This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### **Rural Housing Service**

**Rural Business-Cooperative Service** 

#### **Rural Utilities Service**

Farm Services Agency

#### 7 CFR Part 1942

RIN 0575-AC78

#### **Community Facility Loans**

**AGENCY:** Rural Housing Service, Rural Business-Cooperative Service, Rural Utilities Service, Farm Services Agency, USDA.

#### **ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Agriculture proposes to amend its regulations to maintain consistency with standard industry contracts and to make minor revisions to streamline processing applications. These revisions are needed to conform with market and industry changes by updating, clarifying, and modifying the regulatory requirements for community facility construction and development. The amendments to the regulation will streamline current processes and provide for faster reviews of alternate construction contract methods (such as Design/Build and Construction Management) by the Agency's National Office. This rule can also apply to applications under the Rural Business-Cooperative Service Programs.

**DATES:** Written comments on the proposed rule must be received on or before June 21, 2011 to be assured of consideration.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments on this rule by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal: http:// www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

• *Mail:* Submit written comments via the U.S. Postal Service to the Branch Chief, Regulations and Paperwork

Management Branch, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 0742, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–0742.

• Hand Delivery/Courier: Submit written comments via Federal Express Mail or another mail courier service requiring a street address to the Branch Chief, Regulations and Paperwork Management Branch, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 300 7th Street, SW., 7th Floor, Suite 701, Washington, DC 20024.

All written comments will be available for public inspection during regular work hours at the 300 7th Street, SW., address listed above.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

William Downs, Technical Support Branch, Program Support Staff, Rural Housing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, STOP 0761, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–0761; Telephone: 202–720–1499; FAX: 202– 690–4335; E-mail: william.downs@wdc.usda.gov.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Classification

This rule has been determined to be not significant for purposes of Executive Order 12866 and, therefore, has not been reviewed by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB).

#### **Civil Justice Reform**

This rule has been reviewed in accordance with Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. Except where specified, all State and local laws and regulations that are in direct conflict with this rule will be preempted. Federal funds carry Federal requirements. No person is required to apply for funding under this program, but if they do apply and are selected for funding, they must comply with the requirements applicable to the Federal program funds. This rule is not retroactive. It will not affect agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this rule. Before any judicial action may be brought regarding the provisions of this rule, the administrative appeal provisions of 7 CFR parts 11 and 780 must be exhausted.

## **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

The Administrator of the Agency has determined that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities as Federal Register Vol. 76, No. 78 Friday, April 22, 2011

defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). New provisions included in this rule will not impact a substantial number of small entities to a greater extent than large entities. The construction requirements and policies being revised will apply equally to all applicants, regardless of size of the applicant organization. Further, these changes will give all applicants greater flexibility in developing projects. Therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis was not performed.

# **Unfunded Mandates Reform Act**

Title II of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (UMRA) Public Law 104-4 establishes requirements for Federal agencies to assess the effects of their regulatory actions on State, local, and tribal governments and the private sector. Under section 202 of the UMRA, Rural Development must prepare, to the extent practicable, a written statement including a cost benefit analysis, for proposed and final rules with "Federal mandates" that may result in expenditures to State, local or tribal governments, in the aggregate, or to the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any one year. With certain exceptions, section 205 of UMRA requires Rural Development to identify and consider a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives and adopt the least costly, most cost effective or least burdensome alternative that achieves the objectives of the rule. This proposed rule contains no Federal mandates for State, local, and tribal governments or the private sector. Thus, this rule is not subject to the requirements of sections 202 and 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995.

#### **Environmental Impact Statement**

This document has been reviewed in accordance with 7 CFR part 1940, subpart G, "Environmental Program." The Agency has determined that this action does not constitute a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment, and, in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.

# **Programs Affected**

The programs affected are listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under Numbers 10.769 Rural Business

# **Proposed Rules**

Enterprise Grants, 10.773 Rural Business Opportunity Grant, 10.766 Community Facilities Loans and Grants, 10.767 Intermediary Relending Program, and 10.854 Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant.

#### Federalism

The policies contained in this rule do not have any substantial direct effect on States, on the relationship between the National government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Nor does this rule impose substantial direct compliance costs on State and local governments. Therefore, consultation with the States is not required.

# **Intergovernmental Review**

The Agency conducts intergovernmental consultation in the manner delineated in RD Instruction 1940–J, "Intergovernmental Review of Rural Development Programs and Activities," and in 7 CFR part 3015, subpart V. The changes being considered are not subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials. An intergovernmental review for this revision is not required or applicable.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

There are no new reporting and recordkeeping requirements associated with this rule.

