

TABLE THREE

Vessel	Number	Masthead lights arc of visibility; rule 21(a)	Side lights arc of visibility; rule 21(b)	Stern light arc of visibility; rule 21(c)	Side lights distance in-board of ship's sides in meters 3(b) Annex 1	Stern light, distance forward of stern in meters; rule 21(c)	Forward anchor light, height above hull in meters; 2(k) Annex 1	Anchor lights relationship of aft light to forward light in meters 2(k) Annex 1
USS SAN DIEGO ..	LPD 22	1.88 below.

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TABLE FOUR

Vessel	Number	Angle in degrees of task lights off vertical as viewed from directly ahead or astern
USS SAN DIEGO	LPD 22	10

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TABLE FIVE

Vessel	Number	Masthead lights not over all other lights and obstructions. Annex I, sec. 2(f)	Forward mast-head light not in forward quarter of ship. Annex I, sec. 3(a)	After masthead light less than 1/2 ship's length aft of forward masthead light. Annex I, sec. 3(a)	Percentage horizontal separation attained
USS SAN DIEGO	LPD	22	X	71

Approved: May 18, 2011.
M. Robb Hyde
Commander, JAGC, U.S. Navy, Deputy Assistant Judge Advocate General (Admiralty and Maritime Law).
 Dated: May 19, 2011.
D.J. Werner,
Lieutenant Commander, Judge Advocate General's Corps, U.S. Navy, Federal Register Liaison Officer.
 [FR Doc. 2011-12934 Filed 6-6-11; 8:45 am]
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FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
47 CFR Part 1
[DA 11-668]
Cable Landing Licenses; Correction
AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.
ACTION: Correcting amendment.
SUMMARY: This document contains a corrected mailing address for the Defense Information Systems Agency in the regulations that we published in the **Federal Register** of January 14, 2002, 67 FR 1615.
DATES: Effective June 7, 2011.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Adrienne Downs at (202) 418-0412 or

JoAnn Sutton at (202) 418-1372 of the International Bureau, Policy Division.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Background
 The final regulation that is the subject of this correction superseded § 1.767(j) on the mailing address for the Defense Information Systems Agency and affects applicants requesting streamlined processing of cable landing license applications.
Need for Correction
 As published, the final regulation contains an incorrect address for the Defense Information Systems Agency to which applicants seeking to use the streamlined grant procedure specified in paragraph (i) of § 1.767, must send a complete copy of their application, or

any major amendments or other material filings regarding the application to, among others, the Defense Information Systems Agency.

List of Subjects in 47 CFR Part 1

Administrative practice and procedure.

Federal Communications Commission.

Sarah Van Valzah,

Assistant Bureau Chief, International Bureau.

Accordingly, 47 CFR part 1 is corrected by making the following correcting amendments:

PART 1—PRACTICE AND PROCEDURES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 79 *et seq.*; 47 U.S.C. 151, 154(i), 154(j), 155, 157, 225, 303(r), and 309.

■ 2. Section 1.767 is amended by revising paragraph (j) to read as follows:

§ 1.767 Cable landing licenses.

* * * * *

(j) *Applications for streamlining.* Each applicant seeking to use the streamlined grant procedure specified in paragraph (i) of this section shall request streamlined processing in its application. Applications for streamlined processing shall include the information and certifications required by paragraph (k) of this section. On the date of filing with the Commission, the applicant shall also send a complete copy of the application, or any major amendments or other material filings regarding the application, to: U.S. Coordinator, EB/CIP, U.S. Department of State, 2201 C Street, NW., Washington, DC 20520-5818; Office of Chief Counsel/NTIA, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th St. and Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20230; and Defense Information Systems Agency, ATTN: GC/DO1, 6910 Cooper Avenue, Fort Meade, MD 20755-7088, and shall certify such service on a service list

attached to the application or other filing.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

49 CFR Parts 171 and 177

[Docket No. PHMSA-2005-22987 (HM-238)]

RIN 2137-AE06

Hazardous Materials: Requirements for Storage of Explosives During Transportation

AGENCY: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this final rule, PHMSA, in coordination with the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA), is approving the use of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 498—*Standard for Safe Havens and Interchange Lots for Vehicles Transporting Explosives* (2010 Edition) for the construction and maintenance of safe havens used for unattended storage of Division 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 explosives.

DATES: *Effective Date:* July 7, 2011.

Voluntary Compliance Date: Compliance with the requirements adopted herein is authorized as of June 7, 2011. However, persons voluntarily complying with these regulations should be aware that appeals may be received and as a result of PHMSA's evaluation of these appeals, the amendments adopted in this final rule may be revised accordingly.

Incorporation by reference date: The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in this rule is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of July 7, 2011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ben Supko or Steven Andrews, Standards and Rulemaking Division, (202) 366-8553, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC 20590-0001.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Current Federal Requirements Applicable to Explosives Stored During Transportation

A. Hazardous Materials Regulations (HMR; 49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Transportation includes the storage of materials “incident to the [i] movement.” (49 U.S.C. 5102(13)). The HMR require hazardous materials stored incidental to movement to meet all applicable requirements for packaging, hazard communication (including shipping papers and emergency response information), and handling that apply when shipments are actually moving in transportation. The HMR include specific carrier requirements for transportation of hazardous materials by rail, air, vessel, and highway, including requirements for loading and unloading, blocking and bracing, stowage, segregation, and compatibility (49 CFR parts 174, 175, 176, and 177, respectively).

Explosive (Class 1) materials are among the most stringently regulated hazardous materials under the HMR. The HMR define a Class 1 material as any substance or article that is designed to function by explosion—that is, an extremely rapid release of gas or heat—or one that, by chemical reaction within itself, functions in a similar manner even if not designed to do so (49 CFR 173.50(a)). Class 1 materials are assigned to six divisions depending on the degree and nature of the explosive hazard, as shown in the following table (49 CFR 173.50(b)).

Division	Hazard	Description of hazard	Examples
1.1	Mass explosion hazard	Instantaneous explosion of virtually the entire package or shipment.	grenades, mines, and nitroglycerin.
1.2	Projection hazard without a mass explosion hazard.	Fragments projected outward at some distance.	rockets and warheads.
1.3	Fire hazard and either a minor projection hazard or minor blast hazard or both but not a mass explosion hazard.	Fire and possible projection of fragments outward at some distance.	projectiles, signal smoke, and tracers for ammunition.
1.4	Minor explosion hazard	Explosion largely confined to the package and no projection of fragments of any appreciable size or range is expected.	ammunition, airbags, and model rocket motors.
1.5	Very insensitive explosive	Mass explosion hazard, but low probability of initiation or detonation while in transportation.	blasting agents and ammonia-nitrate fuel oil mixture.