TABLE—2002 ADVERSE EFFECT WAGE RATES (AEWRS)—Continued

State	2002 AEWR
Mississippi	6.77
Missouri	8.33
Montana	7.43
Nebraska	8.24
Nevada	7.62
New Hampshire	7.94
New Jersey	7.46
New Mexico	7.12
New York	7.94
North Carolina	7.53
North Dakota	8.24
Ohio	8.38
Oklahoma	7.28
Oregon	8.60
Pennsylvania	7.46
Rhode Island	7.94
South Carolina	7.28
South Dakota	8.24
Tennessee	7.07
Texas	7.28
Utah	7.62
Vermont	7.94
Virginia	7.53
Washington	8.60
West Virginia	7.07
Wisconsin	8.57
Wyoming	7.43

B. Allowable Meal Charges

Among the minimum benefits and working conditions which DOL requires employers to offer their alien and U.S. workers in their applications for temporary logging and H–2A agricultural labor certification is the provision of three meals per day or free and convenient cooking and kitchen facilities. 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4) and 655.202(b)(4). Where the employer provides meals, the job offer must state the charge, if any, to the worker for meals.

DOL has published at 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4) and 655.111(a) the methodology for determining the maximum amounts covered H–2A agricultural employers may charge their U.S. and foreign workers for meals. The same methodology is applied at 20 CFR 655.202(b)(4) and 655.211(a) to covered H–2 logging employers. These rules provide for annual adjustments of the previous year's allowable charges based upon Consumer Price Index (CPI) data.

Each year the maximum charges allowed by 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4) and 655.202(b)(4) are changed by the same percentage as the twelve-month percent change in the CPI for all Urban Consumers for Food (CPI–U for Food) between December of the year just past and December of the year prior to that. Those regulations and 20 CFR 655.111(a) and 655.211(a) provide that the appropriate Regional Administrator (RA), Employment and Training

Administration, may permit an employer to charge workers no more than a higher maximum amount for providing them with three meals a day, if justified and sufficiently documented. Each year, the higher maximum amounts permitted by 20 CFR 655.111(a) and 655.211(a) are changed by the same percentage as the twelvemonth percent change in the CPI-U for Food between December of the year just past and December of the year prior to that. The regulations require the Administrator, Office of Workforce Security, to make the annual adjustments and to cause a notice to be published in the Federal Register each calendar year, announcing annual adjustments in allowable charges that may be made by covered agricultural and logging employers for providing three meals daily to their U.S. and alien workers. The 2001 rates were published in a notice on August 2, 2001 at 66 FR 40298.

DOL has determined the percentage change between December of 2000 and December of 2001 for the CPI–U for Food was 3.2 percent.

Accordingly, the maximum allowable charges under 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4), 655.202(b)(4), 655.111, and 655.211 were adjusted using this percentage change, and the new permissible charges for 2002 are as follows: (1) For 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4) and 655.202(b)(4), the charge, if any, shall be no more than \$8.44 per day, unless the RA has approved a higher charge pursuant to 20 CFR 655.111 or 655.211(b); for 20 CFR 655.111 and 655.211, the RA may permit an employer to charge workers up to \$10.45 per day for providing them with three meals per day, if the employer justifies the charge and submits to the RA the documentation required to support the higher charge.

C. Maximum Travel Subsistence Expense

The regulations at 20 CFR 655.102(b)(5) establish that the minimum daily subsistence expense related to travel expenses, for which a worker is entitled to reimbursement, is the employer's daily charge for three meals or, if the employer makes no charge, the amount permitted under 20 CFR 655.104(b)(4). The regulation is silent about the maximum amount to which a qualifying worker is entitled.

The Department, in Field Memorandum 42–94, established that the maximum is the meals component of the standard CONUS (continental United States) per diem rate established by the General Services Administration (GSA) and published at 41 CFR Ch. 301. The CONUS meal component is now \$30.00 per day.

