

The final rule, 86 FR 9224 (Feb. 11, 2021), provides relief from certain part 37 requirements that SEFs found in practice to be operationally unworkable or unnecessarily burdensome. The Commission revised information collection number 3038–0074 to reflect the adoption of amendments to part 37 of its regulations, as discussed below, but does not believe the regulations as adopted impose any other new collections of information that require approval of OMB under the PRA.

With respect to the collection of information, the CFTC invites comments on:

- Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have a practical use;
- The accuracy of the Commission's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

- Ways to enhance the quality, usefulness, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
- Ways to minimize the burden of collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology; *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

All comments must be submitted in English, or if not, accompanied by an English translation. Comments will be posted as received to <https://www.cftc.gov>. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. If you wish the Commission to consider information that you believe is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, a petition for confidential treatment of the exempt information may be submitted according to the procedures established in § 145.9 of the Commission's regulations.¹

The Commission reserves the right, but shall have no obligation, to review, pre-screen, filter, redact, refuse or remove any or all of your submission from <https://www.cftc.gov> that it may deem to be inappropriate for publication, such as obscene language. All submissions that have been redacted or removed that contain comments on the merits of the Information Collection Request will be retained in the public comment file and will be considered as required under the Administrative Procedure Act and other applicable

laws, and may be accessible under the Freedom of Information Act.

Burden Statement: The Commission is revising its estimate of the burden for this collection for 3038–0074. The respondent burden for this collection is estimated to be as follows:

Estimated Number of Respondents: 20.

Estimated Average Burden Hours per Respondent: 387.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 7,740.

Frequency of Collection: Once.

There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection.

(Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*)

Dated: October 28, 2021.

Robert Sidman,

Deputy Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2021–23856 Filed 11–1–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6351–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers

National Wetland Plant List

AGENCY: Army Corps of Engineers, DoD.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), as part of an interagency effort with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) and the U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), is announcing the availability of the final 2020 National Wetland Plant List (NWPL). The NWPL provides plant species indicator status ratings, which are used in determining whether the hydrophytic vegetation factor is met when conducting wetland delineations under the Clean Water Act and wetland determinations under the Wetland Conservation Provisions of the Food Security Act. Other applications of the NWPL include wetland restoration, establishment, and enhancement projects.

DATES: The 2020 NWPL will become applicable on November 2, 2021, and will be used in any wetland delineations performed after this date. Delineations completed prior to this date may still use the 2018 NWPL. Completed wetland delineation/determination forms should reference the version of the NWPL used to complete the form.

ADDRESSES: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Attn: CECW–CO–R, 441 G Street NW, Washington, DC 20314–1000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brianne McGuffie, Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Operations and Regulatory Community of Practice, Washington, DC 20314–1000, by phone at 202–761–4750 or by email at brianne.e.mcguffie@usace.army.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) administers the National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) for the United States (U.S.) and its territories. Responsibility for the NWPL was transferred to USACE from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) in 2006. The NWPL has undergone several revisions since its inception in 1988. Additions or deletions to the NWPL represent new records, range extensions, nomenclatural and taxonomic changes, and newly proposed species. The latest review process began in 2020 and included review by Regional Panels (RPs), the National Panel (NP), and the public, who provided input on proposed wetland rating changes or additions for 27 species and 48 regional ratings (some species were reviewed for multiple regions) submitted by the public. Twenty of these species were proposed for addition to the NWPL, and seven species were submitted for a rating change request in one or more regions. The proposed indicator changes were announced in a **Federal Register** Notice, 86 FR 15656, March 24, 2021, with the comment period ending on May 24, 2021. Thirteen comments were received during that time.

Wetland Indicator Status Ratings

On the NWPL, there are five categories of wetland indicator status ratings, used to indicate a plant's likelihood for occurrence in wetlands versus non-wetlands: Obligate Wetland (OBL), Facultative Wetland (FACW), Facultative (FAC), Facultative Upland (FACU), and Upland (UPL). These rating categories are defined by the NP as follows: OBL—almost always occur in wetlands; FACW—usually occur in wetlands, but may occur in non-wetlands; FAC—occur in wetlands and non-wetlands; FACU—usually occur in non-wetlands, but may occur in wetlands; UPL—almost always occur in non-wetlands. These category definitions are qualitative descriptions that better reflect the qualitative supporting information, rather than numeric frequency ranges. The

¹ 17 CFR 145.9.

percentage frequency categories used in the older definitions are only used for testing problematic or contested species being recommended for indicator status changes. Plus and minus designations and wetland indicator designations such as No Indicator (NI), No Occurrence (NO), and No Agreement (NA) were removed in 2012 and are no longer used on the NWPL. More information on the specifics of how to use these ratings is available on the NWPL website at <https://wetland-plants.sec.usace.army.mil/>.

