Regional Programs Coordination Unit Office, as they become available, both before and after the meeting. Records of the meetings will be available via *www.facadatabase.gov* under the Commission on Civil Rights, Texas Advisory Committee link. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission's website, *http://www.usccr.gov*, or may contact the Regional Programs Coordination Unit at *atrevino@ usccr.gov*.

#### Agenda

I. Welcome & Roll Call II. Approval of Minutes III. Committee Discussion IV. Public Comment

V. Adjournment

Dated: April 24, 2025.

#### David Mussatt,

Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit. [FR Doc. 2025–07390 Filed 4–29–25; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6335–01–P

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XE708]

#### Endangered Species; File No. 27918

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice; receipt of application.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given that Kristen Hart, Ph.D., U.S. Geological Survey, Wetlands and Aquatic Research Center, 3321 College Avenue, Davie, FL 33314, has applied in due form for a permit to take green (*Chelonia mydas*), Kemp's ridley (*Lepidochelys kempii*), loggerhead (*Caretta caretta*), and hawksbill (*Eretmochelys imbricata*) sea turtles for purposes of scientific research.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before May 30, 2025. ADDRESSES: The application and related documents are available for review by selecting "Records Open for Public Comment" from the "Features" box on the Applications and Permits for Protected Species home page, https:// apps.nmfs.noaa.gov, and then selecting File No. 27918 from the list of available applications. These documents are also available upon written request via email to NMFS.Pr1Comments@noaa.gov.

Written comments on this application should be submitted via email to NMFS.Pr1Comments@noaa.gov. Please include File No. 27918 in the subject line of the email comment.

Those individuals requesting a public hearing should submit a written request via email to *NMFS.Pr1Comments@ noaa.gov.* The request should set forth the specific reasons why a hearing on this application would be appropriate.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Amy Hapeman or Erin Markin, Ph.D., (301) 427–8401.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The subject permit is requested under the authority of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and the regulations governing the taking, importing, and exporting of endangered and threatened species (50 CFR parts 222–226).

The applicant proposes to determine sea turtle habitat use, movement, and behavioral patterns in study sites across the northern Gulf of America, Atlantic Ocean, and U.S. Virgin Islands. Researchers would capture sea turtles by hand, dip net, strike net, tangle net, cast net, or trawl and perform the following procedures prior to release: epibiota removal; instrument attachment (drill carapace or epoxy); gastric lavage; temporary carapace marking; flipper and passive integrated transponder tagging; measurements; photographs; biological sampling (blood, fecal, tissue, and swabs); tracking; and weighing. Some animals may receive up to 3 transmitter attachments at a time; such gear may be removed from animals during opportunistic recaptures. In addition, in lieu of directed captures, researchers may perform these methods on animals legally caught during relocation trawling efforts. See the application's take table for take numbers by species. The permit would be valid for 10 years.

Dated: April 25, 2025.

#### Julia M. Harrison,

Chief, Permits and Conservation Division, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service.

 $[FR \ Doc. \ 2025-07461 \ Filed \ 4-29-25; \ 8:45 \ am]$ 

BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648-XE843]

Taking and Importing Marine Mammals; Taking Marine Mammals Incidental to Geophysical Surveys Related to Oil and Gas Activities in the Gulf of America (formerly Gulf of Mexico)

**AGENCY:** National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of modification to expiration date of letter of authorization.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA), as amended, its implementing regulations, and NMFS' MMPA regulations for taking marine mammals incidental to geophysical surveys related to oil and gas activities in the Gulf of America, originally published as "Taking Marine Mammals Incidental to Geophysical Surveys Related to Oil and Gas Activities in the Gulf of Mexico.' notification is hereby given that NMFS has modified the expiration date of a Letter of Authorization (LOA) issued to WesternGeco for the taking of marine mammals incidental to geophysical survey activity in the Gulf of America (GOA).