Workers who qualify for travel reimbursement are entitled to reimbursement up to the CONUS meal rate for related subsistence when they provide receipts. In determining the appropriate amount of subsistence reimbursement, the employer may use the GSA system under which a traveler qualifies for meal expense reimbursement per quarter of a day. Thus, a worker whose travel occurred during two quarters of a day is entitled, with receipts, to a maximum reimbursement of \$15.00.

If a worker has no receipts, the employer is not obligated to reimburse above the minimum stated at 20 CFR 655.102(b)(4) as specified above.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 14th day of May, 2002.

Grace A. Kilbane,

Administrator, Office of Workforce Security. [FR Doc. 02–12376 Filed 5–16–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment And Training Administration

Wagner-Peyser Act Final Planning Allotments for Program Year (PY) 2002

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the final planning allotments for Program Year (PY) 2002 (July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003) for basic labor exchange activities provided under the Wagner-Peyser Act.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In

Timothy S. Felegie, Office of Workforce Security, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Room S–4231, Washington, DC 20210. Telephone: (202) 693–2934 (this is not a toll-free number).

accordance with section 6(b)(5) of the Wagner-Peyser Act, 29 U.S.C. 49e(b)(5), the Employment and Training Administration is publishing final planning allotments for each State for Program Year (PY) 2002 (July 1, 2002, through June 30, 2003). Preliminary planning estimates were provided to each State on March 8, 2002. The Secretary of Labor distributes funds in accordance with formula criteria established in section 6(a) and (b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act. The Secretary uses Civilian labor force (CLF) and

unemployment data for Calendar Year

2001 to make the formula calculations.

The total amount of funds currently available for distribution is \$761,735,000. The Secretary may set aside up to three percent (3%) of the total available funds to assure that each State will have sufficient resources to maintain statewide employment services, as required by section 6(b)(4) of the Act, 29 U.S.C. 49e(b)(4). In accordance with this provision, the Secretary has set aside \$22,372,050 for administrative formula allocation. These funds are included in the total planning allotment. The Secretary distributes the funds that are set aside in two steps to States that have lost in relative share of resources from the prior year. In Step One, States that have a CLF below one million and are below the median CLF density are maintained at 100 percent of their relative share of prior year resources.

The Secretary distributes the remainder in Step Two to all other States losing their relative share from the prior year, but which do not meet the size and density criteria for Step One. Postage costs incurred by States during the conduct of employment service (ES) activities are billed directly to the Department of Labor by the U.S. Postal Service. The total final planning allotment reflects \$16,000,000, or 2.1 percent of the total amount available, withheld from distribution to finance postage costs associated with the conduct of ES business. Under section 7(b) of the Act, 29 U.S.C 49f(b), ten percent of the total sums allotted to each State shall be reserved for use by the Governor to provide performance

incentives for public ES offices and programs; services for groups with special needs; and for the extra costs of exemplary models for delivering job services.

Differences between preliminary planning estimates and final planning allotments are caused by the use of Calendar Year 2001 data as opposed to the earlier data (12 months ending September 2001) used for preliminary planning estimates.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 8th day of May, 2002.

Emily Stover DeRocco,

Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training.

Appendix

BILLING CODE 4510-30-P

Employment and Training Administration Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser) Final PY 2002 Allotments to States