#### E-Government Act Compliance

The Agency is committed to complying with the E-Government Act, to promote the use of the Internet and other information technologies to provide increased opportunities for citizen access to Government information and services, and for other purposes. For information pertinent to E-GOV compliance related to this proposed rule, please contact Larry Fleming, 202–720–8547.

#### Background

The proposed change will remove restrictive language in 7 CFR part 1942 that limits projects using alternate construction methods to loans only, and will allow grant funds to be used with design/build and other alternate construction methods. When the regulation was written in the 1970's design/build and construction management were unique forms of contracting that were not commonly used. It was determined that the Agency would not allow grant funds to be used for alternate construction methods. Over

time, design/build and construction management became more common in the construction industry. The success or failure rate of such contracting methods has proven to be no greater than the traditional design/bid/build method. Therefore, the Agency has determined that the funding sourceloans or grants-should have no determination on the construction method used. Further, these changes streamline processing by allowing contracts up to \$250,000 to be reviewed by the State Office. The present regulation, which went into effect in the 1970's, requires all projects over \$100,000 be reviewed by the National Office. Additional language is added to describe alternate construction methods: Design/build, construction management constructor, construction management advisor, and fast tracking. Presently, only a definition is given. The new language will help field staff and applicants understand when a project qualifies as an alternate construction method. None of the changes proposed are statutory requirements, and the Agency has determined that these changes better reflect current conditions within the construction industry, and will better streamline processing for applicants.

This change revises the Agency Guide documents used with American Institute of Architects (AIA) contracts for construction to reflect their updated contracts. The AIA revises their contract documents every 10 years. Contracts referenced in the present regulation are replaced with the new updated contracts. New Guides are added for AIA contracts for design/build and construction management. Providing these Guides within the Agency regulation eliminates the need for National Office review of these projects, which reduces review time for the applicant. A new Guide is added listing the Agency requirements for review of alternate contract methods, to assist field staff and applicants.

#### List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 1942

Community development, Community facilities, Loan programs— Housing and community development, Loan security, Rural areas.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, Chapter XVIII, Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

# PART 1942—ASSOCIATIONS

1. The authority citation for part 1942 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 7 U.S.C. 1926; 7 U.S.C. 1927, 7 U.S.C. 7901, and Pub. L. 110–246.

#### Subpart A—Community Facility Loans

2. Section 1942.9 is amended by revising paragraph (b) introductory text and (b)(1) to read as follows:

# § 1942.9 Planning, bidding, contracting, and constructing.

\*

(b) *Contract approval.* The State Director or designee is responsible for approving all construction contracts using legal advice and guidance of OGC as necessary. The use of a contracting method under § 1942.18(1) of this subpart exceeding \$250,000 must be concurred by the National Office. When an applicant requests such concurrence, the State Director will submit the following to the National Office.

(1) State Director's and Rural Development engineer/architect's comments and recommendations, and if noncompetitive negotiation per 1942.18(k)(4) is accepted by the Agency, submit an evaluation of previous work of the proposed construction firm.

3. Section 1942.18, paragraph (l) is amended to read as follows:

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# §1942.18 Community facilities—Planning, bidding, contracting constructing.

(1) Alternate contracting methods. The services of the consulting engineer or architect and the general construction contractor shall normally be procured from unrelated sources in accordance with paragraph (j)(7) of this section. Alternate contracting methods which combine or rearrange design, inspection or construction services (such as design/build or construction management/constructor) may be used with Rural Development written approval.

(1) The owner will request Rural Development approval by providing the following information to the State Office for review and approval by the State Architect:

(i) The owner's written request to use an unconventional contracting method with a description of the proposed method.

(ii) A proposed scope of work describing in clear, concise terms the technical requirements for the contract. This would include a nontechnical statement summarizing the work to be performed by the contractor and the results expected. Also include the sequence in which the work is to be performed and a proposed construction schedule.

(iii) A proposed firm-fixed-price contract for the entire project which provides that the contractor shall be responsible for any extra cost which may result from errors or omissions in the services provided under the contract and compliance with all Federal, State, and local requirements effective on the contract execution date.

(iv) An evaluation of the contractor's performance on previous similar projects in which the contractor acted in a similar capacity.

(v) A detailed listing and cost estimate of equipment and supplies not included in the construction contract but which are necessary to properly operate the facility.

(vi) Evidence that a qualified construction inspector who is independent of the contractor has or will be hired.

(vii) Preliminary plans and outline specifications. However, final plans and specifications must be completed and reviewed by Rural Development prior to the start of construction.