**DATES:** This LOA is effective through June 30, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** The LOA, LOA request, and supporting documentation are available online at: *https://* 

www.fisheries.noaa.gov/marinemammal-protection/issued-lettersauthorization-oil-and-gas-industrygeophysical-survey. In case of problems accessing these documents, please call the contact listed below (FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jenna Harlacher, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, (301) 427–8401.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# Background

Sections 101(a)(5)(A) and (D) of the MMPA (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*) direct the Secretary of Commerce to allow, upon request, the incidental, but not intentional, taking of small numbers of marine mammals by U.S. citizens who engage in a specified activity (other than commercial fishing) within a specified geographical region if certain findings are made and either regulations are issued or, if the taking is limited to harassment, a notice of a proposed authorization is provided to the public for review.

An authorization for incidental takings shall be granted if NMFS finds that the taking will have a negligible impact on the species or stock(s), will not have an unmitigable adverse impact on the availability of the species or stock(s) for subsistence uses (where relevant), and if the permissible methods of taking and requirements pertaining to the mitigation, monitoring and reporting of such takings are set forth. NMFS has defined "negligible impact" in 50 CFR 216.103 as an impact resulting from the specified activity that cannot be reasonably expected to, and is not reasonably likely to, adversely affect the species or stock through effects on annual rates of recruitment or survival.

Except with respect to certain activities not pertinent here, the MMPA defines "harassment" as: any act of pursuit, torment, or annoyance which: (i) has the potential to injure a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild (Level A harassment); or (ii) has the potential to disturb a marine mammal or marine mammal stock in the wild by causing disruption of behavioral patterns, including, but not limited to, migration, breathing, nursing, breeding, feeding, or sheltering (Level B harassment).

On January 19, 2021, we issued a final rule with regulations to govern the unintentional taking of marine mammals incidental to geophysical survey activities conducted by oil and gas industry operators, and those persons authorized to conduct activities on their behalf (collectively "industry operators"), in U.S. waters of the GOA<sup>1</sup> over the course of 5 years (86 FR 5322, January 19, 2021). The rule was based on our findings that the total taking from the specified activities over the 5year period will have a negligible impact on the affected species or stock(s) of marine mammals and will not have an unmitigable adverse impact on the availability of those species or stocks for subsistence uses. The rule became effective on April 19, 2021.

The regulations at 50 CFR 217.180 *et* seq. allow for the issuance of LOAs to industry operators for the incidental take of marine mammals during geophysical survey activities and prescribe the permissible methods of taking and other means of effecting the least practicable adverse impact (LPAI) on marine mammal species or stocks and their habitat (often referred to as mitigation), as well as requirements pertaining to the monitoring and reporting of such taking. Under 50 CFR 217.186(e), issuance of an LOA shall be based on a determination that the level of taking will be consistent with the findings made for the total taking allowable under these regulations and a determination that the amount of take authorized under the LOA is of no more than small numbers.

NMFS subsequently discovered that the 2021 rule was based on erroneous take estimates. We conducted another rulemaking using correct take estimates and other newly available and pertinent information relevant to the analyses supporting some of the findings in the 2021 final rule and the taking allowable under the regulations. We issued a final rule in April 2024, effective May 24, 2024 (89 FR 31488, April 24, 2024).

The 2024 final rule made no changes to the specified activities or the specified geographical region in which those activities would be conducted, nor to the original 5-year period of effectiveness. In consideration of the new information, the 2024 rule presented new analyses supporting affirmance of the negligible impact determinations for all species, and affirmed that the existing regulations, which contain mitigation, monitoring, and reporting requirements, are consistent with the LPAI standard of the MMPA.

NMFS issued a LOA to WesternGeco on March 28, 2024, for the take of marine mammals incidental to a threedimensional (3D) ocean bottom node (OBN) survey over Walker Ridge and Green Canyon areas, effective May 1, 2024, through April 30, 2025. Please see the **Federal Register** notice of issuance (89 FR 23981, April 5, 2024) for additional detail regarding the LOA and the survey activity.

