officials, and other technical experts to inventory resources, identify cause-effect relationships, and develop—and evaluate—alternative plans of action to address resource concerns.

Another public meetings was held in Redbone, Georgia on May 23, 2002. Local operators, landowners, and citizens attended the meeting. The results of surveys, studies, field investigations, and alternative plans of actions were presented. Those attending agreed upon a Recommended Plan, developed by the Planning Team.

From January 2002 to May 2002, representatives of the SWCD, NRCS, EPD, WRD, CES, and other officials evaluated data to determine the quality and quantity of resources that would be impacted by selected practices and to consider possible mitigation measures. It was the consensus of the group that an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) was not needed for this project. This agreement was based on the type of practices and systems planned and that each would be installed on previously disturbed land. With this consensus, and Environmental Assessment (EA) was prepared accordingly.

Upon review of the EA, this Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was prepared. These documents are being distributed to all concerned agencies, groups, and interested individuals. A Notice of Availability of the FONSI is being published in the **Federal Register**.

Agency consolations and public participation to date has shown no conflicts with the implementation of the selected plan.

Conclusion

The Environmental Assessment summarized above indicates that this Federal action will not cause significant adverse local, regional, or national impacts on the environment. Therefore, based on the above findings, I have determined that an environmental impact statement for the recommended Tobosofkee Creek Watershed Plan is not required.

Dated: June 18, 2002.

Leonard Jordan,

State Conservationist. [FR Doc. 02–16413 Filed 7–1–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3410–16–M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Natural Resources Conservation Service

South Logan/Scott Counties Water Supply Project; Logan and Scott Counties, AR

AGENCY: Natural Resources Conservation Service.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; the Council on Environmental Quality Guidelines (40 CFR Part 1500); the Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is being prepared for the creation of a municipal and industrial water supply for the cities of Booneville and Waldron, Arkansas in Logan and Scott Counties, Arkansas.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kalven L. Trice, State Conservationist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Room 3416 Federal Building, 700 West Capitol Avenue, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201, Telephone (501) 301–3100.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The cities of Booneville and Waldron, Arkansas are in need of additional water to ensure an adequate supply of municipal and industrial water due to current and expected growth in the future. Since federal funds will be expened in this study and due to potential public concern, Kalven L. Trice, State Conservationist, has determined that the preparation and review of an environmental impact statement is needed for this project.

Alternatives currently being considered for inclusion in the EIS include the "No Action" alternative; the construction of a flood control/water supply lake located oin the Upper Petit Jean River near Elm Springs, Arkansas; expansion of the existing Boonville and Waldron water supply reservoirs; and pumping water from Blue Mountain Lake, a Corps of Engineers flood control and water supply lake.

A draft environmental impact statement (DEIS) will be prepared and circulated for review by agencies and the public. The Natural Resources Conservation Service invites participation and consultation of agencies and individuals that have special expertise, legal jurisdiction, or interest in the preparation of the draft environmental impact statement. A public scoping meeting will be held to solicit input from the public and to

determine the scope of the environmental impact statement on August 13, 2002 from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m. at the Scott County Courthouse in Waldron, Arkansas.

Submit written comments and suggestions on the proposal, or requests to be placed on the EIS mailing list, to Jim Ellis, Biologist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, Natural Resources Planning Staff, Room 3416, Federal Building, 700 West Capitol Avenue, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201, or email to Jim.Ellis@ar.usda.gov.

(This activity is listed in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance under No. 10.904—Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention—and is subject to the provisions of Executive Order 12372, which requires intergovernmental consultation with State and local officials.)

Dated: June 25, 2002.

David A. Weeks,

Assistant State Conservationist, Natural Resources Planning.

[FR Doc. 02–16577 Filed 7–1–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3210-16-M

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Task Force on Agricultural Air Quality

AGENCY: Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: The Task Force on Agricultural Air Quality will meet to continue discussions on critical air quality issues relating to agriculture. Special emphasis will be placed on obtaining a greater understanding about the relationship between agricultural production and air quality. The meeting is open to the public.

DATES: The meeting will convene Wednesday, July 17, 2002, at 9 a.m., and continue until 4 p.m. The meeting will resume Thursday, July 18, 2002, from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Written material and requests to make oral presentations should reach the Natural Resources Conservation Service, at the address below, on or before July 3, 2002.

ADDRESSES: On both days, July 17–18, the meeting will be held at the Radisson Quad City Plaza at 111 East Second Street, Davenport, Iowa 52801; telephone: (563) 322–2200. Written material and requests to make oral presentations should be sent to Beth Sauerhaft, USDA–NRCS, Post Office Box 2890, Room 6158, Washington, DC 20013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Questions or comments should be directed to Beth Sauerhaft, Designated Federal Official; telephone: (202) 720–8578; fax: (202) 720–2646; e-mail: Beth.Sauerhaft@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice of this meeting is given under the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App. 2. Additional information about the Task Force on Agricultural Air Quality, including any revised agendas for the July 17 and 18, 2002, meeting that occur after this Federal Register Notice is published, may be found on the World Wide Web at

http:\\www.nhq.nrcs.usda.gov/faca/aaqtf.html.