(viii) The owner's attorney's opinion and comments regarding the legal adequacy of the proposed contract documents and evidence that the owner has the legal authority to enter into and fulfill the contract.

(2) The State Office may approve design/build or construction management/constructor projects if the contract amount is equal to or less than \$250,000.

(3) If the contract amount exceeds \$250,000, National Office prior concurrence must be obtained in accordance with § 1942.9(b) of this subpart. Only that information required under § 1942.9(b) of this subpart must be provided to National Office Program Support Staff for review. Additional information, such as plans and specifications, may be submitted by the State Office, if a review of those items is desired.

(4) The design/build method of construction is one in which the architectural and engineering services, normally provided by an independent consultant to the owner, are combined with those of the General Contractor under a single source contract. These services are commonly provided by a design/build firm, a joint venture between an architectural firm and a construction firm, or a company providing pre-engineered buildings and design services.

(5) The Construction Management/ constructor (CMc), acts in the capacity of a General Contractor and is actually responsible for the construction. This type of construction management is also referred to as Construction Manager "At Risk". The construction contract is between the owner and the CMc. The CMc, in turn, may subcontract for some or all of the work.

(6) The National Office may approve other alternative contact methods, such as Construction Management/advisor (CMa), with a recommendation from the State Office. The recommendation shall indicate the circumstances which prove this method advantageous to the applicant and the government. A CMa acts in an advisory capacity to the owner, and the actual contract for construction is between the owner and a prime contractor or multiple prime contractors. When a contract for an architect and a CMa are being provided, care must be taken to assure that separate professionals are not being paid to provide similar services. Further, paragraph (e)(3) of this section discourages separate contracts for construction.

(7) All alternate contracting method projects must comply with the requirements for "maximum open and free competition" in paragraph (j)(2) of this section. Choosing an alternate contracting method is not a way to avoid competition. Further information on procurement methods, which must be followed, is provided in paragraph (k) of this section.

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# Dated: April 1, 2011.

Dallas Tonsager,

Under Secretary, Rural Development. Dated: April 11, 2011.

# Michael Scuse,

Acting Under Secretary, Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services. [FR Doc. 2011–9630 Filed 4–21–11; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–XV–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

### Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

## 12 CFR Part 48

[Docket ID OCC-2011-0007]

RIN 1557-AD42

#### **Retail Foreign Exchange Transactions**

**AGENCY:** Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Department of the Treasury. **ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) is proposing a rule authorizing national banks, Federal branches or agencies of foreign banks, and their operating subsidiaries to engage in off-exchange transactions in foreign currency with retail customers. The proposed rule also describes various requirements with which national banks, Federal branches or agencies of foreign banks, and their operating subsidiaries must comply to conduct such transactions.

**DATES:** Comments on this notice of proposed rulemaking must be received by May 23, 2011.

**ADDRESSES:** Because paper mail in the Washington, DC, area is subject to delay, commenters are encouraged to submit comments by the Federal eRulemaking Portal or e-mail. Please use the title "Retail Foreign Exchange Transactions" to facilitate the organization and distribution of the comments. You may submit comments by any of the following methods:

• Federal eRulemaking Portal— "regulations.gov": Go to http:// www.regulations.gov. Select "Document Type" of "Proposed Rules," and in "Enter Keyword or ID Box," enter Docket ID "OCC-2011-0007," and click "Search." On "View By Relevance" tab at bottom of screen, in the "Agency" column, locate the proposed rule for the OCC, in the "Action" column, click on "Submit a Comment" or "Open Docket Folder" to submit or view public comments and to view supporting and related materials for this rulemaking action.

Click on the "Help" tab on the Regulations.gov home page to get information on using Regulations.gov, including instructions for submitting or viewing public comments, viewing other supporting and related materials, and viewing the docket after the close of the comment period.

• E-mail:

regs.comments@occ.treas.gov.
Mail: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Mail Stop 2–3, Washington, DC 20219.

• Fax: (202) 874–5274.

• Hand Delivery/Courier: 250 E Street, SW., Mail Stop 2–3, Washington, DC 20219.

Instructions: You must include "OCC" as the agency name and "Docket ID OCC-2011-0007" in your comment. In general, the OCC will enter all comments received into the docket and publish them on the Regulations.gov Web site without change, including any business or personal information that you provide such as name and address information, e-mail addresses, or phone numbers. Comments received, including attachments and other supporting materials, are part of the public record and subject to public disclosure. Do not enclose any information in your comment or supporting materials that you consider confidential or inappropriate for public disclosure.

You may review comments and other related materials that pertain to this