WesternGeco has requested that the April 30, 2025, expiration date be extended to June 30, 2025, due to weather delays causing changes in survey timing. Since we issued the LOA to WesternGeco, we have updated the final rule to include corrected take estimates and new information as discussed above: therefore, we have updated the authorized take numbers accordingly based on this new information. There are no other changes to the planned survey, as described in the previous notice of issuance (89 FR 23981, April 5, 2024), including the planned location and duration of the survev

The Gemini source was not included in the acoustic exposure modeling developed in support of the rule. However, the Gemini was described and evaluated in support of a previous LOA and we rely on that analysis here (88 FR 72739, October 23, 2023). We have determined there will be no effects of a magnitude or intensity different from those evaluated in support of the rules. NMFS expects that use of modeling results supporting the final rule are conservative as a proxy for use in evaluating potential impacts of use of the Gemini.

As discussed in the previous notice of issuance (89 FR 23981, April 5, 2024), no 3D OBN surveys were included in the modeled survey types, thus the coil proxy was selected. WesternGeco plans to cover approximately 69 square kilometers (km<sup>2</sup>) per day compared to the 144 km<sup>2</sup> in the coil proxy, and although WesternGeco is not proposing to perform a survey using the coil geometry, the coil proxy is most representative of the effort planned by WesternGeco in terms of predicted Level B harassment exposures. Additionally, WesternGeco anticipates using a single dual source vessel, either towing airgun array sources consisting of 28 elements, with a total volume of 5,240 cubic inches (in<sup>3</sup>; 0.086 cubic meters (m<sup>3</sup>)), or a Gemini enhanced frequency source (EFS) array. Therefore, the 5,110 in<sup>3</sup> proxy was selected.

The survey plan includes approximately 65 days, with 43 days in Zone 5 and 22 days in Zone 7. The monthly distribution of survey days is not known in advance, though we assume that the planned 65 days of source operation will occur contiguously. Take estimates for each species are based on the time period that produces the greatest value. There are no other changes to WesternGeco's planned activity.

For the Rice's whale, recent survey data, sightings, and acoustic data support Rice's whale occurrence in waters throughout the GOA between approximately 100 m and 400 m depth along the continental shelf break, and associated habitat-based density modeling has identified similar habitat (*i.e.*, approximately 100 to 400 m water depths along the continental shelf break) as being Rice's whale habitat (Garrison et al., 2023; Soldevilla et al., 2022, 2024). NMFS' 2024 final rule provided detailed discussion regarding Rice's whale habitat (see, e.g., 89 FR 31508, 31519).

Although Rice's whales may occur outside of the general depth range expected to provide suitable habitat, we expect that any such occurrence would be rare. WesternGeco's planned activities will occur in water depths of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pursuant to Executive Order 14172, "Restoring Names That Honor American Greatness," and Department of the Interior Secretarial Order 3423, "The Gulf of America," the body of water formerly known as the Gulf of Mexico is now called the Gulf of America. Accordingly, this **Federal Register** notice hereafter refers to the Gulf of America.

approximately 700 to 3,000 m in the central GOA. Thus, NMFS does not expect there to be the reasonable potential for take of Rice's whale in association with this survey and, accordingly, does not authorize take of Rice's whale through the LOA.

Based on the results of our analysis, NMFS has determined that the level of taking expected for this survey and authorized through the LOA is consistent with the findings made for the total taking allowable under the regulations. See table 1 in this notice and table 6 of the rule (89 FR 31488, April 24, 2024).

## **Small Numbers Determination**

Under the rule, NMFS may not authorize incidental take of marine mammals in an LOA if it will exceed "small numbers." In short, when an acceptable estimate of the individual marine mammals taken is available, if the estimated number of individual animals taken is up to, but not greater than, one-third of the best available abundance estimate, NMFS will determine that the numbers of marine mammals taken of a species or stock are small (see 89 FR 31535, May 24, 2024). For more information please see NMFS' discussion of small numbers in the 2021 final rule (86 FR 5438, January 19, 2021).

