues and Decision Memorandum*.<sup>4</sup> Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

##### Scope of the Order<sup>5</sup>

The merchandise covered by the *Order* is rebar from Türkiye. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*,

<sup>1</sup> See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Türkiye: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023*, 89 FR 66350 (August 15, 2024) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, “Extension of Deadline for Final Results of 2022–2023 Antidumping Duty Administrative Review,” dated November 14, 2024.

<sup>3</sup> See Memorandum, “Tolling of Deadlines for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings,” dated December 9, 2024.

<sup>4</sup> See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Türkiye; 2022–2023,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (*Issues and Decision Memorandum*).

<sup>5</sup> See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Türkiye and Japan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Duty Determination for the Republic of Türkiye and Antidumping Duty Orders*, 82 FR 32532 (July 14, 2017), as amended by *Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony with the Amended Final Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation; Notice of Amended Final Determination*, 87 FR 934 (January 22, 2022) (collectively, *Order*).

see the Issue and Decision Memorandum.

**Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs are listed in the appendix to this notice and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

**Changes Since the Preliminary Results**

Based on comments received from interested parties, we made certain

changes to the margin calculations for Colakoglu Metalurji A.S./Colakoglu Dis Ticaret A.S. (collectively, Colakoglu) and Icdas Celik Enerju Tersane ve Ulasim Sanayi A.S. (Icdas) from the *Preliminary Results*.<sup>6</sup>

**Rate for Companies Not Selected for Individual Examination**

Generally, Commerce looks to section 735(c)(5) of the Act, which provides instructions for calculating the all-others rate in an in a less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, for guidance for calculating the rate for companies which were not selected for individual examination in an administrative review. Section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act provides that the all-others should be calculated by weight averaging the weighted-average dumping margins determined for individually-examined respondents, excluding rates that are

zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely on facts available.

We calculated a weighted-average dumping margin of zero for one of the two mandatory respondents, Icdas. Therefore, we have assigned a dumping margin to Kaptan Demir Celik Endustrisi Ve Ticaret A.S./Kaptan Metal Dis Ticaret Ve Nakliyat A.S. (collectively, Kaptan), the company not selected for individual examination in this review, based on the rate calculated for the other mandatory respondent, Colakoglu.

**Final Results of Review**

As a result of this review, we determine the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins for the period July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023:

Producer or exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Colakoglu Metalurji A.S./Colakoglu Dis Ticaret A.S .....	1.13
Icdas Celik Enerju Tersane ve Ulasim Sanayi A.S .....	0.00
Kaptan Demir Celik Endustrisi Ve Ticaret A.S./Kaptan Metal Dis Ticaret Ve Nakliyat A.S .....	1.13

**Disclosure**

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed for these final results within five days of any public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

**Assessment Rates**

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), because Colakoglu reported the entered value for its U.S. sales, we calculated importer-specific *ad valorem* antidumping duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of those same sales. Where either a respondent's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), or an importer-specific

assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.<sup>7</sup> For Kaptan, which was not selected for individual examination, we will instruct CBP to liquidate entries at the rate assigned in these final results of review, calculated as noted in the "Rate for Companies Not Selected for Individual Examination" section, above.

Commerce's "automatic assessment" practice will apply to entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by Colakoglu or Icdas for which the producer did not know that the merchandise it sold to the intermediary (e.g., a reseller, trading company, or exporter) was destined for the United States. In such instances, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.<sup>8</sup>

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP

not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

**Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the companies under review will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) for previously investigated or reviewed companies not covered in this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which the company participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, or the LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is,

<sup>6</sup> For a full description of changes, see Issues and Decision Memorandum.

<sup>7</sup> See 19 CFR 351.212(c)(2).

<sup>8</sup> See *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

the cash deposit rate will be the cash deposit rate established for the most recently completed segment for the producer of the subject merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 3.90 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation.<sup>9</sup> These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of the countervailing duties.

#### Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: May 12, 2025.

**Abdelali Elouaradia,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

#### Appendix

##### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Changes Since the *Preliminary Results*
- IV. Scope of the Order
- V. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Whether to Include Certain Movement Expenses in Icdas' Normal Value (NV) Calculation

Comment 2: Whether Commerce Used the Appropriate Date of Sale for Colakoglu  
 Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should Utilize the Cohen's *d* Test for Colakoglu  
 VI. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2025-08894 Filed 5-16-25; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P**

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

##### International Trade Administration

[Docket No. 250514-0087; RTID: 0625-XC054]

##### Alternatives to the Use of Cohen's *d*; Request for Comment

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) seeks information and public comment on how the administering authority can meet the statutory requirement outlined in section 777A(d)(1)(B)(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), to identify if "there is a pattern of export prices (or constructed export prices) for comparable merchandise that differ significantly among purchasers, regions, or periods of time." The U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit (Federal Circuit) recently held that it is unreasonable to use the current Cohen's *d* test when the Cohen's *d* test is applied to data that do not satisfy the statistical assumptions of normal distribution, equal variances, and sufficiently numerous data. Commerce seeks information and public comment regarding alternatives to the use of the Cohen's *d* test to define when prices differ significantly among purchasers, regions, and time periods, pursuant to section 777A(d)(1)(B)(i) of the Act.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted no later than May 30, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments, identified by ITA-2025-0004, by either of the following methods to ensure that the comments are received and considered:

- **Electronic Submission:** Submit all electronic comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal. Go to <https://www.regulations.gov> and type Docket No. ITA-2025-0004 in the Search box. Click on the "Comment" icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

- **Mail:** Comments may also be submitted by mail or hand delivery/courier, addressed to Christopher Abbott, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the

non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, Room 18022, Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230. An appointment *must* be made in advance with the APO/Dockets Unit at (202) 482-4920 to submit comments in person by hand delivery or courier.

**Instructions:** Comments sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered. All comments and information received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted to <https://www.regulations.gov> without change. All Personal Identifying Information (for example, name, address, *etc.*) voluntarily submitted by the commenter may be publicly accessible. Do not submit confidential business information or otherwise sensitive or protected information. Commerce will not accept comments accompanied by a request that part or all of the material be treated confidentially because of its business proprietary nature or for any other reason. Therefore, do not submit confidential business information or otherwise sensitive or protected information.

All comments and information must be in English or be accompanied by a complete English translation to be considered. Commerce will accept anonymous comments (enter "N/A" in the required fields if you wish to remain anonymous). Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, or Adobe PDF file formats only. Supporting documents and any comments received on this docket may be viewed at <https://www.regulations.gov/document/ITA-2025-0004>.

Any questions concerning the process for submitting comments should be directed to the Enforcement and Compliance Communications Office at (202) 482-1413 or [ECCCommunications@trade.gov](mailto:ECCCommunications@trade.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Melissa Porpotage, Enforcement and Compliance Communications Office at (202) 482-1413.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) administers the antidumping and countervailing duty (AD/CVD) trade remedy laws. Commerce generally calculates dumping margins by one of two methods: (1) by comparing the weighted average of the normal values to the weighted average

<sup>9</sup> See Order, 87 FR at 935.