	Basic	c 3% Distribution Total				
State			Step 2**		Allotment	
State	Formula	Step 1*	Step 2 * *	Total	ATTOCMENT	
3.1 a.h a.m	410 546 000	* .	** ** 0.40	****	*** * ***	
Alabama Alaska	\$10,746,239 7,076,435	\$0 1,030,060	\$145,242 0	\$145,242	\$10,891,481	
Arizona	11,580,322	1,030,060	46,023	1,030,060 46,023	8,106,495 11,626,345	
Arkansas	6,053,987	0	201,864	201,864	6,255,851	
California	86,962,894	0	1,537,408	1,537,408	88,500,302	
Colorado	10,253,400	o	48,456	48,456	10,301,856	
Connecticut	7,424,734	o	607,272	607,272	8,032,006	
Delaware	2,020,326	o	62,642	62,642	2,082,968	
District of Columbia	2,960,932	0	294,010	294,010	3,254,942	
Florida	36,932,996	0	0	0	36,932,996	
Georgia	18,848,169	0	593,664	593,664	19,441,833	
Hawaii	2,891,240	0	224,643	224,643	3,115,883	
Idaho	5,895,930	858,223	0	858,223	6,754,153	
Illinois	31,918,188	0	54,571	54,571	31,972,759	
Indiana Iowa	14,560,124	0	0	0	14,560,124	
Kansas	6,892,164	0	60,535	60,535	6,952,699	
Kentucky	6,432,428 9,949,880	0	163,254	163,254	6,595,682 9,949,880	
Louisiana	10,699,875	0	256,559	256,559	10,956,434	
Maine	3,506,254	510,377	0	510,377	4,016,631	
Maryland	13,019,000	0	467,099	467,099	13,486,099	
Massachusetts	14,623,307	0	478,464	478,464	15,101,771	
Michigan	25,855,187	0	0	0	25,855,187	
Minnesota	12,556,225	0	0	0	12,556,225	
Mississippi	6,569,999	О	504,190	504,190	7,074,189	
Missouri	14,247,515	0	0	0	14,247,515	
Montana	4,818,185	701,344	0	701,344	5,519,529	
Nebraska	5,790,511	842,878	0	842,878	6,633,389	
Nevada	5,129,043	0	161,344	161,344	5,290,387	
New Hampshire New Jersey	3,035,822	0	1 214 115	1 214 175	3,035,822	
New Mexico	19,350,357 5,406,850	787,032	1,214,115	1,214,115 787,032	20,564,472 6,193,882	
New York	42,828,509	787,032	3,034,927	3,034,927	45,863,436	
North Carolina	20,275,400	ő	3,034,327	3,034,327	20,275,400	
North Dakota	4,906,354	714,178	0	714,178	5,620,532	
Ohio	27,290,279	0	692,922	692,922	27,983,201	
Oklahoma	7,494,537	0	430,517	430,517	7,925,054	
Oregon	9,586,808	0	0	0	9,586,808	
Pennsylvania	29,172,592	0	650,027	650,027	29,822,619	
Puerto Rico	9,099,534	0	838,766	838,766	9,938,300	
Rhode Island	2,417,187	0	120,684	120,684	2,537,871	
South Carolina	9,821,032	0	0	0	9,821,032	
South Dakota Tennessee	4,534,598	660,065	0 7 000	660,065	5,194,663	
Texas	13,297,360	0	287,922	287,922	13,585,282	
Utah	50,698,155 8,917,588	١	546,595 885,485	546,595 885,485	51,244,750 9,803,073	
Vermont	2,124,265	309,212	003,405	309,212	2,433,477	
Virginia	16,111,056	0	0	0	16,111,056	
Washington	16,059,602	0	81,861	81,861	16,141,463	
West Virginia	5,190,295	755,510	0	755,510	5,945,805	
Wisconsin	14,193,276	0	0	0	14,193,276	
Wyoming	3,518,162	512,110	0	512,110	4,030,272	
FORMULA TOTAL	721,545,107	7,680,989	14,691,061	22,372,050	743,917,157	
Guam	348,947	0	0	0	348,947	
Virgin Islands	1,468,896	0	0	0	1,468,896	
Indicia Postage	16,000,000	0	0	0	16,000,000	
NATIONAL TOTAL	739,362,950	7,680,989	14,691,061	22,372,050	761,735,000	

^{*}Funds are allocated to the 11 States whose relative share decreased from PY 2001 to the PY 2002 basic formula amount and which have a Civilian Labor Force (CLF) below one million and are below the median CLF density. These States are held harmless at 100% of their PY 2001 relative share.

their PY 2001 relative share.

** The balance of the 3% funds are distributed to the remaining 29 States losing in relative share from PY 2001 to their PY 2002 total allotment amount.