The take numbers for authorization are determined as described above. Subsequently, the total incidents of harassment for each species are multiplied by scalar ratios to produce a derived product that better reflects the number of individuals likely to be taken within a survey (as compared to the total number of instances of take), accounting for the likelihood that some individual marine mammals may be taken on more than 1 day (see 86 FR 5404, January 19, 2021). The output of this scaling, where appropriate, is incorporated into adjusted total take estimates that are the basis for NMFS' small numbers determinations, as depicted in table 1.

This product is used by NMFS in making the necessary small numbers determinations through comparison with the best available abundance estimates (see discussion at 86 FR 5391, January 19, 2021). For this comparison, NMFS' approach is to use the maximum theoretical population, determined through review of current stock assessment reports (SAR; https:// www.fisheries.noaa.gov/national/ marine-mammal-protection/marinemammal-stock-assessments) and modelpredicted abundance information (https://seamap.env.duke.edu/models/ *Duke/GOM/*). Information supporting the small numbers determinations is provided in table 1.

## TABLE 1—TAKE ANALYSIS

Species	Authorized take	Scaled take 1	Abundance <sup>2</sup>	Percent abundance
Rice's whale	0	n/a	51	0
Sperm whale	402	170	2,451	6.9
	<sup>з</sup> 167	50	1,385	4.4
Beaked whales	709	72	1,038	6.9
Rough-toothed dolphin	1,257	361	4,853	7.4
Bottlenose dolphin	1,152	331	166,538	0.2
Clymene dolphin	385	111	6,136	1.8
Atlantic spotted dolphin	367	105	21,506	0.5
Pantropical spotted dolphin	12,569	3607	50,209	7.2
Spinner dolphin	245	70	2,991	2.3
Striped dolphin	1,253	360	16,102	2.2
Fraser's dolphin	490	141	1,665	8.4
Risso's dolphin	359	106	1,974	5.4
Blackfish 4	1,611	475	9,535	5.0
Short-finned pilot whale	332	98	3,277	3.0

<sup>1</sup> Scalar ratios were applied to "Authorized Take" values as described at 86 FR 5322 and 86 FR 5404 (January 19, 2021) to derive scaled take numbers shown here.

<sup>2</sup>Best abundance estimate. For most taxa, the best abundance estimate for purposes of comparison with take estimates is considered here to be the model-predicted abundance (Garrison *et al.,* 2023). For Rice's whale, Atlantic spotted dolphin, spinner dolphin, and Risso's dolphin, the SAR abundance estimate is used.

<sup>3</sup> Includes 11 takes by Level A harassment and 156 takes by Level B harassment. Scalar ratio is applied to takes by Level B harassment only; small numbers determination made on basis of scaled Level B harassment take plus authorized Level A harassment take.

<sup>4</sup> The "blackfish" guild includes melon-headed whales, false killer whales, pygmy killer whales, and killer whales.

Based on the analysis contained herein of WesternGeco's proposed survey activity described in its LOA application, as subsequently modified by WesternGeco, and the anticipated take of marine mammals, NMFS finds that small numbers of marine mammals will be taken relative to the affected species or stock sizes (*i.e.*, less than onethird of the best available abundance estimate) and therefore the taking is of no more than small numbers.

# Authorization

NMFS has determined that the level of taking for this LOA request is consistent with the findings made for the total taking allowable under the incidental take regulations and that the amount of take authorized under the LOA is of no more than small numbers. Accordingly, we have issued a modification to the LOA to WesternGeco authorizing the take of marine mammals incidental to its geophysical survey activity, as described above.

Dated: April 24, 2025.

#### Catherine Marzin,

Acting Director, Office of Protected Resources, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 2025–07442 Filed 4–29–25; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

## DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

#### National Assessment Governing Board

## Committee and Quarterly Board Meetings

**AGENCY:** National Assessment Governing Board, Department of Education.

**ACTION:** Notice of open and closed meetings.

**SUMMARY:** This notice sets forth the agenda, time, and instructions to access the National Assessment Governing Board's (hereafter referred to as the