The NWPL is utilized in conducting wetland delineations under the authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344) and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 401 *et seq.*) and wetland determinations under the authority of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801 *et seq.*). For the purposes of determining how often a species occurs in wetlands, wetlands are defined as either (1) those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions (33 CFR 328.3) or (2) “except when such term is part of the term ‘converted wetland,’ means land that has a predominance of hydric soils; is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support a prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions; and under normal circumstances does support a prevalence of such vegetation.” (16 U.S.C. 3801(a)(27) and 7 CFR 12.2). Wetlands are identified using the three-factor approach. Because each species being evaluated occurs as part of a vegetation assemblage, examining the other species present in relation to their assigned wetland fidelity may be useful in assessing hydrophytic vegetation.

Discussion of Public Comments

For the 2020 NWPL update, the NWPL NP and RPs reviewed proposed wetland rating changes or additions for 27 species and 48 regional ratings (some species were reviewed for multiple regions) submitted by the public. Twenty of these species were proposed for addition to the NWPL, and seven species were submitted for a rating change request in one or more regions. Submitted information was reviewed by the NP and RPs, and proposed 2020 ratings for these species were determined. Along with soliciting information on the species being evaluated, we also solicited comments on the overall NWPL process. This information was detailed in the **Federal Register** Notice, 86 FR 15656, March 24, 2021 and is provided in the table below.

At the close of the comment period associated with the **Federal Register** notice, it was discovered that *Spiranthes diluvialis*, which was proposed for listing on the NWPL, was already included on the existing NWPL with the indicator status rating of FACW in the Arid West (AW), Great Plains (GP), and Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast (WMVC). As a result, no action was taken with regard to *Spiranthes diluvialis* and the indicator status remains unchanged.

In response to the initial **Federal Register** notice, thirteen comments were received, addressing seven different species. One comment was regarding “*Populus fremontii*” (synonym of *Populus deltoides* on the 2018 NWPL), recommending that the indicator status in the AW be changed from FAC to FACW. However, this species was not proposed for review or recommended indicator status change at the beginning of the 2020 update process and is therefore not included in this update effort. The proposed change to this species will be evaluated in the 2022 NWPL update. Another comment was on *Echinacea laevigata* in the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain (AGCP) and the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont

(EMP). The commenter agreed with the proposed indicator status of FACU for both regions. The main point of this comment was questioning whether rare species, such as *E. laevigata*, should be included on the NWPL. This comment was reviewed by the NWPL RPs and NP and there was overall agreement that it is appropriate to include all species for which we have adequate data to support assignment of an indicator status.

One commenter recommended that *Boltonia decurrens* in the Midwest (MW) be rated FACW, rather than the proposed FAC. Five commenters recommended that *Populus balsamifera* in the WMVC be rated FAC, rather than the proposed FACW. Three commenters, two in the AW and one in the WMVC, recommended that *Vinca major* be rated FACU, rather than the proposed FAC. These recommendations were reviewed by the NWPL RPs and NP, along with literature, specimen collection data, and professional experience and the commenters’ recommendations were chosen as the final ratings for each of these three species.

One commenter recommended that *Platanthera praeclara* in the MW be rated FACW, rather than the proposed FAC. This recommendation was reviewed by the MW and GP RPs and the NP, along with literature, specimen collection data, and professional experience and the commenter’s recommendation of FACW was chosen as the final rating in both the MW and the GP.

One commenter recommended that *Hypericum calycinum* in the AW be rated UPL, rather than the proposed FAC. This recommendation was reviewed by the AW and WMVC RPs and the NP, along with literature, specimen collection data, and professional experience. Based on this review, FACU was assigned as the indicator status for *Hypericum calycinum* in both the AW and WMVC Regions.

SPECIES REVIEWED FOR NWPL 2020 UPDATE

Species	Region	Current 2018 NWPL rating*	Proposed 2020 NWPL rating	Final 2020 NWPL rating
<i>Aconitum noveboracense</i> ..	MW	NL	FACW	FACW.
<i>Aconitum noveboracense</i> ..	NCNE	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Aeschynomene virginica</i> ...	AGCP	FACW	OBL	OBL.
<i>Apios priceana</i>	AGCP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Apios priceana</i>	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Apios priceana</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Asclepias meadii</i>	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Asclepias meadii</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i> ..	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i> ..	NCNE	NL	UPL	UPL.
<i>Atriplex lentiformis</i>	AW	FAC	FACU	FACU.