U. S. Department of Labor Employment and Training Administration

Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser)

PY 2001 Final vs PY 2002 Final Allotments

	Final F	inal		
		PY		
	PY 2001 20	002	Difference	% Change
Total	\$761,735,000	\$761,735,000	\$0	0.009
Alabama	10,959,154	10,891,481	-67,673	-0.629
Alaska Arizona	8,106,495	8,106,495	0	0.00
Arkansas	11,647,788	11,626,345	-21,443	-0.18
California	6,349,907	6,255,851	-94,056	-1.48
Colorado	89,216,633 10,324,433	88,500,302 10,301,856	-716,331	-0.809
Connecticut	8,314,954	8,032,006	-22,577 -282,948	-0.229 -3.409
Delaware	2,082,968	2,082,968	0	0.009
District of Columbia	3,391,931	3,254,942	-136,989	-4.049
Florida	35,254,594	36,932,996	1,678,402	4.76
Georgia	19,718,441	19,441,833	-276,608	-1.409
Hawaii	3,220,552	3,115,883	-104,669	-3.25
Idaho	6,754,153	6,754,153	0	0.009
Illinois	31,998,185	31,972,759	-25,426	-0.089
Indiana	14,316,804	14,560,124	243,320	1.709
Iowa	6,980,905	6,952,699	-28,206	-0.409
Kansas	6,671,747	6,595,682	-76,065	-1.14
Kentucky	9,820,530	9,949,880	129,350	1.329
Louisiana	11,075,973	10,956,434	-119,539	-1.089
Maine	4,016,631	4,016,631	0	0.009
Maryland	13,703,736	13,486,099	-217,637	-1.599
Massachusetts	15,324,703	15,101,771	-222,932	-1.459
Michigan	24,357,510	25,855,187	1,497,677	6.159
Minnesota	12,471,659	12,556,225	84,566	0.689
Mississippi Missouri	7,309,108	7,074,189	-234,919	-3.219
Montana	13,680,091	14,247,515	567,424	4.15%
Nebraska	5,519,529	5,519,529	0	0.009
Nevada	6,633,389	6,633,389	0	0.009
New Hampshire	5,365,563 2,993,664	5,290,387 3,035,822	-75,176 42,158	-1.409
New Jersey	21,130,170	20,564,472	-565,698	1.419
New Mexico	6,193,882	6,193,882	0	~2.689 0.009
New York	47,277,511	45,863,436	-1,414,075	-2.999
North Carolina	18,608,828	20,275,400	1,666,572	8.969
North Dakota	5,620,532	5,620,532	0	0.009
Ohio	28,306,057	27,983,201	-322,856	-1.149
Oklahoma	8,125,646	7,925,054	-200,592	-2.479
Oregon	9,557,836	9,586,808	28,972	0.30%
Pennsylvania	30,125,489	29,822,619	-302,870	-1.019
Puerto Rico	10,329,110	9,938,300	-390,810	-3.78
Rhode Island	2,594,102	2,537,871	-56,231	-2.178
South Carolina	9,751,496	9,821,032	69,536	0.71%
South Dakota	5,194,663	5,194,663	0	0.00%
Tennessee	13,719,435	13,585,282	-134,153	-0.989
Texas	51,499,427	51,244,750	-254,677	-0.49%
Utah Vermont	10,215,650	9,803,073	-412,577	-4.049
vermont Virginia	2,433,477	2,433,477	0	0.00%
Washington	15,820,479	16,111,056	290,577	1.84%
wasnington West Virginia	16,179,605	16,141,463	-38,142	-0.24%
Wisconsin	5,945,805	5,945,805	0	0.00%
Wyoming	13,675,955	14,193,276	517,321	3.78%
State Total	4,030,272	4,030,272	0	0.00%
Guam	743,917,157	743,917,157	0	0.009
Virgin Islands	348,947 1,468,896	348,947	0	0.00%
Postage	16,000,000	1,468,896 16,000,000	0 0	0.00% 0.00%

[FR Doc. 02–12417 Filed 5–16–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–C

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-5868]

Alcoa Wheel Products, Alcoa Wheel and Forged Products, Lebanon, VA; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called (NAFTA–TAA), and in accordance with section 250(a), subchapter D, chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2273), an investigation was initiated on February 13, 2002, in response to a petition filed by the United Steelworkers of America (Local 1305), on behalf of workers at Alcoa Wheel Products, Alcoa Wheel and Forged Products, Lebanon, Virginia.

