cannot be compared to physician responses and that this comparison is not relevant to the regulation of DTC advertisements. Indeed, the primary reason for conducting the study with physicians is to explore their processing of the prescribing information (PI), wholly separate from the consumer study. Nevertheless, since we have the two samples, we are conducting some exploratory analyses to compare the responses of consumers to information about a drug to the physicians understanding of the drug. While this does have relevance to the regulation of DTC advertising (e.g., a DTC ad that features a presentation of information that brings consumers closer to the assessment of the physician will be preferred over that same ad with a presentation of information that moves them farther away), we are approaching this comparison as a first, exploratory attempt at this type of analysis.

Dated: December 20, 2010.

## Leslie Kux,

Acting Assistant Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 2010–32278 Filed 12–22–10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

## Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2010-N-0074]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Announcement of Office of Management and Budget Approval; Registration and Product Listing for Owners and Operators of Domestic Tobacco Product Establishments and Listing of Ingredients in Tobacco Products

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

### ACTION: Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that a collection of information entitled "Registration and Product Listing for Owners and Operators of Domestic Tobacco Product Establishments and Listing of Ingredients in Tobacco Products" has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jonna Capezzuto, Office of Information Management, Food and Drug Administration, 1350 Piccard Dr., PI50– 400B, Rockville, MD 20850, 301–796– 3794, e-mail:

Jonnalynn.Capezzuto@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Federal Register of May 7, 2010 (75 FR 25267), the Agency announced that the proposed information collection had been submitted to OMB for review and clearance under 44 U.S.C. 3507. An Agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. OMB has now approved the information collection and has assigned OMB control number 0910–0650. The approval expires on December 31, 2012. A copy of the supporting statement for this information collection is available on the Internet at http:// www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.

Dated: December 17, 2010.

#### Leslie Kux,

Acting Assistant Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. 2010–32277 Filed 12–22–10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–P

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

### Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2010-N-0631]

### Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Guidance for Industry on Updating Labeling for Susceptibility Test Information in Systemic Antibacterial Drug Products and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing Devices

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

# ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the Agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), Federal Agencies are required to publish notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on FDA's "Guidance for Industry on Updating Labeling for Susceptibility Test Information in Systemic Antibacterial Drug Products and Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing Devices." The guidance describes procedures and responsibilities for updating information on susceptibility test interpretive criteria, susceptibility test methods, and quality control

parameters in the labeling for systemic antibacterial drug products for human use, and also describes procedures for making corresponding changes to susceptibility test interpretive criteria for antimicrobial susceptibility testing (AST) devices.

DATES: Submit either electronic or written comments on the collection of information by February 22, 2011. ADDRESSES: Submit electronic comments on the collection of information to http:// www.regulations.gov. Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. All comments should be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the

heading of this document. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Elizabeth Berbakos, Office of Information Management, Food and Drug Administration, 1350 Piccard Dr., P150–400B, Rockville, MD 20850, 301– 796–3792, Elizabeth.Berbakos@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal Agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes Agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal Agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the Federal Register concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth below in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on these topics: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4)