SPECIES REVIEWED FOR NWPL 2020 UPDATE—Continued

Species	Region	Current 2018 NWPL rating*	Proposed 2020 NWPL rating	Final 2020 NWPL rating
<i>Boltonia decurrens</i>	MW	NL	FAC	FACW.
<i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i>	NCNE	UPL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Cirsium pitcheri</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Cirsium pitcheri</i>	NCNE	NL	UPL	UPL.
<i>Dalea foliosa</i>	NCNE	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Dalea foliosa</i>	EMP	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Dalea foliosa</i>	MW	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Echinacea laevigata</i>	AGCP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Echinacea laevigata</i>	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Helianthus verticillatus</i>	AGCP	OBL	FAC	OBL.
<i>Hypericum calycinum</i>	AW	NL	FAC	FACU.
<i>Hypericum calycinum</i>	WMVC	NL	FAC	FACU.
<i>Lespedeza leptostachya</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Lespedeza leptostachya</i>	NCNE	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	AGCP	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	GP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	HI	NL	FAC	FAC.
<i>Oxypolis canbyi</i>	AGCP	NL	OBL	OBL.
<i>Peucedanum palustre</i>	NCNE	NL	OBL	OBL.
<i>Physaria globosa</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Physaria globosa</i>	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Pinus palustris</i>	AGCP	FACU	FAC	FAC.
<i>Platanthera praeclara</i>	GP	NL	FAC	FACW.
<i>Platanthera praeclara</i>	MW	NL	FAC	FACW.
<i>Platanthera praeclara</i>	NCNE	NL	FACW	FACW.
<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	WMVC	FAC	FACW	FAC.
<i>Quercus pagoda</i>	AGCP	FACW	FAC	FAC.
<i>Silene spaldingii</i>	AW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Silene spaldingii</i>	WMVC	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Spiranthes diluvialis</i>	AW	FACW	FACW	FACW.
<i>Spiranthes diluvialis</i>	GP	FACW	FACW	FACW.
<i>Spiranthes diluvialis</i>	WMVC	FACW	FACW	FACW.
<i>Trifolium stoloniferum</i>	EMP	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Trifolium stoloniferum</i>	MW	NL	FACU	FACU.
<i>Vinca major</i>	AW	NL	FAC	FACU.
<i>Vinca major</i>	WMVC	NL	FAC	FACU.
<i>Xylocarpus moluccensis</i> ...	HI	NL	OBL	OBL.

* NL = "Not Listed" and indicates proposed additions to the NWPL.

As part of the 2020 NWPL update, USACE also proposed making two administrative changes with the Hawai'i and Pacific Islands Region (HI) and the South Pacific Islands Subregion (SPI). No comments were received from the public on this proposal. NWPL subregions are areas in which small numbers of wetland plants have wetland indicator status ratings that differ from the ratings for the same plant species in the rest of the region. Boundaries of subregions are typically based on Major Land Resource Areas. Under the previous format, the SPI included certain plant species which had an indicator status rating for SPI but not for HI (see *e.g.*, indicator status ratings for *Abildgaardia ovata*; SPI= FACW, HI= NL). This previous format of HI/SPI is inconsistent with the formatting of other NWPL regions and subregions and has caused some confusion when applying the NWPL within HI.

To address this confusion, USACE finalized the two proposed

administrative changes, neither of which affect the current boundaries of SPI, HI, or any other NWPL regions or subregions. First, USACE reformatted SPI and HI by merging the lists of plant species from the existing SPI and HI to form a single, comprehensive region, with SPI serving as a subregion of HI, instead of the previous state of the region in which SPI served as a stand-alone subregion separate from the larger HI region. Plant species that had an indicator status rating for SPI but not for HI (*e.g.*, *Abildgaardia ovata*) now have a single, comprehensive indicator status rating for the entire region (HI). For those species which had differing indicator status ratings between SPI and HI (*e.g.*, *Abrus precatorius*), the indicator status rating for SPI has been added to the reformatted SPI, which will serve as a subset of indicator status ratings within HI, and includes only those plant species and associated indicator status ratings which differ from the HI indicator status rating. With the exception of *Xylocarpus*

moluccensis and *Ligustrum lucidum*, which were recommended changes submitted by the public, all indicator status ratings for SPI and HI were retained through this reformatting. This administrative change provides greater clarity for the public, removes redundancies in the NWPL that existed between SPI and HI, allows for a consistent formatting of subregions between all NWPL regions, and more accurately and appropriately reflects species' distribution and wetland frequency within SPI and HI.

In addition to reformatting SPI and HI to form a single, comprehensive region, USACE also renamed SPI from its current name, "South Pacific Islands Subregion", to "Pacific Islands Subregion." This subregion includes islands which are located within both the northern Pacific (*i.e.*, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and the Territory of Guam) and southern Pacific (*i.e.*, the Territory of American Samoa). Therefore, the name change more accurately characterizes

the geographic extent and spatial variability of this subregion. This change also creates consistency between the naming conventions of the NWPL regions and subregions and the Regional Supplements to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual regions.

In accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement signed in 2017 (2017 MOA),¹ future updates to the NWPL will continue to occur biennially. The public may provide input to be considered as part of future NWPL updates by utilizing the following procedures. A change in indicator status or addition of a currently unlisted species may be requested at any time at <https://wetland-plants.sec.usace.army.mil/> by clicking on the "Submit a NWPL Change Request" link and submitting the appropriate data. Appropriate data includes ecological data, literature reviews, frequency and abundance data, testing descriptions, and geographic data for the taxon in wetlands and non-wetlands in the USACE wetland region or subregion for which the change is proposed.

In accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement signed in 2006 (2006 MOA),² USACE, endorsed by the EPA, FWS and NRCS, is publishing final wetland indicator statuses for the 2020 NWPL. The final NWPL is available at <https://wetland-plants.sec.usace.army.mil/>. State, regional, and national lists can also be downloaded from this site. This completes the review of the NWPL. All comments received have been evaluated and final indicator statuses have been set.

Detailed information on the update process, protocol, and technical issues can be found in the following documents (available on the NWPL Publications web page):

- Lichvar, Robert W. and Minkin, Paul. Concepts and Procedures for Updating the National Wetland Plant

List. Sept 2008. ERDC/CRREL TN-08-3. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory.

- Lichvar, Robert W. and Gilrich, Jennifer J. Final Protocol for Assigning Wetland Indicator Status Ratings during National Wetland Plant List Update. Sept 2011. ERDC/CRREL TN-11-1. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory.

Additional cited literature:
Lichvar R.W., N.C. Melvin, M.L. Butterwick, and W.N. Kirchner. 2012. National Wetland Plant List Indicator Rating Definitions. ERDC/CRREL TN-12-1. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory

Environmental Documentation

A decision document has been prepared for this action after all comments received were evaluated. The decision document is available through Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Operations and Regulatory Community of Practice, 441 G Street NW, Washington, DC 20314-1000.

Authority

The NWPL is utilized in conducting wetland determinations under the authority of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801 *et seq.*) and wetland delineations under the authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344) and Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 401 *et seq.*). The Corps has responsibility for issuing this update pursuant to the 2006 MOA.

Jaime A. Pinkham,

Acting Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works).

[FR Doc. 2021-23891 Filed 11-1-21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3720-58-P

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

National Assessment Governing Board Meeting

AGENCY: National Assessment Governing Board, Department of Education.

ACTION: Notice of open and closed hybrid meetings.

SUMMARY: This notice sets forth the agenda for the National Assessment Governing Board (hereafter referred to as Governing Board) meeting scheduled for November 18-19, 2021. This notice

provides information about the meeting to members of the public who may be interested in attending and/or providing written comments related to the work of the Governing Board. Notice of this meeting is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA).

ADDRESSES: In-person attendance for this meeting is for members and staff due to ED in-person meeting conference guidelines and COVID-19 social distancing requirements. Governing Board members and staff will meet at the Hilton Washington DC Capitol Hill, 525 New Jersey Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20001. Virtual attendance for all open sessions will be accessible to members of the public who register per the instructions provided in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Munira Mwalimu, Executive Officer/ Designated Federal Official for the Governing Board, 800 North Capitol Street NW, Suite 825, Washington, DC 20002, telephone: (202) 357-6906, fax: (202) 357-6945, email: Munira.Mwalimu@ed.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: *Statutory Authority and Function:* The Governing Board is established under the National Assessment of Educational Progress Authorization Act, Title III of Public Law 107-279. Information on the Governing Board and its work can be found at www.nagb.gov.

The Governing Board formulates policy for the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) administered by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). The Governing Board's responsibilities include: (1) Selecting subject areas to be assessed; (2) developing assessment frameworks and specifications; (3) developing appropriate student achievement levels for each grade and subject tested; (4) developing standards and procedures for interstate and national comparisons; (5) improving the form and use of NAEP; (6) developing guidelines for reporting and disseminating results; and (7) releasing initial NAEP results to the public.

Standing Committee Meetings

The Governing Board's standing committees will meet to conduct regularly scheduled work planned for this Quarterly Board Meeting and any items undertaken by committees for consideration by the full Governing Board. (Please see committee meeting minutes for previous meetings, available at <https://www.nagb.gov/governing-board/quarterly-board-meetings.html>). Committee meeting agendas will be

¹ U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service. (2017). *Memorandum of Agreement Among the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service for the Purpose of Updating and Maintaining the National Wetland Plant List*.

² U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service. (December 12, 2006). *Memorandum of Agreement Among the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service and the Natural Resources Conservation Service for the Purpose of Transferring Responsibility for Updating and Maintaining the National List of Vascular Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands*.