Draft Agenda of the July 17 and 18, 2002, Meeting

A. Welcome to the Quad Cities

1. Local Officials

B. Approve Minutes of the Washington, DC, May 1–2, 2002, AAQTF Meeting

C. EPA Update

- EPA Official
- National Academy of Sciences Scientific Assessment update
- RPO Update—potential impacts to agriculture
 - Title V Update

D. Subcommittee Business

- Research Priorities and Oversight Subcommittee
 - Emissions Factors Subcommittee
- Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation Subcommittee
- Voluntary/Incentive Based Program Subcommittee
 - Follow-up Subcommittee
 - Agricultural Burning Subcommittee
 - Title V Subcommittee
 - Monitoring Subcommittee
 - Implementation Subcommittee

E. New Topics

- Iowa CAFO Study
- Engine Emissions

F. Discussion of Final Report

G. Public Input

(Time will be reserved before lunch and at the close of each daily session to receive public comment. Individual presentations will be limited to 5 minutes).

Procedural

This meeting is open to the public. At the discretion of the Chair, members of the public may give oral presentations during the meeting. Persons wishing to make oral presentations should notify Beth Sauerhaft no later than July 3, 2002. If a person submitting material would like a copy distributed to each member of the committee in advance of the meeting, that person should submit 25 copies to Beth Sauerhaft no later than July 3, 2002.

Information on Services for IndividualsWith Disabilities

For information on facilities or services for individuals with disabilities or to request special assistance at the meeting, contact Beth Sauerhaft.

USDA prohibits discrimination in its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, or disability. Additionally, discrimination on the basis of political beliefs and marital or family status is also prohibited by statutes enforced by USDA. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternate means for communication of program information (braille, large print, audio tape, etc.) should contact the USDA's Target Center at (202) 720-2000 (voice and TDD). The USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Signed in Washington, D.C., on June 27, 2002.

P. Dwight Holman,

Deputy Chief for Management, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

[FR Doc. 02–16634 Filed 7–1–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-16-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security [Docket No. 020621156-2156-01]

National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee Request for Public Comments on the Potential Market Impact of Proposed Stockpile Disposals of Celestite and Quinidine.

AGENCY: Department of Commerce. **ACTION:** Notice of inquiry.

SUMMARY: This notice is to advise the public that the National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee (cochaired by the Departments of Commerce and State) is seeking public comments on the potential market impact of a proposed increase in the disposal levels of Celestite and Quinidine from the National Defense Stockpile under the proposed Fiscal Year 2003 Annual Materials Plan.

DATES: Comments must be received by August 1, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to Richard V. Meyers, Co-Chair, Stockpile Market Impact Committee,

Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, Room 3876, Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; FAX (202) 482–5650; E-Mail: rmeyers@bis.doc.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Richard V. Meyers, Office of Strategic Industries and Economic Security, Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce, (202) 482–3634; or Terri L. Robl, Office of International Energy and Commodity Policy, U.S. Department of State, (202) 647–3423; co-chairs of the National Defense Stockpile Market Impact Committee.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the authority of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act of 1979, as amended, (50 U.S.C. 98 et seg.), the Department of Defense ("DOD"), as National Defense Stockpile Manager, maintains a stockpile of strategic and critical materials to supply the military, industrial, and essential civilian needs of the United States for national defense. Section 3314 of the Fiscal Year ("FY") 1993 National Defense Authorization Act ("NDAA") (50 U.S.C. 98h-1) formally established a Market Impact Committee ("Committee") to "advise the National Defense Stockpile" Manager on the projected domestic and foreign economic effects of all acquisitions and disposals of materials from the stockpile * * * " The Committee must also balance market impact concerns with the statutory requirement to protect the Government against avoidable loss.

The Committee is comprised of representatives from the Departments of Commerce, State, Agriculture, Defense, Energy, Interior, Treasury, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and is co-chaired by the Departments of Commerce and State. The FY 1993 NDAA directs the Committee to "consult from time to time with representatives of producers, processors and consumers of the types of materials stored in the stockpile."

The National Defense Stockpile Administrator has proposed revising the proposed FY 2003 Annual Materials Plan ("AMP") to increase the disposal quantity levels of Celestite, from 3,600 ST to 12,794 ST, and Quinidine, from 750,000 Av. Oz. to 2,211,122 Av. Oz. These increased quantity levels are equivalent to the remaining stockpile inventory of these materials. Because these materials have limited commercial value, making the remaining stockpile inventory of these materials available for disposal during FY 2003 will