The petitioners requested that the petition for NAFTA-TAA be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, DC this 17th day of April, 2002.

Linda G. Poole.

Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 02–12398 Filed 5–16–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

Petitions for transitional adjustment assistance under the North American Free Trade Agreement-Transitional Adjustment Assistance Implementation Act (Pub. L. 103-182), hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA), have been filed with State Governors under Section 250(b)(1) of Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, are identified in the Appendix to this Notice. Upon notice from a Governor that a NAFTA-TAA petition has been received, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance (DTAA), **Employment and Training** Administration (ETA), Department of Labor (DOL), announces the filing of the petition and takes action pursuant to

paragraphs (c) and (e) of Section 250 of the Trade Act.

The purpose of the Governor's actions and the Labor Department's investigations are to determine whether the workers separated from employment on or after December 8, 1993 (date of enactment of Pub. L. 103–182) are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Subchapter D of the Trade Act because of increased imports from or the shift in production to Mexico or Canada.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing with the Director of DTAA at the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) in Washington, DC provided such request if filed in writing with the Director of DTAA not later than May 28, 2002.

Also, interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the subject matter of the petitions to the Director of DTAA at the address shown below not later than May 28, 2002.

Petitions filed with the Governors are available for inspection at the Office of the Director, DTAA, ETA, DOL, Room C–5311, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Signed at Washington, DC this 29th day of April 2002.

Edward A. Tomchick,

 $\label{eq:def:Director} \textit{Director, Division of Trade Adjustment } \textit{Assistance}.$

APPENDIX

			T	
Subject firm	Location	Date Re- ceived at governor's office	Petition No.	Articles produced
Biljo, Inc. (Co.) Pacific Crest Lumber (Co.) Mount Vernon Mills (Co.) Harris Welco—J.W. Harris (Co.) Bombardier Aerospace (Wkrs.) International Truck and Engine (UAW) Warnaco (Co.) Spiegel Group TeleServices (SGTS) (Wkrs.) Modine Manufacturing (Wkrs.) Peck Manufacturing (Co.) GretagMacBeth (Wkrs.) Newell Manufacturing (UAW/C) International Paper (IBEW) Ivaco Steel Processing (USWA) Crossroad Knitting (Co.) Wellman, Inc. (Co.) B.F. Goodrich (IAM) Signal Transformer (Co.) Texf Industries (Co.) Benchmark (Wkrs.) American Fast Print Limited (Wkrs.)	Dublin, GA		NAFTA-6,099 NAFTA-6,100 NAFTA-6,101 NAFTA-6,102 NAFTA-6,103 NAFTA-6,105 NAFTA-6,106 NAFTA-6,106 NAFTA-6,107 NAFTA-6,109 NAFTA-6,110 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,115 NAFTA-6,115 NAFTA-6,116 NAFTA-6,117 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111 NAFTA-6,111	Men's and boy's slacks. Wood. Yarn. Plastic lens. Engineering and assemblies. Trucks and trucks chassis. Jeanswear. Call center. Motor vehicle radiators. Cotton yarn. Software testing. Metal stampings. Linerboard and medium. Steel rod. Socks. Polyester filament (yarn). Seals, rubber good and expansion joints. Power transformers. Apparel fabric. Ceramic thermal couple sleeve. Textiles.
Aerus LLC—Electronlux (Wkrs.)	Bristol, VA	04/08/2002	NAFTA-6,120	Floor care products.
Acorn Products (Wkrs.)	Lewiston, ME	04/17/2002	NAFTA-6,121	Slippers, socks, footwear.
Stream International—Solectron (Co.)	Dallas, TX	04/12/2002	NAFTA-6,122	Technical services for computer mfg.
Starkey Labs (Wkrs.)	Glencoe, MN	04/16/2002	NAFTA-6,123	Hearing aids.
National Service Industries—Holophane	Springfield, OH	03/28/2002	NAFTA-6,124	Foundries aluminum.
(Wkrs.).	' ' '		·	